

Regional Remittances Profiles

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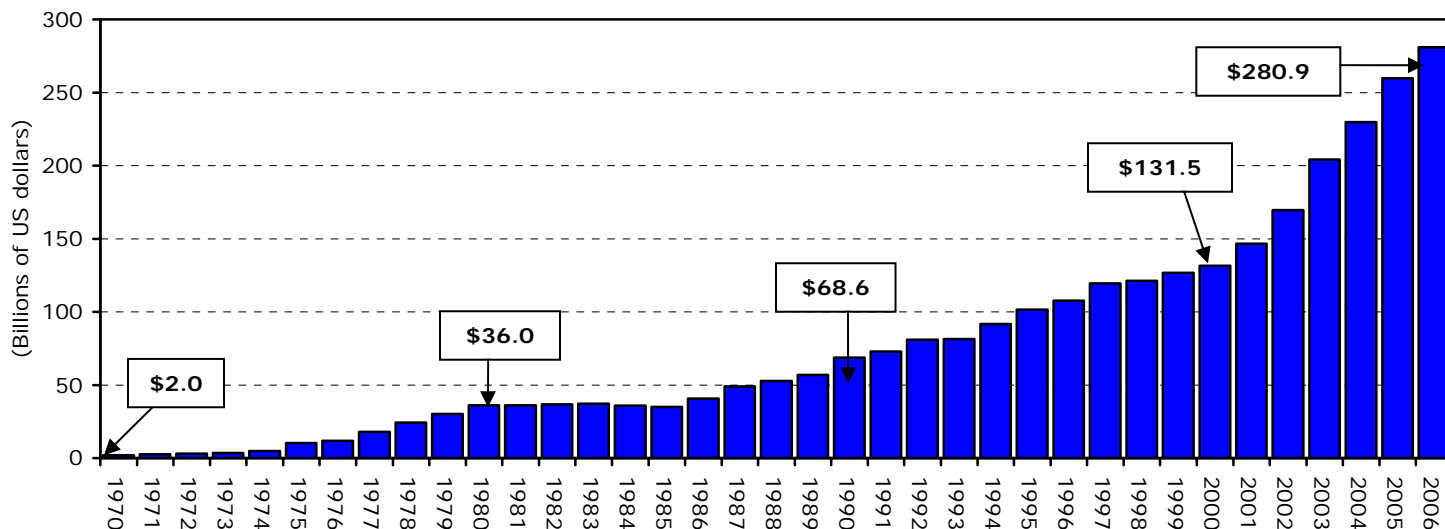
(Click on the above text to see remittances profile.)

Regional Remittances Profiles



Remittances Profile: **World**

Formal Inward Remittance Flows

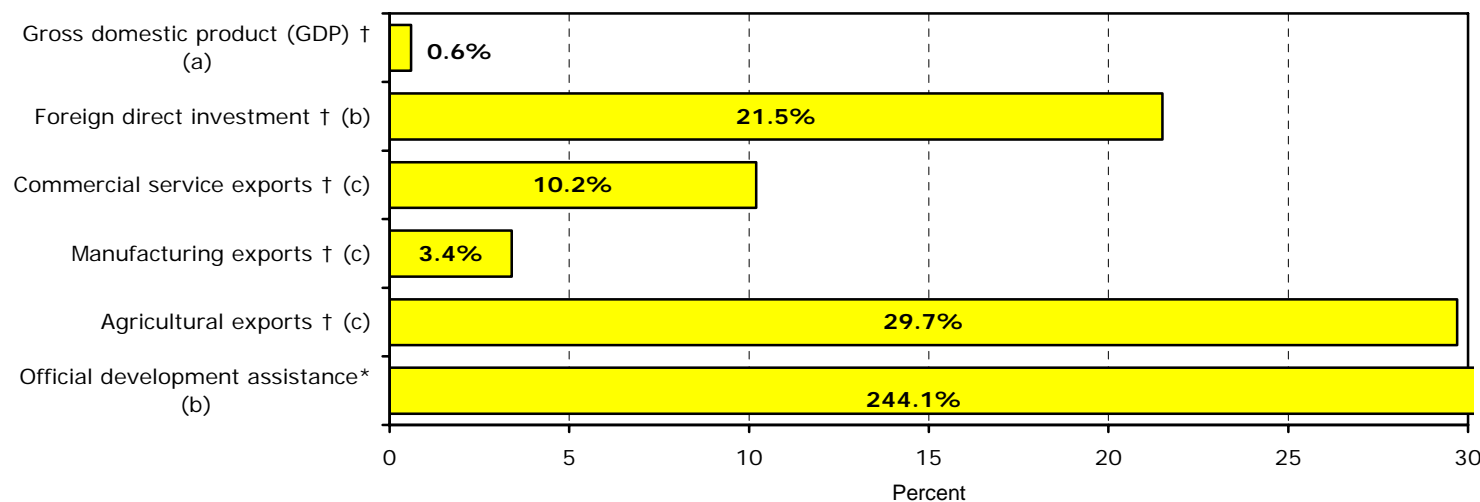


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Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total migrants ^a	190,600,000
Estimated share of migrants from developing countries (ca. 2005) ^b	82%
Estimated share of migrants from High-income OECD countries (ca. 2005) ^b	16%
Estimated share of migrants from High-income non-OECD countries (ca. 2005) ^b	2%
Total refugees (2006) ^c	9,877,707

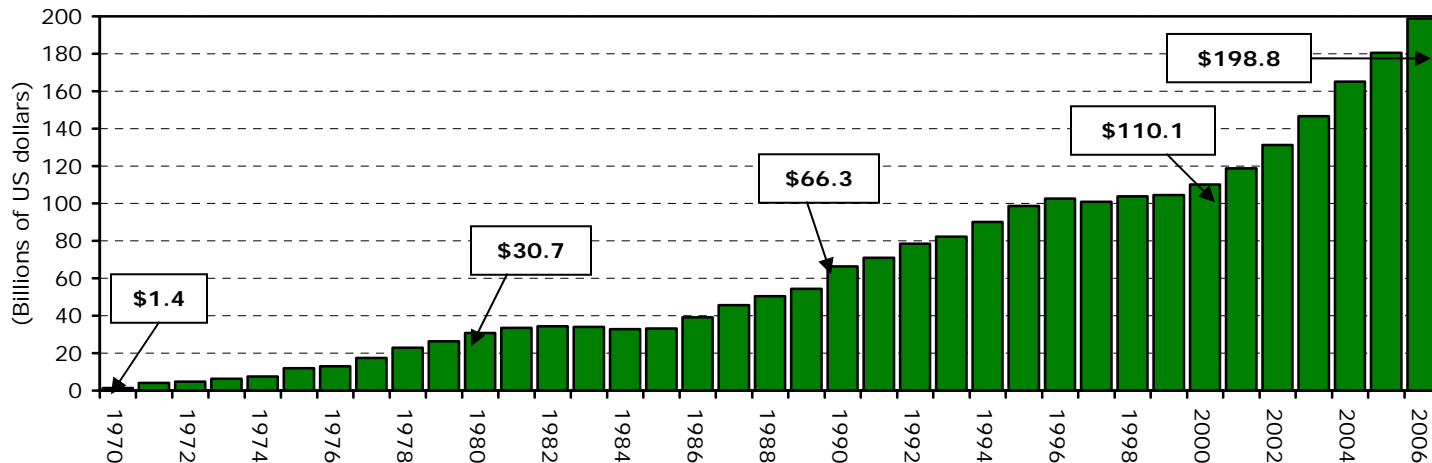
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Ratha and Shaw 2007](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#)

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	6,602,224,175
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.2%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	65.82 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	43.52
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$10,200
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	5.3%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	107.3
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	24.3

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

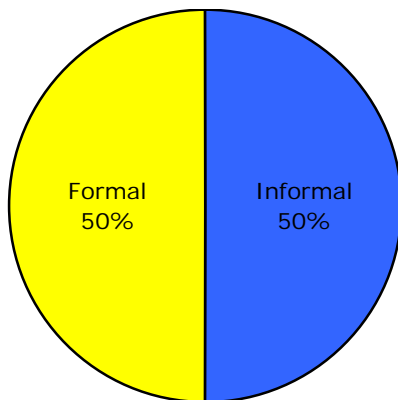
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



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Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: World Bank, [Global Economic Prospects 2006: Economic Implications of Remittances and Migration](#), (Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006).

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Agunias, Dovelyn Rannveig. [Remittances and Development: Trends, Impacts, and Policy Options – A Review of the Literature](#). Washington, DC: Migration Policy Institute, 2006.
- Newland, Kathleen and Erin Patrick. [Beyond Remittances: The Role of Diaspora in Poverty Reduction in their Countries of Origin](#). Washington, DC: Migration Policy Institute, 2004.
- Ratha, Dilip. [Leveraging Remittances for Development](#). Washington, DC: Migration Policy Institute, 2007.

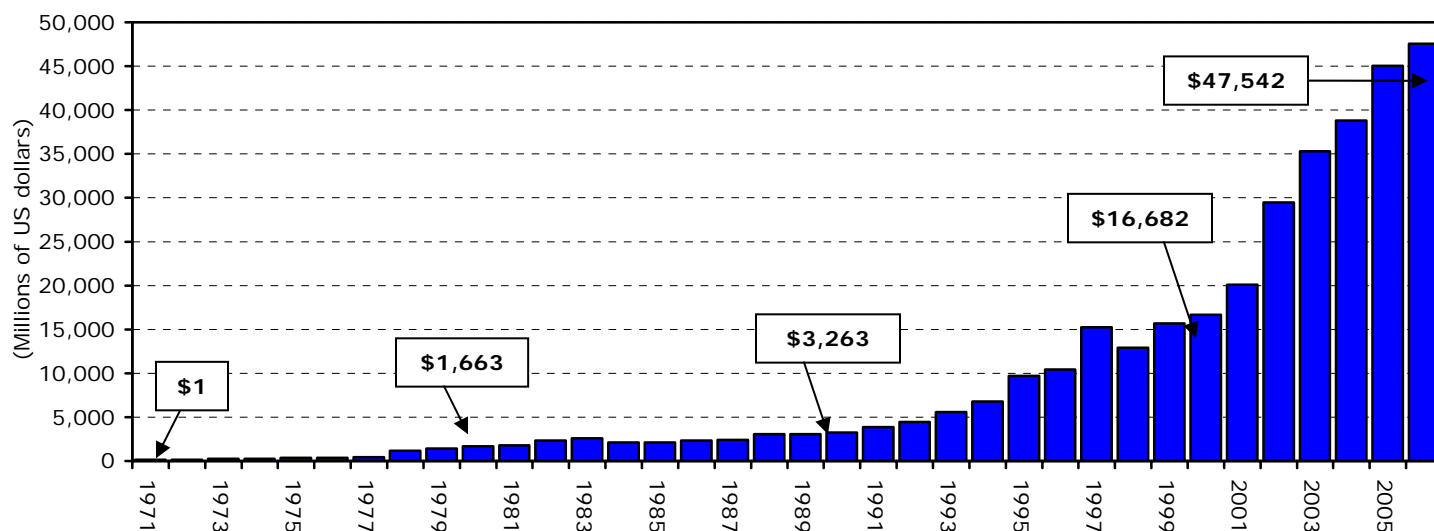
Additional Resources

- World Bank. [Global Economic Prospects 2006: Economic Implications of Remittances and Migration](#). Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006.
- World Bank Development Prospects Group. [Migration and Remittances Factbook](#). Washington, DC: World Bank, 2007.

Remittances Profile: East Asia and the Pacific

(Following [World Bank regional classifications](#), excludes high income countries.)

Formal Inward Remittance Flows

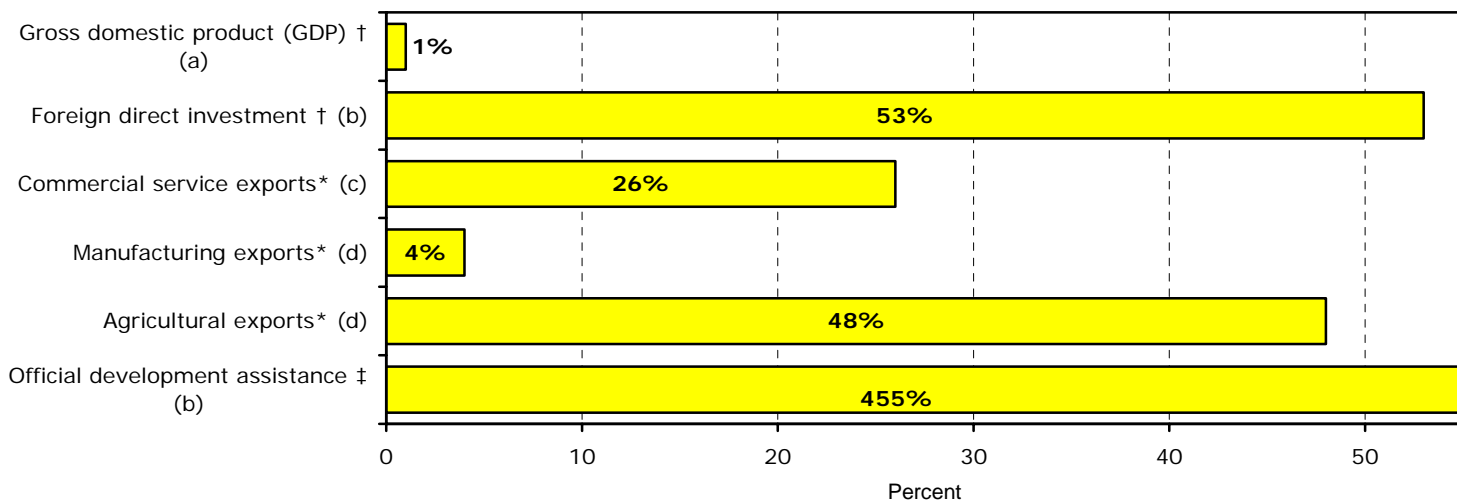


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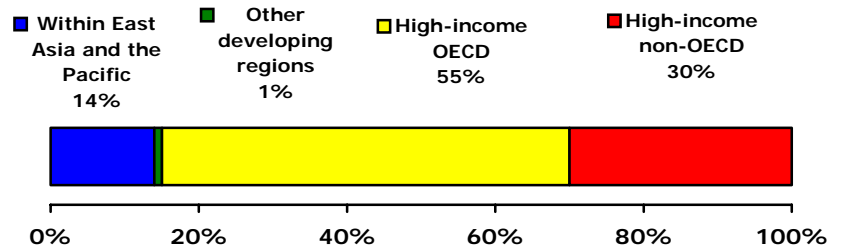
Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration

Total population (2006) ^a	1,899,569,187
Annual population growth (2006) ^b	0.8%
Total immigrants (2005) ^b	7,688,159
Total emigrants (2005) ^c	19.3 million
Total refugees (2006) ^d	484,364
Life expectancy at birth (2005) ^a	70.7 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2005) ^a	26.4

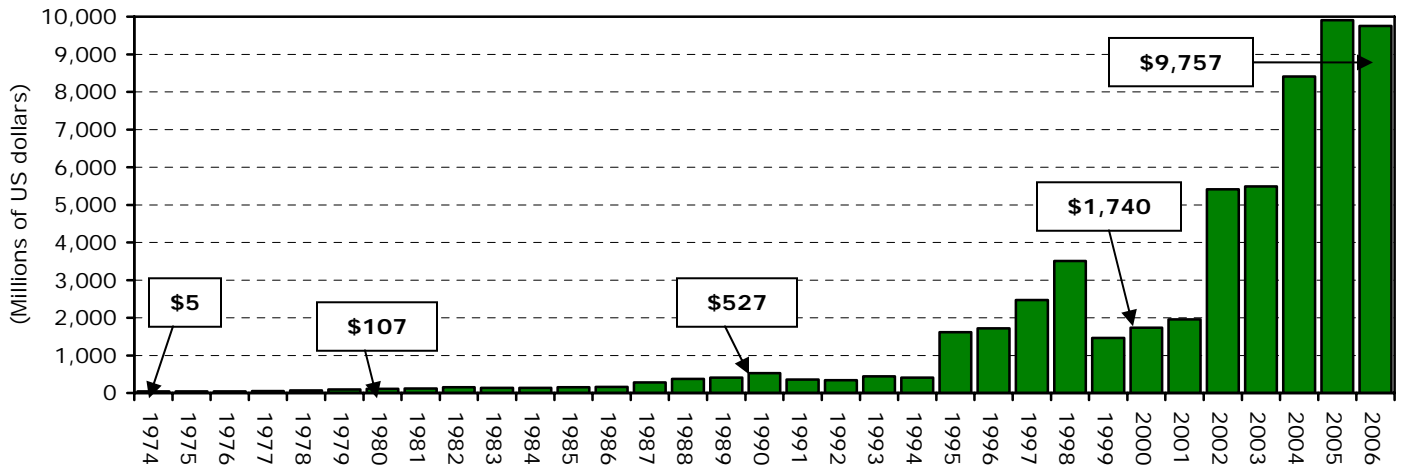
Sources: ^a [World Development Indicators 2006](#), ^b [UN Population Division](#), ^c [Development Prospects Group](#), ^d [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#).

Estimated Emigrant Stock by Destination



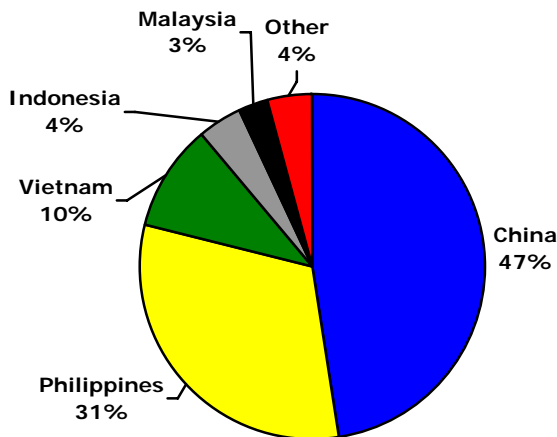
Note: See methodology in [Ratha and Shaw 2007](#).
Source: University of Sussex and the World Bank.

Formal Outward Remittance Flows



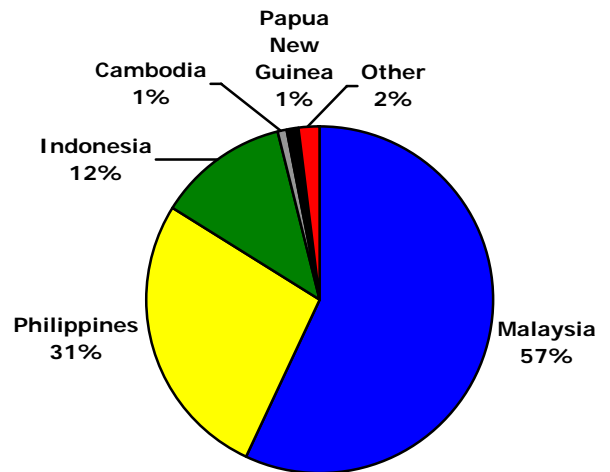
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Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows by Country, 2006 (percent)*



*Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes American Samoa and Timor-Leste.
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Outflows by Country, 2006 (percent)*

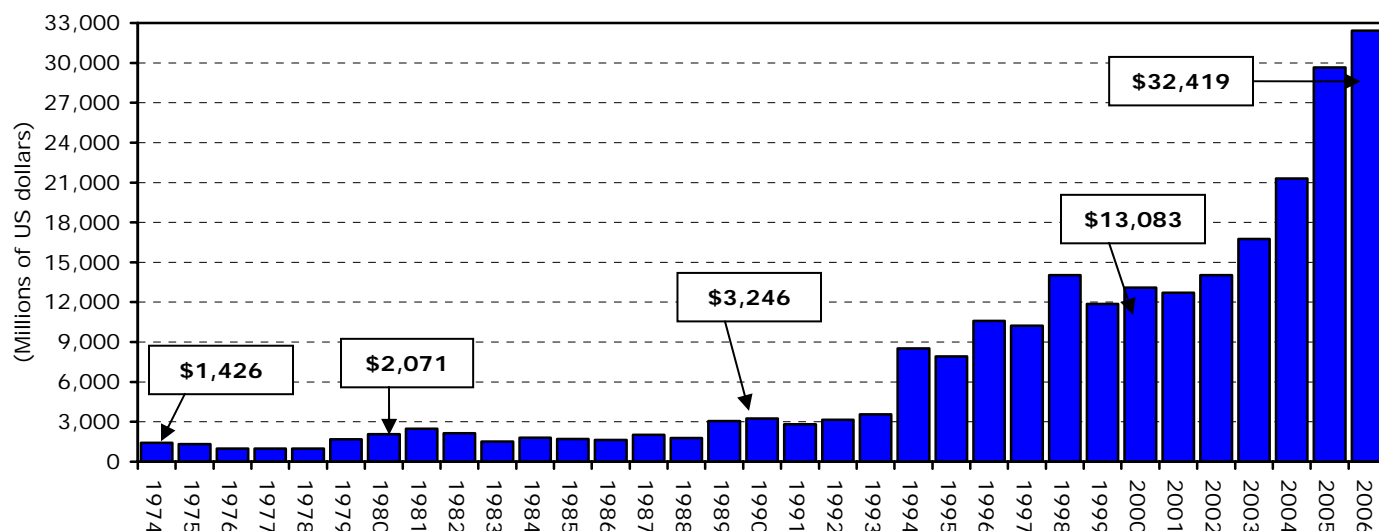


*Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes American Samoa, Thailand, and Timor-Leste.
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittances Profile: Europe and Central Asia

(Following [World Bank regional classifications](#), excludes high income countries.)

Formal Inward Remittance Flows

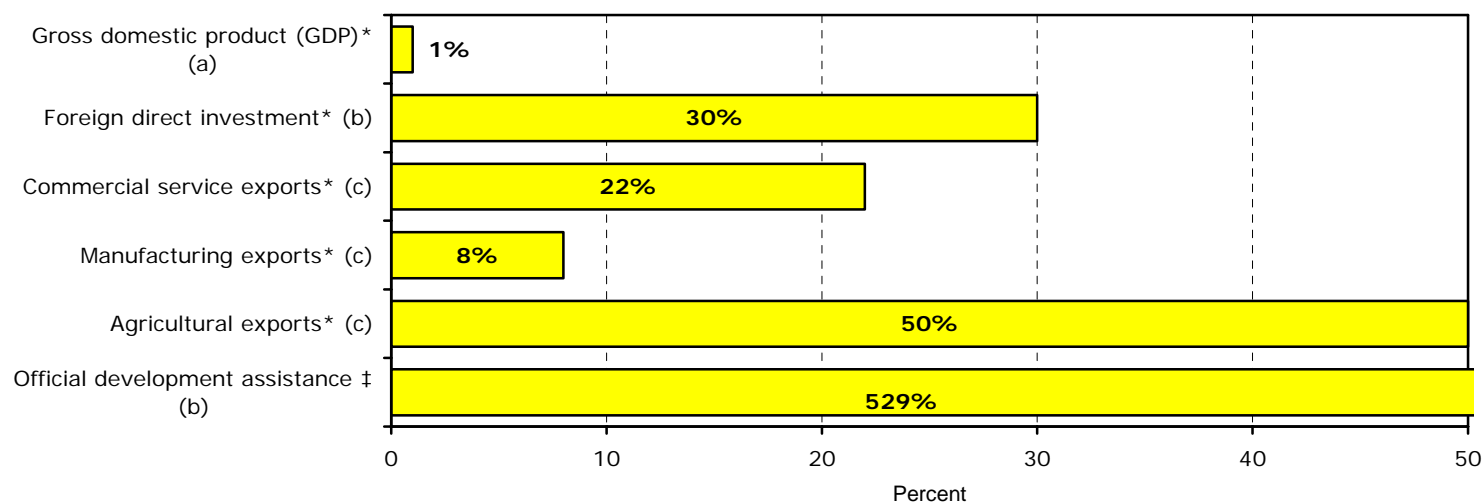


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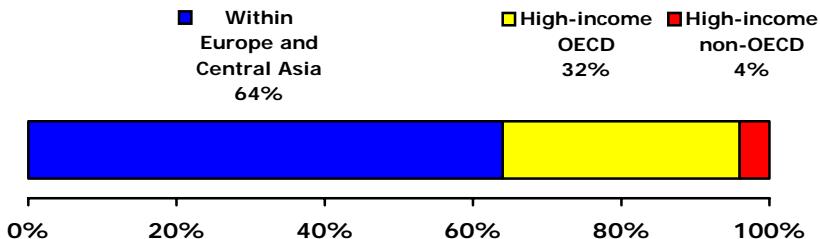
Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration

Total population (2006) ^a	459,992,290
Annual population growth (2006) ^b	0.01%
Total immigrants (2005) ^b	29,398,281
Total emigrants (2005) ^c	47.6 million
Total refugees (2006) ^d	273,307
Life expectancy at birth (2005) ^a	69.0 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2005) ^a	27.5

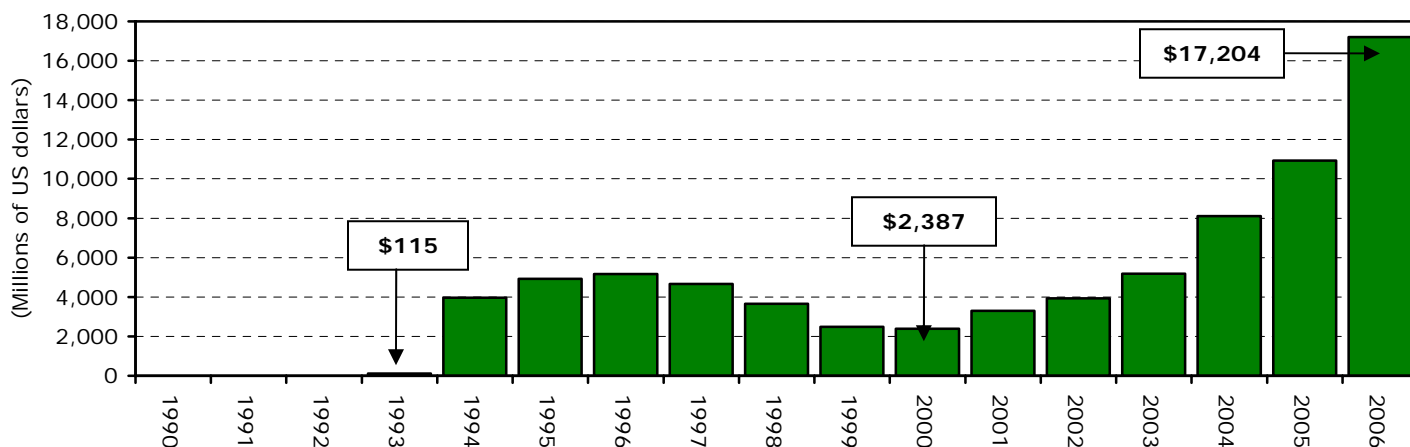
Sources: ^a [World Development Indicators 2006](#), ^b [UN Population Division](#), ^c [Development Prospects Group](#), ^d [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#).

Estimated Emigrant Stock by Destination



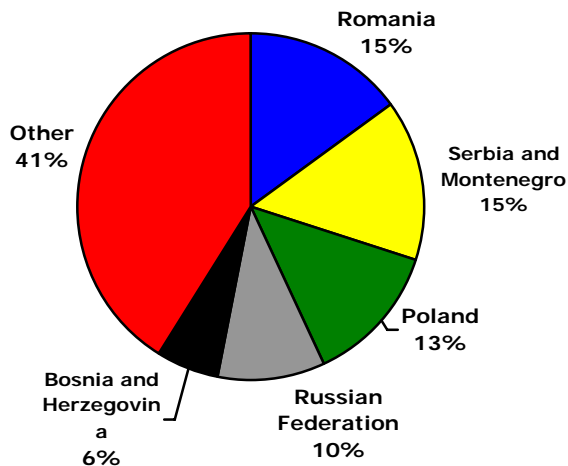
Note: See methodology in [Ratha and Shaw 2007](#).
Source: University of Sussex and the World Bank.

Formal Outward Remittance Flows



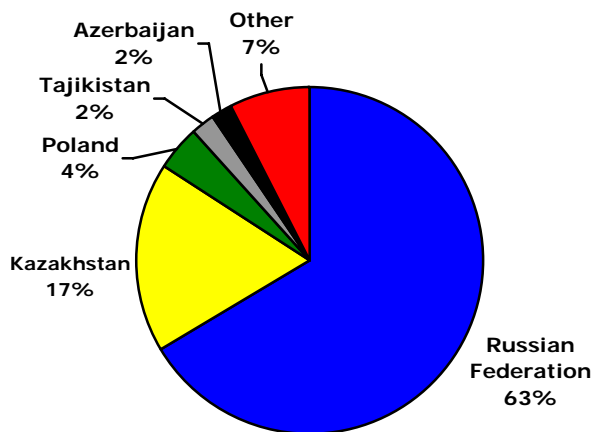
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Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows by Country, 2006 (percent) *



*Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan.
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Outflows by Country, 2006 (percent) *

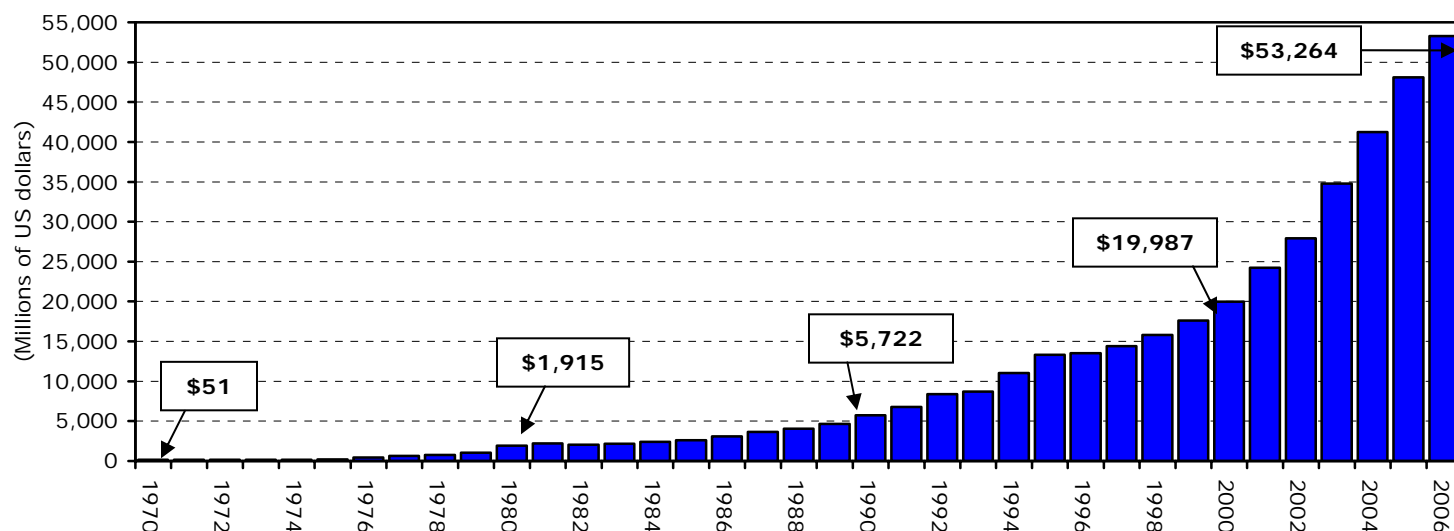


*Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Serbia and Montenegro, Turkey, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan.
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittances Profile: Latin America and the Caribbean

(Following [World Bank regional classifications](#), excludes high income countries.)

Formal Inward Remittance Flows

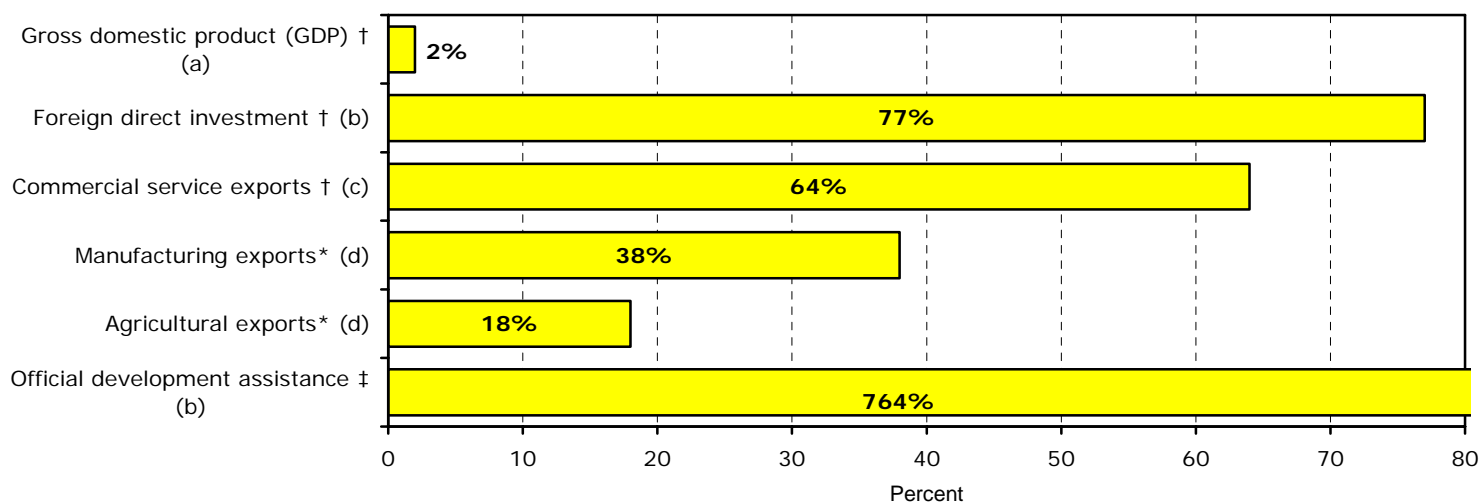


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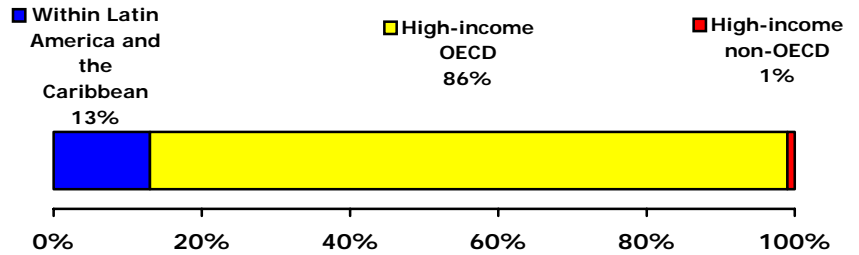
Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration

Total population (2006) ^a	555916173
Annual population growth (2006) ^b	1.3%
Total immigrants (2005) ^b	5,713,067
Total emigrants (2005) ^c	28.3 million
Total refugees (2006) ^d	42,484
Life expectancy at birth (2005) ^a	72.5 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2005) ^a	26.2

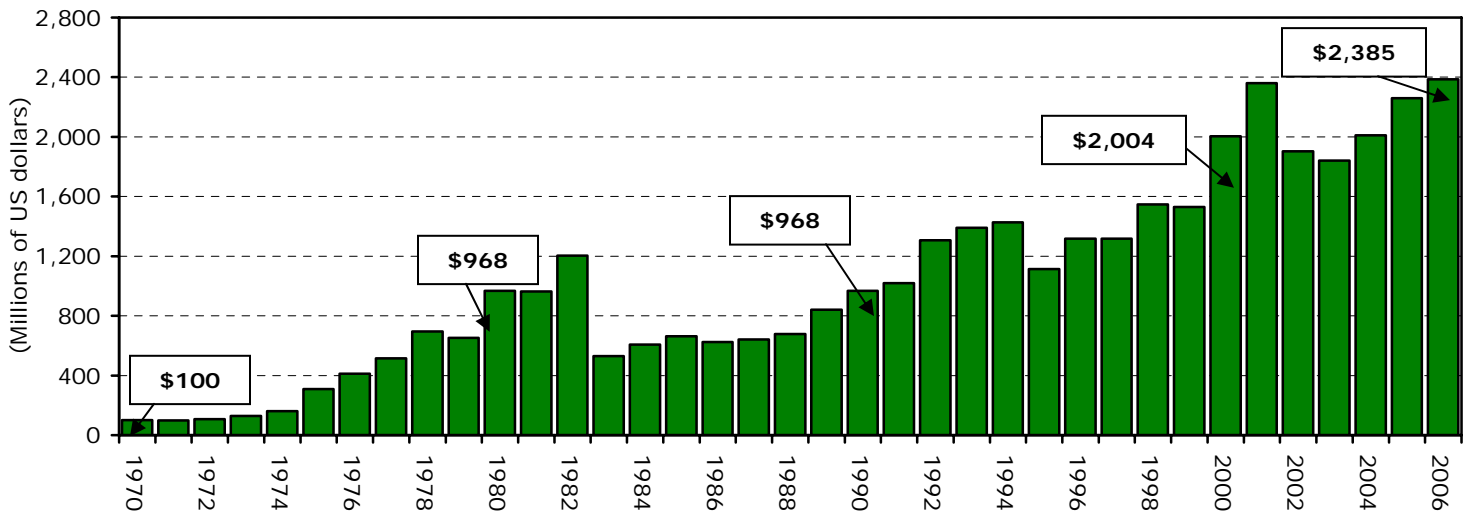
Sources: ^a [World Development Indicators 2006](#), ^b [UN Population Division](#), ^c [Development Prospects Group](#), ^d [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#).

Estimated Emigrant Stock by Destination



Note: See methodology in [Ratha and Shaw 2007](#).
Source: University of Sussex and the World Bank.

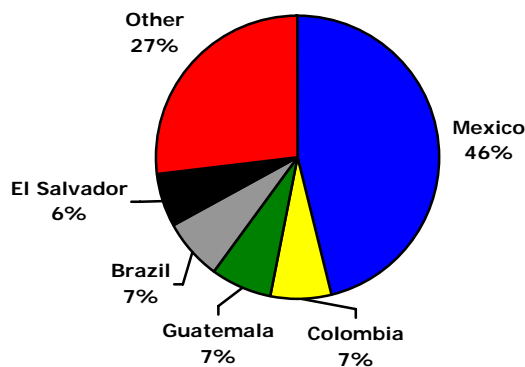
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Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

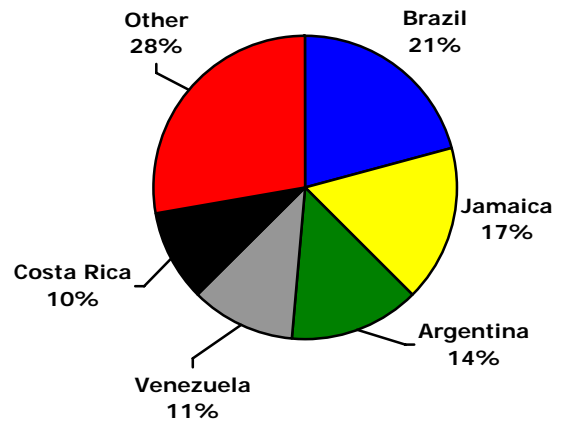
Remittance Inflows by County, 2006 (percent) *



* Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Cuba.

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Outflows by County, 2006 (percent) *



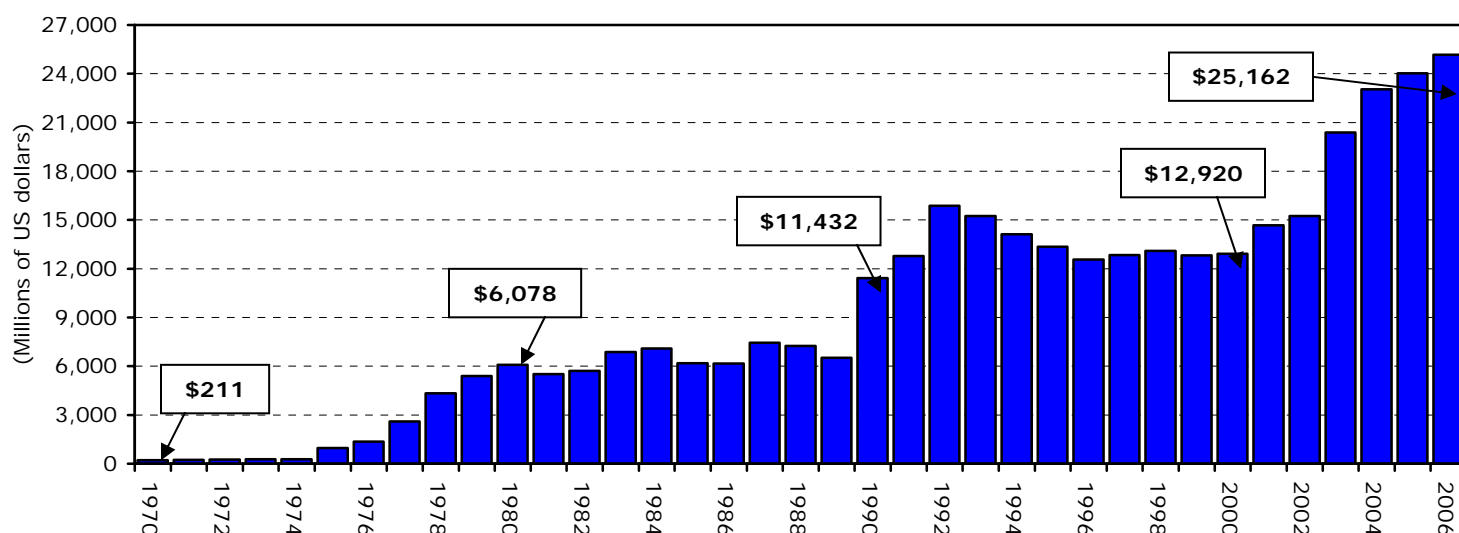
* Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Cuba, Mexico, Nicaragua, and Paraguay.

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittances Profile: Middle East and North Africa

(Following [World Bank regional classifications](#), excludes high income countries.)

Formal Inward Remittance Flows

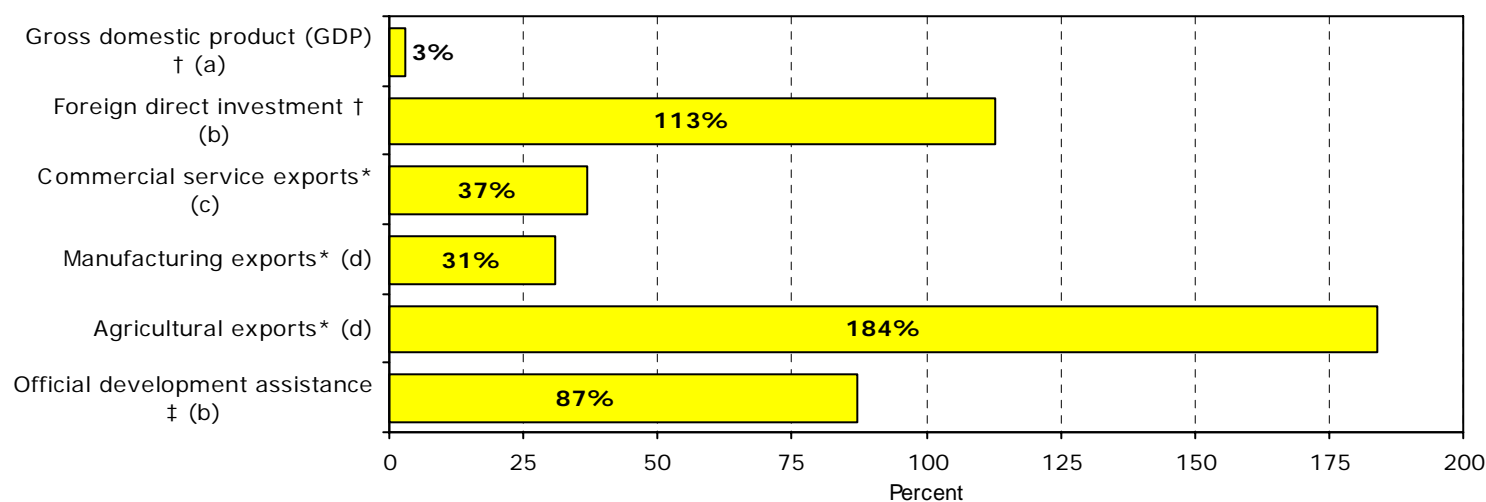


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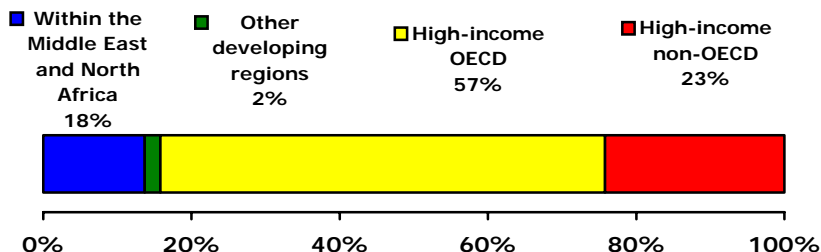
Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration

Total population (2006) ^a	310,977,962
Annual population growth (2006) ^b	1.7%
Total immigrants (2005) ^b	9,641,646
Total emigrants (2005) ^c	12.9 million
Total refugees (2006) ^d	1,555,703
Life expectancy at birth (2005) ^a	69.7 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2005) ^a	43.2

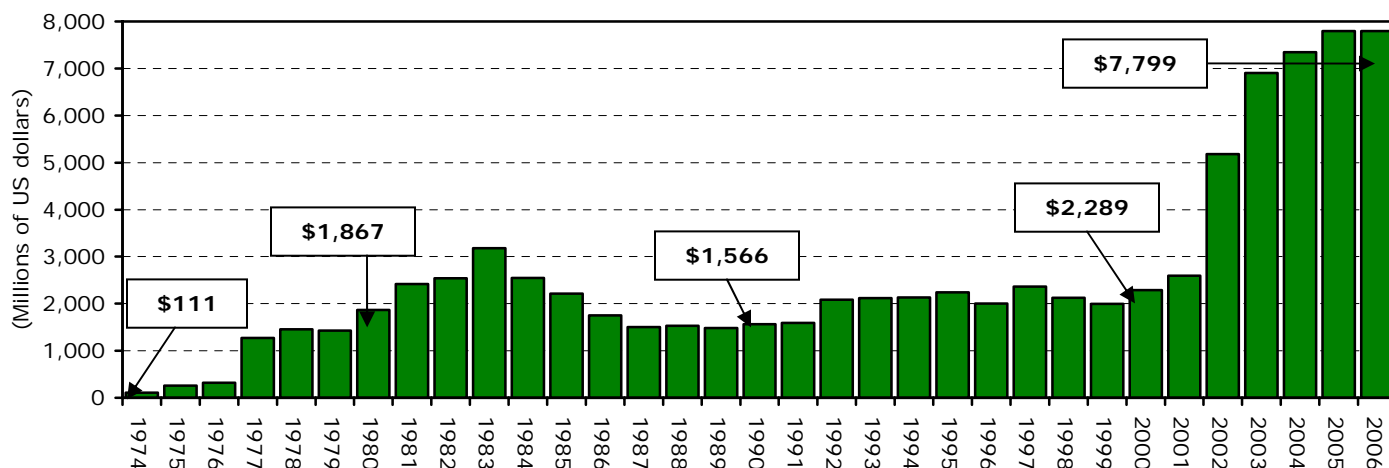
Sources: ^a [World Development Indicators 2006](#), ^b [UN Population Division](#), ^c [Development Prospects Group](#), ^d [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#).

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Source: University of Sussex and the World Bank.

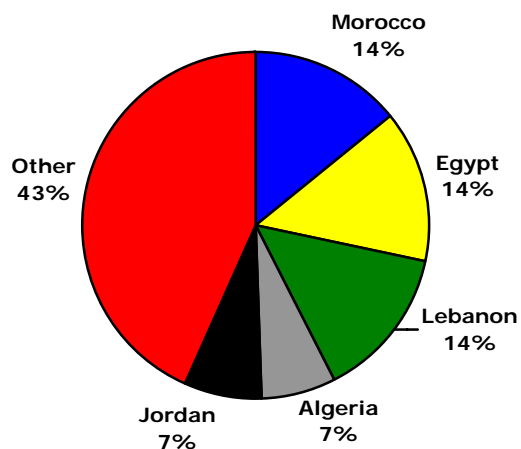
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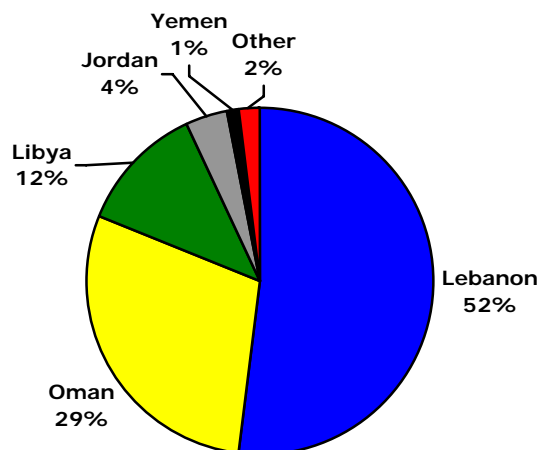
Remittance Inflows by Country, 2006 (percent) *



* Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Djibouti and Iraq.

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Outflows by Country, 2006 (percent) *

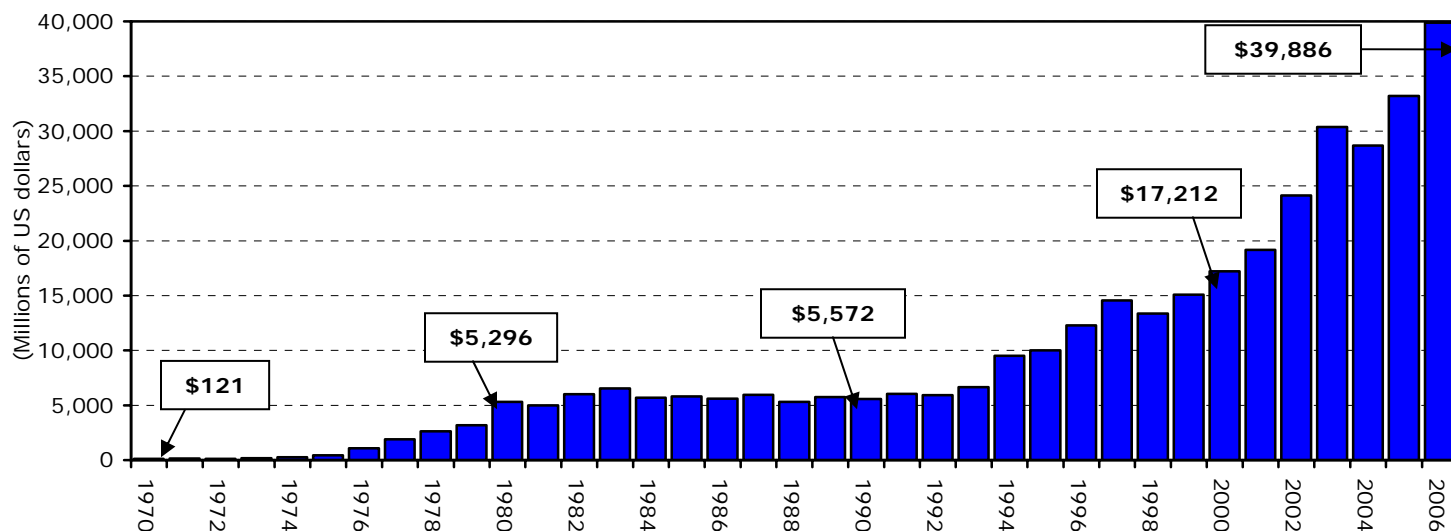


* Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Algeria, Djibouti, and the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittances Profile: South Asia

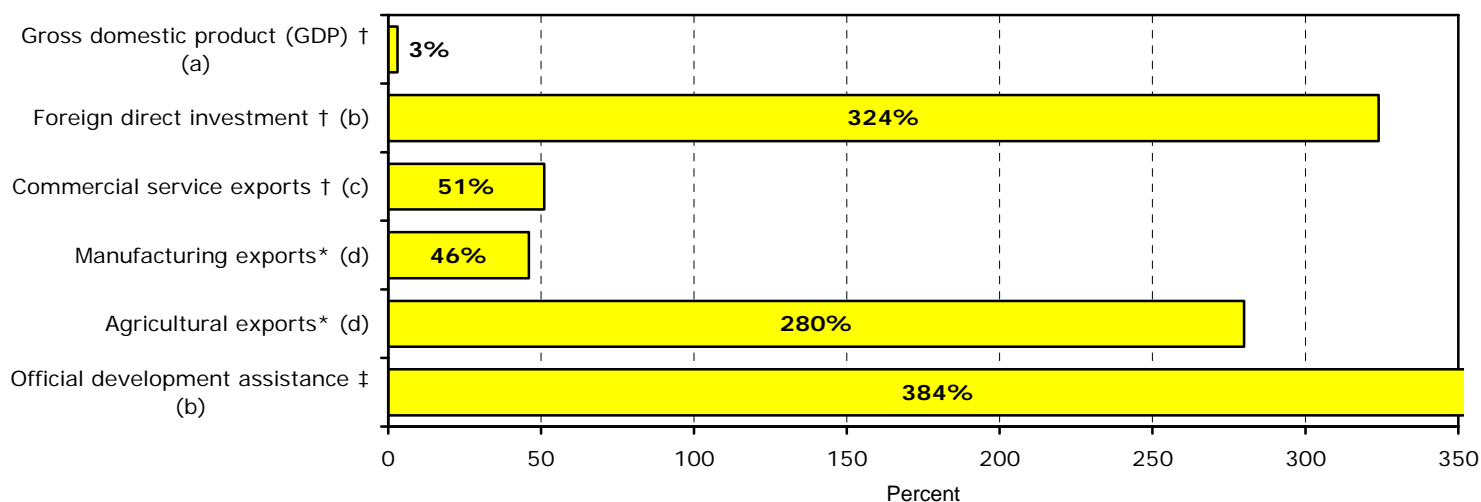
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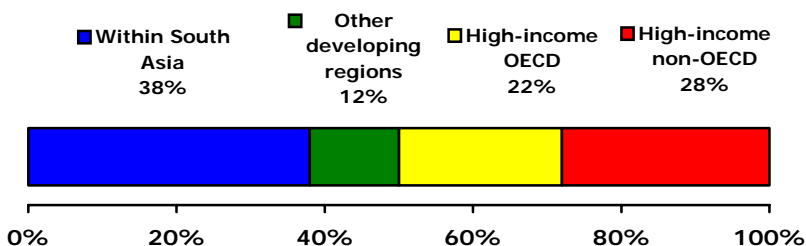
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International Migration

Total population (2006) ^a	1,492,518,347
Annual population growth (2006) ^b	1.6%
Total immigrants (2005) ^b	11,229,229
Total emigrants (2005) ^c	22.1 million
Total refugees (2006) ^d	1,357,349
Life expectancy at birth (2005) ^a	63.5 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2005) ^a	62.0

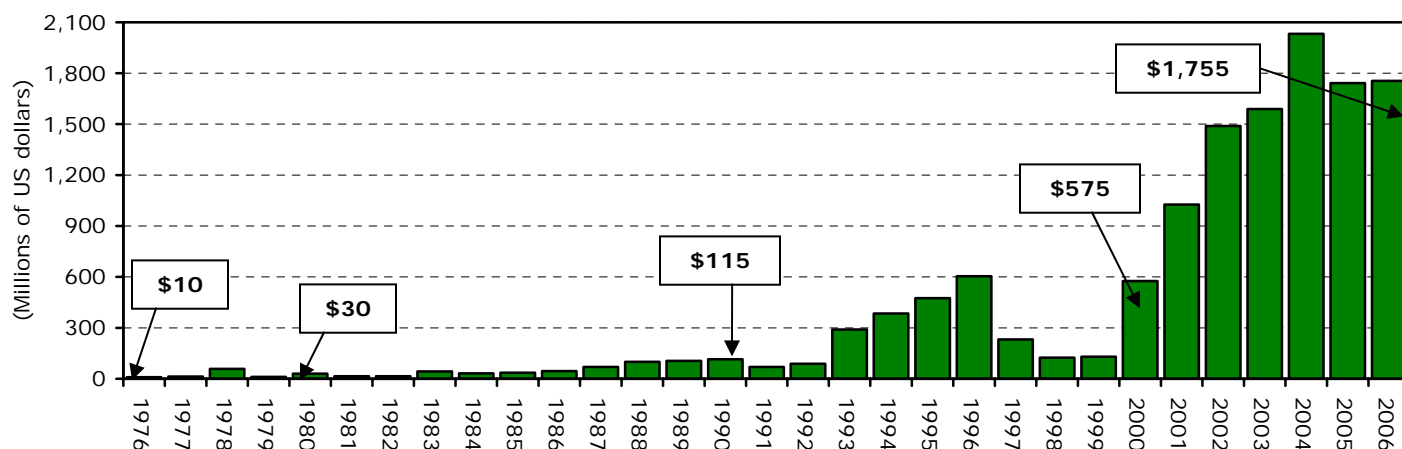
Sources: ^a [World Development Indicators 2006](#), ^b [UN Population Division](#), ^c [Development Prospects Group](#), ^d [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#).

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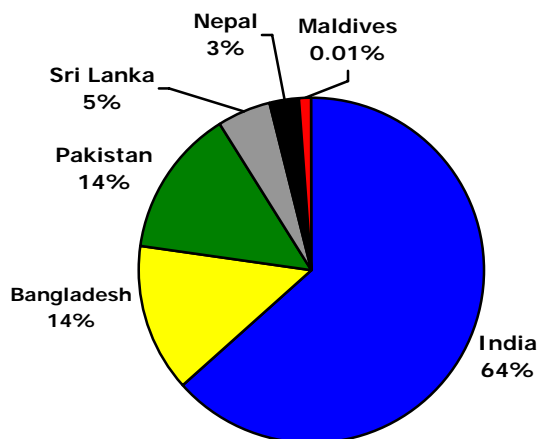
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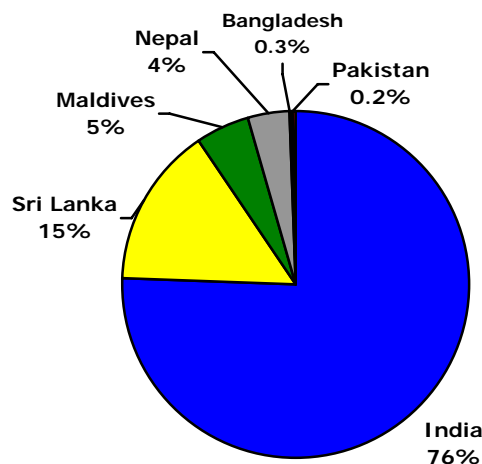
Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1976. For data on individual countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows by Country, 2006 (percent) *



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Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

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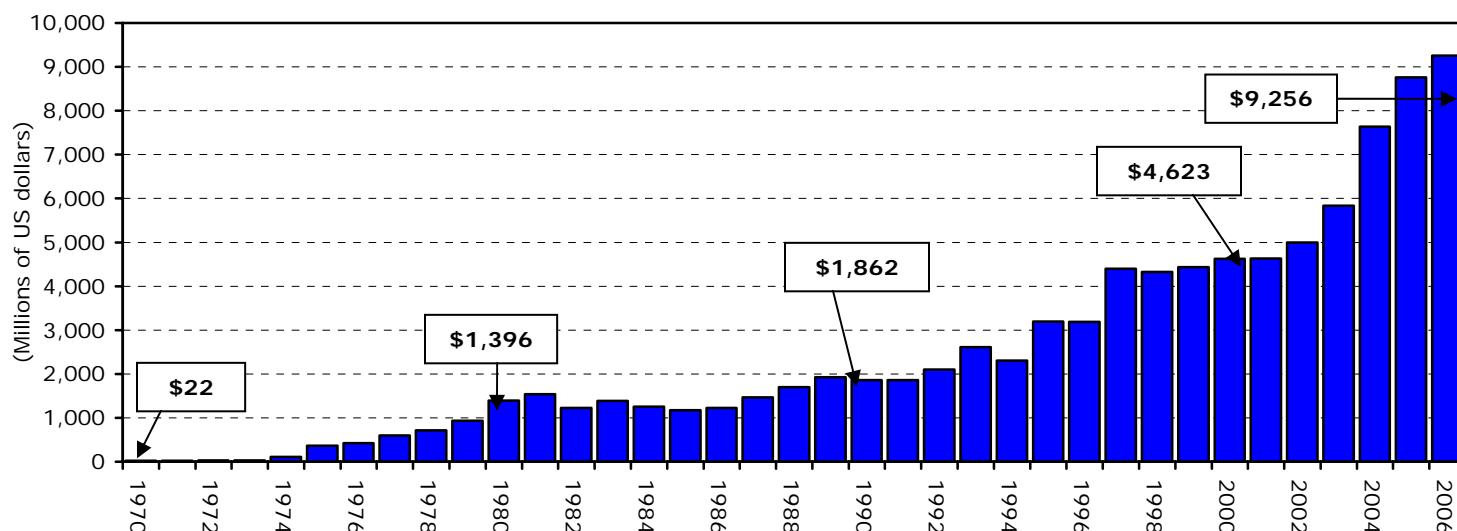


*Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Afghanistan and Bhutan.
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittances Profile: Sub-Saharan Africa

(Following [World Bank regional classifications](#), excludes high income countries.)

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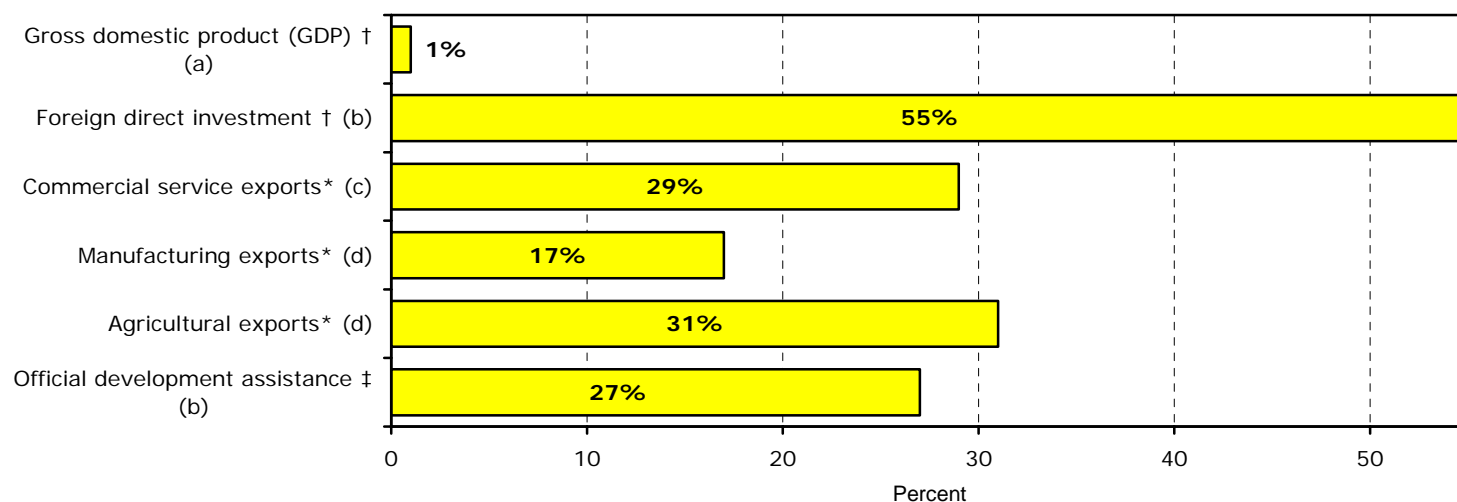


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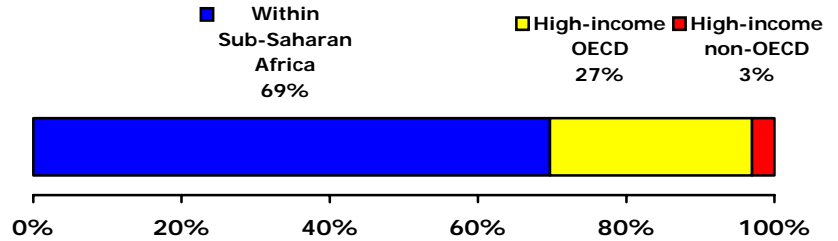
Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration

Total population (2006) ^a	770,252,101
Annual population growth (2006) ^a	2.3%
Total immigrants (2005) ^b	15,706,340
Total emigrants (2005) ^c	15.9 million
Total refugees (2006) ^d	1,947,611
Life expectancy at birth (2005) ^a	47.2 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2005) ^a	96.4

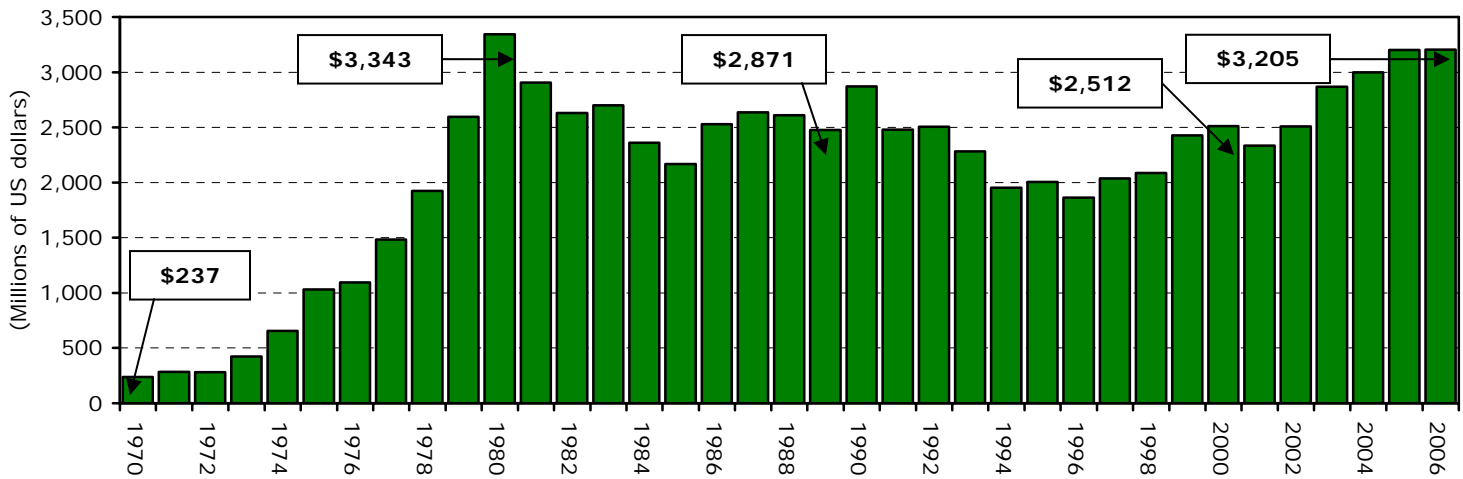
Sources: ^a [World Development Indicators 2006](#), ^b [UN Population Division](#), ^c [Development Prospects Group](#), ^d [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#).

Estimated Emigrant Stock by Destination



Note: See methodology in [Ratha and Shaw 2007](#).
Source: University of Sussex and the World Bank.

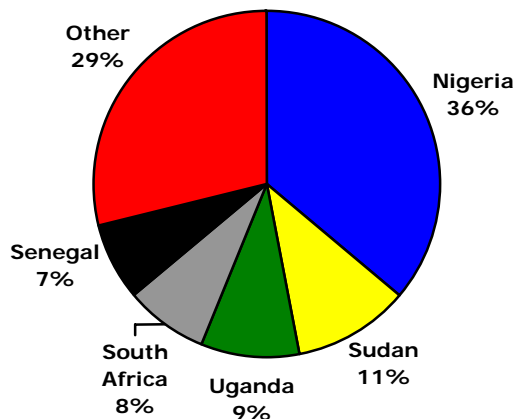
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. Annual estimates of regional flows are based on countries in the region for which data is available in any given year. No data is available for years prior to 1970. For data on individual countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

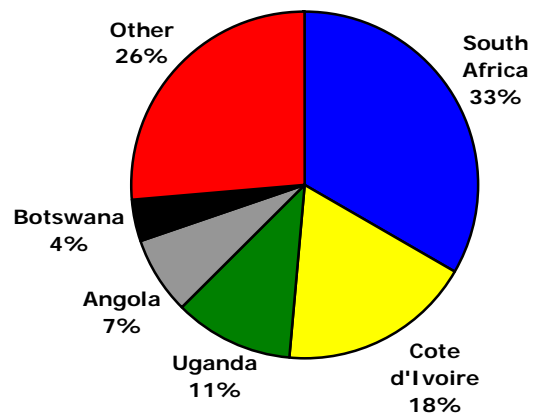
Remittance Inflows by Country, 2006 (percent)*



*Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Angola, Somalia, and Zimbabwe.

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Outflows by Country, 2006 (percent)*



*Includes only countries for which data is available. Excludes Equatorial Guinea and Mayotte.

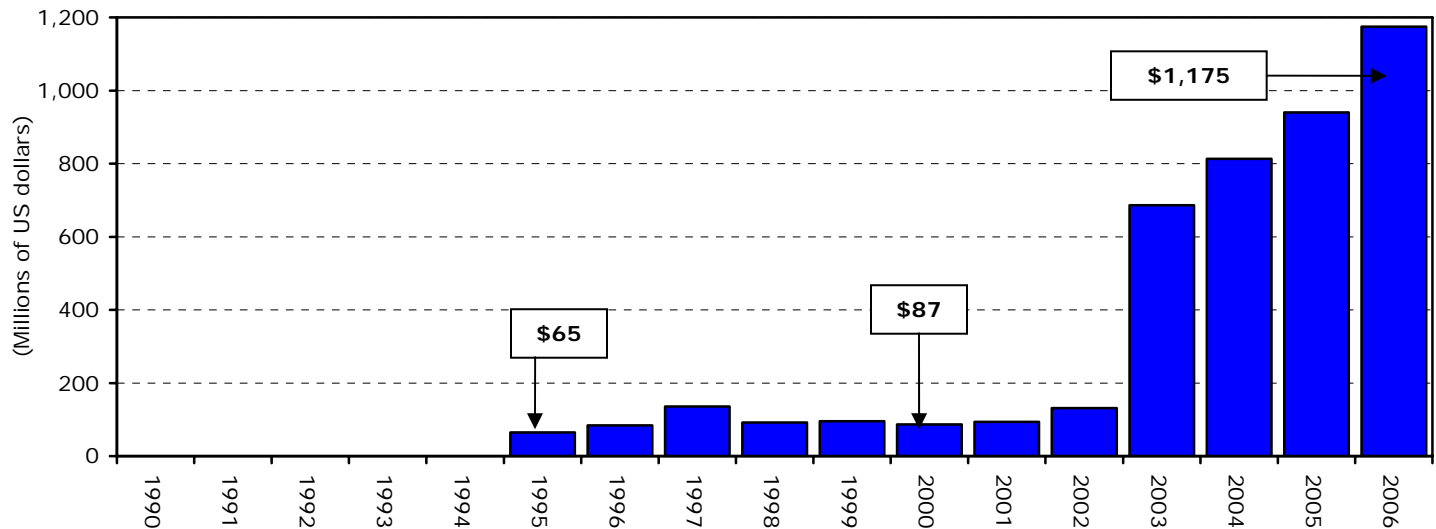
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Country Remittances Profiles

Remittances Profile: Armenia



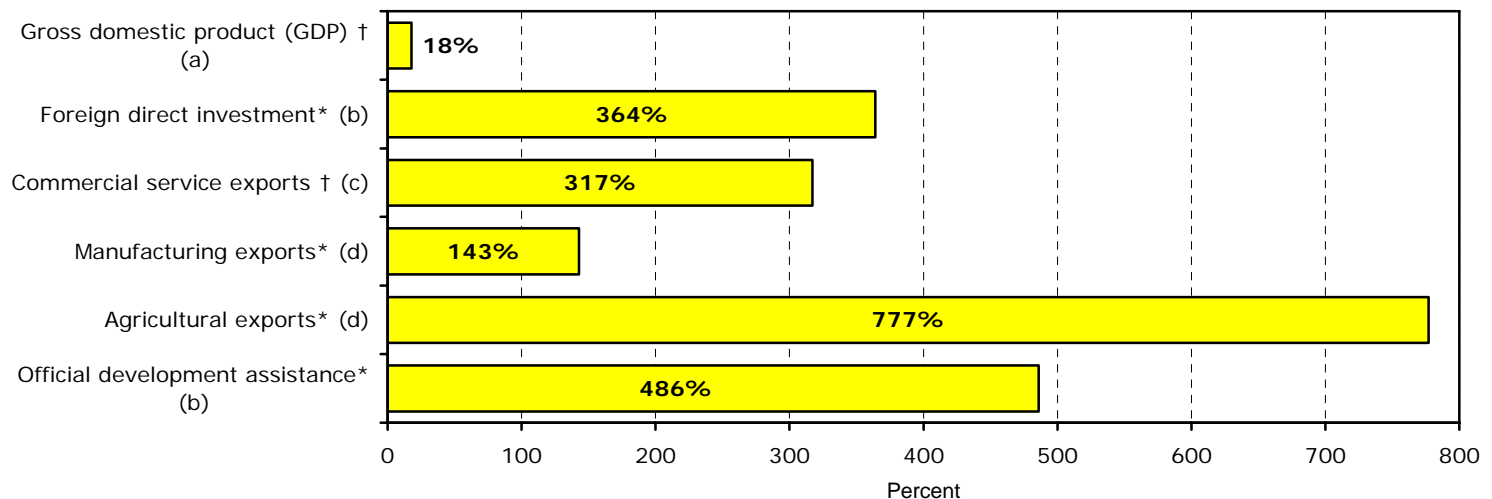
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1995. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	235,235
Total emigrants ^b	812,700
Total refugees (2006) ^c	113,714
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	11.2%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Raise

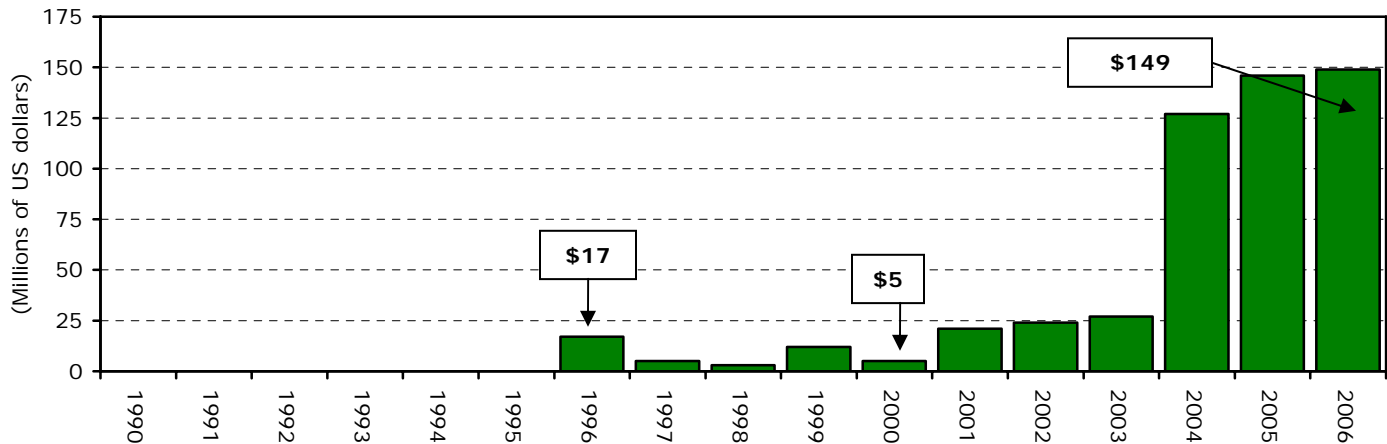
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	2,971,650
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	-0.1%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	72.1
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	21.7
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$5,700
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	13.4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	93.7
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	28.0

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

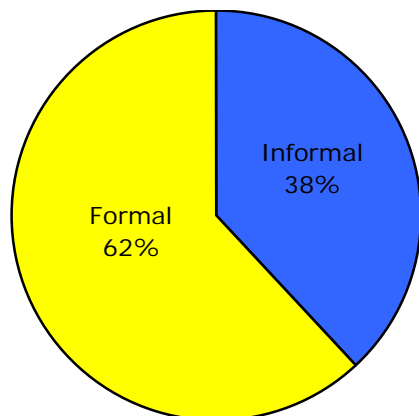
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1996. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: C. Freund and N. Spatafora, "[Remittances: Transaction Costs, Determinants, and Informal Flows](#)," World Bank Policy Research Paper 3704, September 2005.

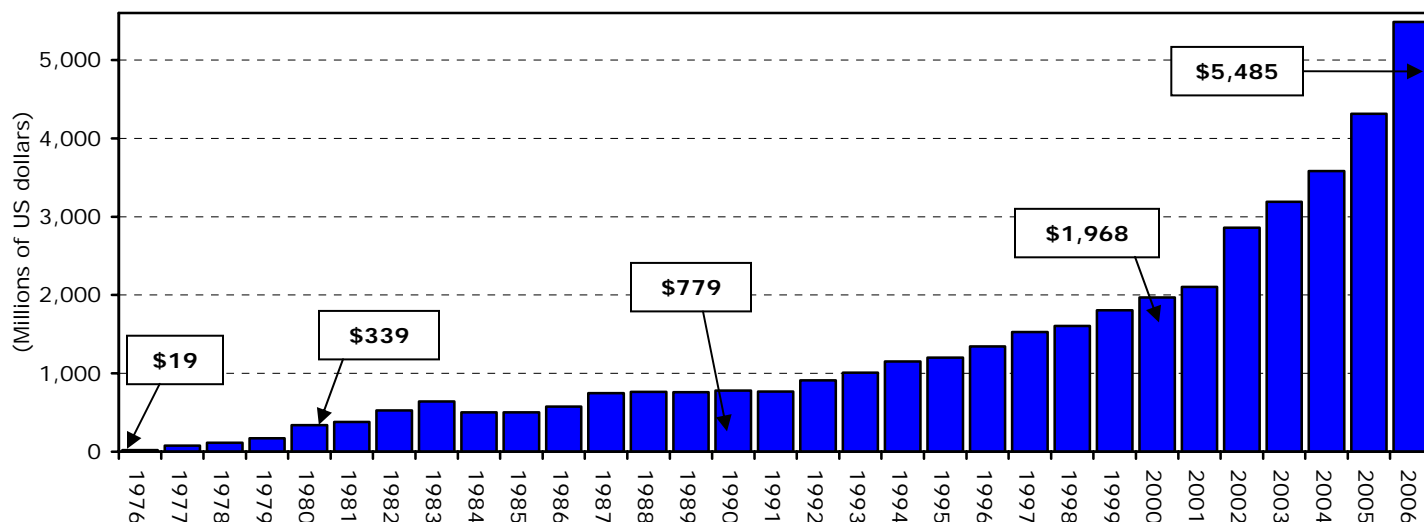
Further Resources

- Asian Development Bank. [Asian Development Outlook 2006](#). Manila, 2006.
- Hergnyan, Manuk and Anna Makaryan. "[The Role of the Diaspora in Generating Foreign Direct Investments in Armenia](#)." Economy and Values Research Center and Caucasus Research Resource Centers of the Eurasia Foundation, 2006.
- Mansour, Ali and Bryce Quillin (eds). [Migration and Remittances in Eastern Europe and the Former Soviet Union](#). Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006.
- Roberts, Bryan W. and King Banaian. "[Remittances in Armenia: Size, Impacts, and Measures to Enhance Their Contribution to Development](#)." USAID/Armenia final report, October 2004.



Remittances Profile: Bangladesh

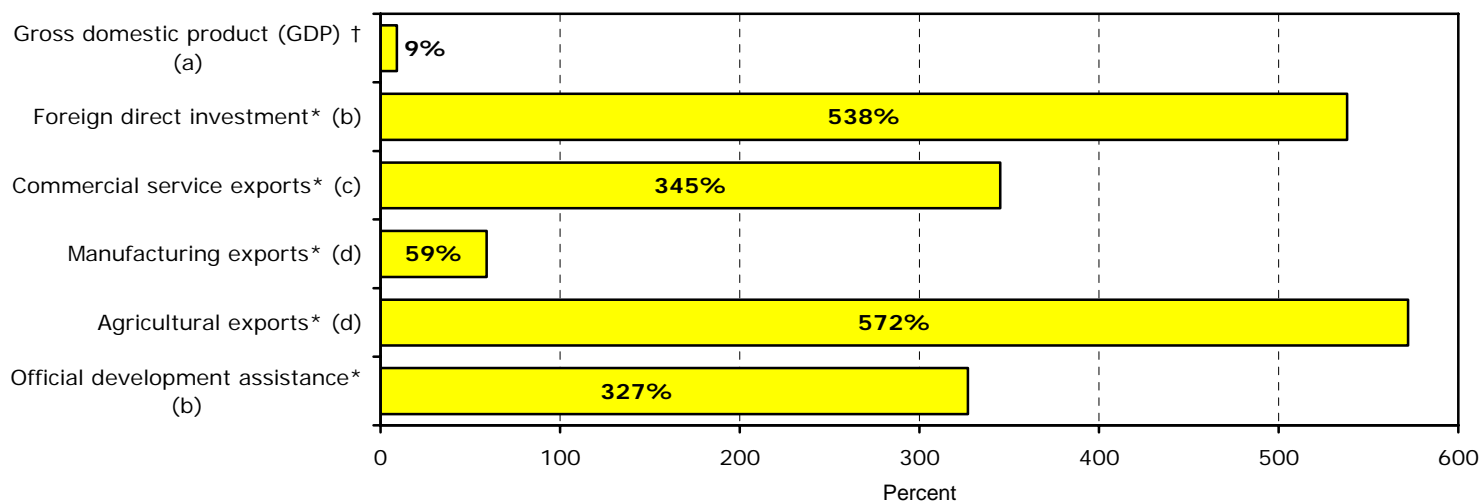
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1976. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	1,031,850
Total emigrants ^b	4,885,704
Total refugees (2006) ^c	26,311
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	4.7%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Raise
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower

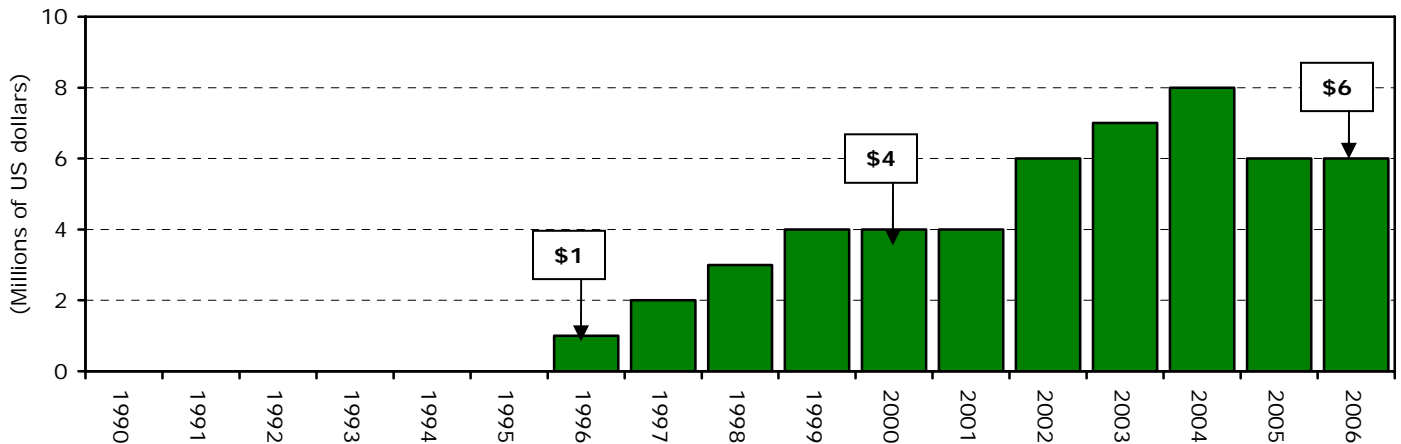
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	150,448,339
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	2.1%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	62.8 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	59.1
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$2,300
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	6.4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2000) ^a	108.9
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	6.5

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

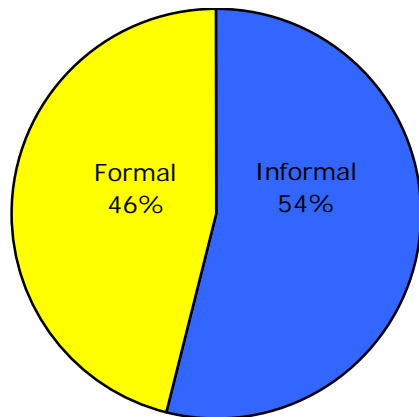
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1996. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: C. Freund and N. Spatafora, "[Remittances: Transaction Costs, Determinants, and Informal Flows](#)," World Bank Policy Research Paper 3704, September 2005.

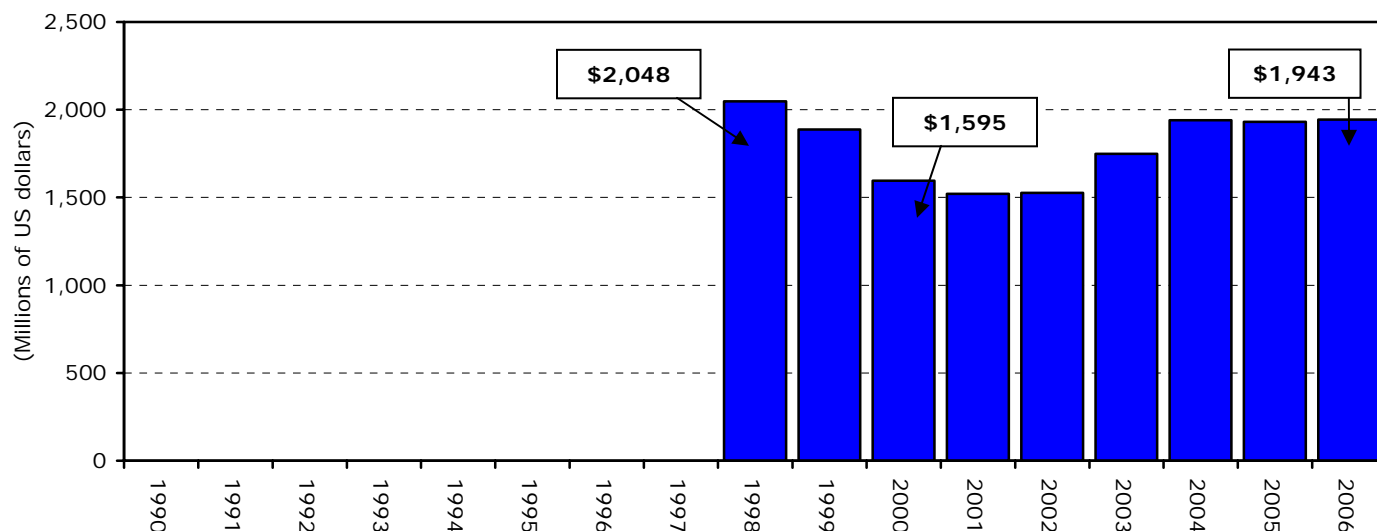
Further Resources

- [Bangladesh Bank](#) (Central Bank of Bangladesh).
- De Bruyn, Tom. "[Dynamic of Remittance Utilization in Bangladesh](#)." BASUG (2006), Forum on Remittances and Expatriates: Development in Bangladesh, The Hague.
- Hadi, A. "Overseas migration and the well-being of those left behind in rural communities in Bangladesh." *Asia-Pacific Population Journal* 14, no. 1 (March 1999): 43-58.
- International Organization for Migration. [A Study on Remittance Inflows and Utilization](#). IOM: Dhaka, 2002.
- Siddiqui, Tasneem and Chowdhury R. Abrar. "[Migrant Worker Remittances and Micro-Finance in Bangladesh](#)." International Labor Organization, Social Finance Programme, Working Paper No. 38, September 2003.

Remittances Profile: **Bosnia and Herzegovina**



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

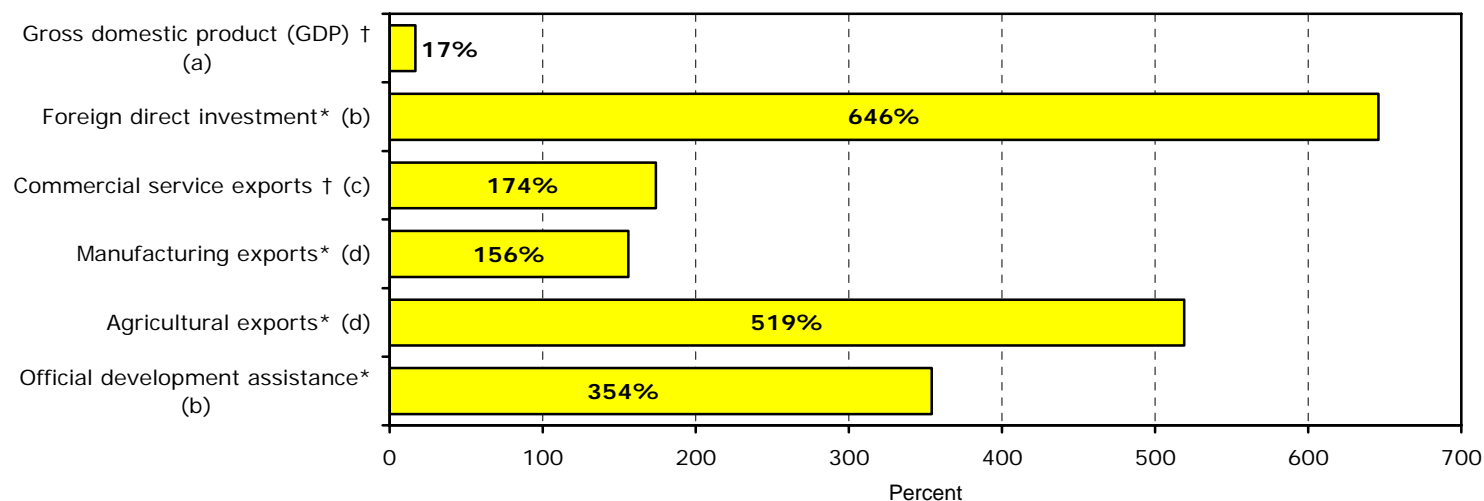


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1998. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	40,814
Total emigrants ^a	1,471,594
Total refugees (2006) ^b	10,318
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated, 2000 ^c	28.6%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^d	Lower
Immigration policy (overall level) ^d	Maintain

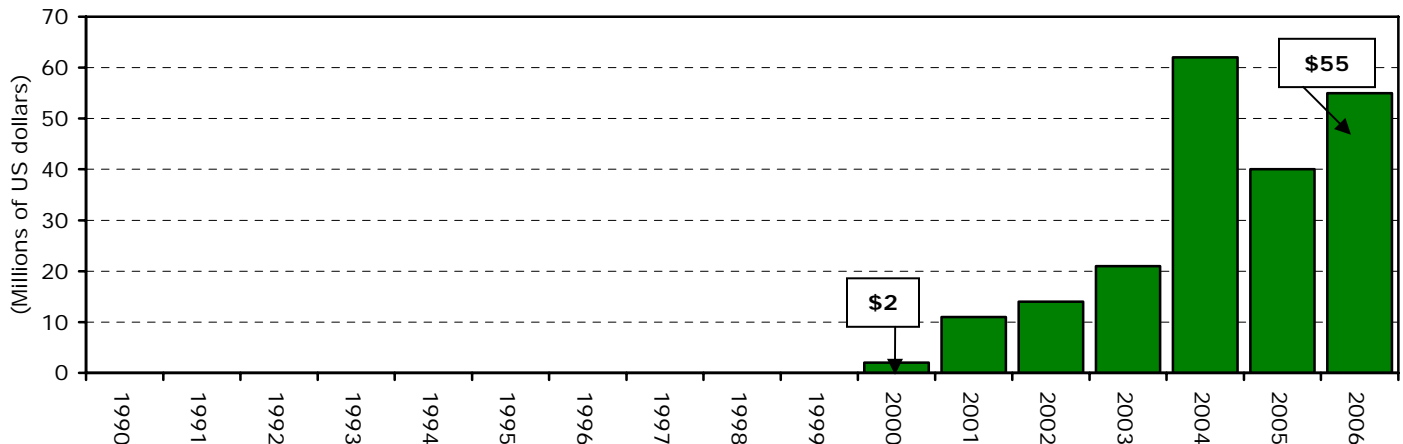
Sources: ^a [Development Prospects Group](#), ^b [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^c [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^d [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	4,552,198
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.0%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	78.1 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	9.6
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$5,600
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	6.2%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	Unavailable
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	Unavailable

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

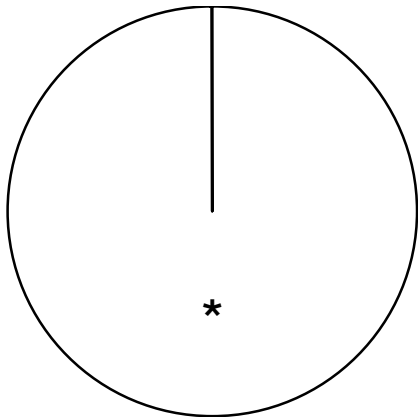
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 2000. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



*No estimation found.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Bosnia and Herzegovina in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

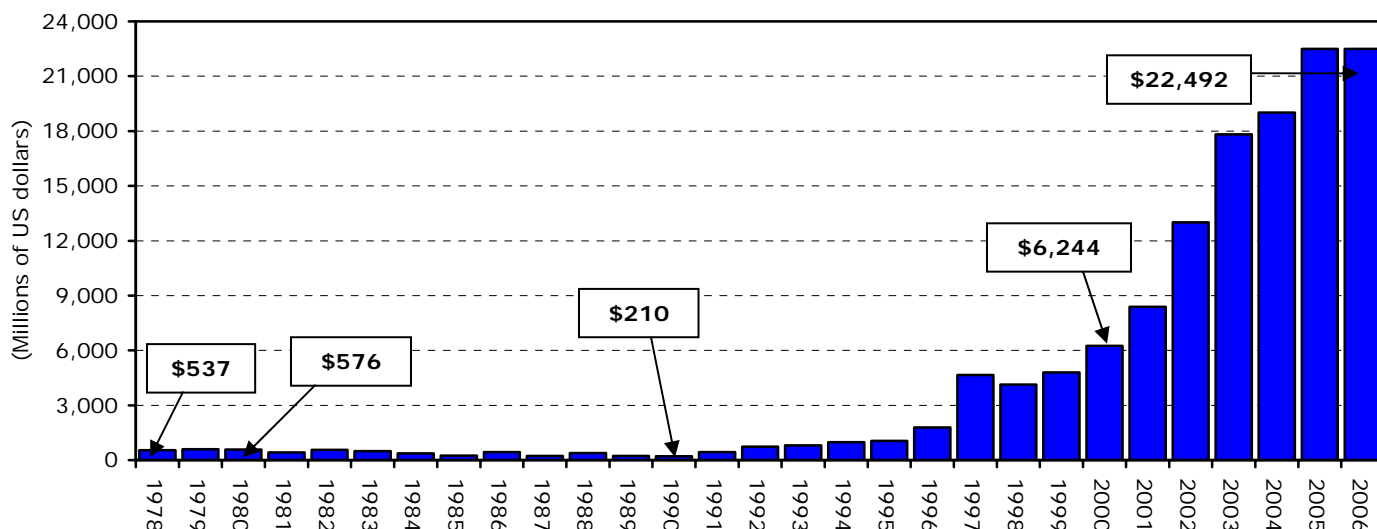
Additional Resources

- Mansour, Ali and Bryce Quillin (eds).. [Migration and Remittances in Eastern Europe and the Former Soviet Union](#). Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006.
- Schrooten, Mechthild. ["Bringing Home the Money: What Determines Worker's Remittances to Transition Countries."](#) Institute of Economic Research, Hitotsubashi University and the German Institute for Economic Research, Discussion Paper Series A, No. 466, September 2005.

Remittances Profile: China



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

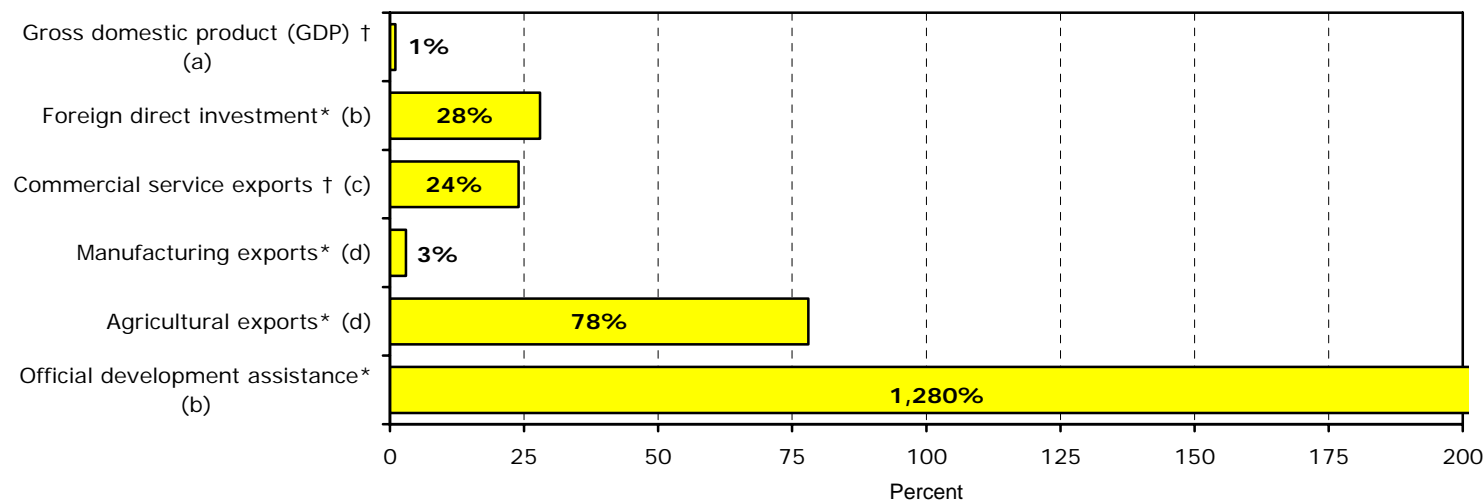


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1978. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	595,658
Total emigrants ^b	7,258,333
Total refugees (2006) ^c	301,027
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	4.2%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	No intervention

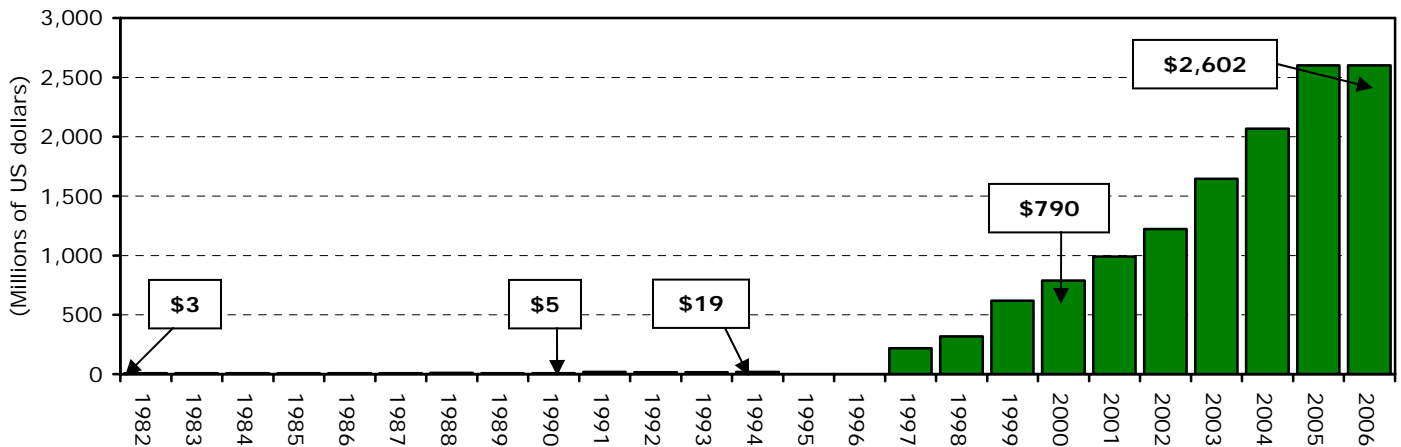
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	1,321,851,888
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	0.6%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	72.9 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	22.1
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$7,800
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	11.1%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	112.8
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	20.3

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

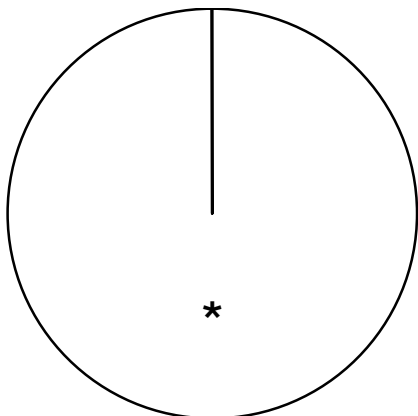
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1982 or for 1995 and 1996. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



* No estimation found.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- [China Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.
- China in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

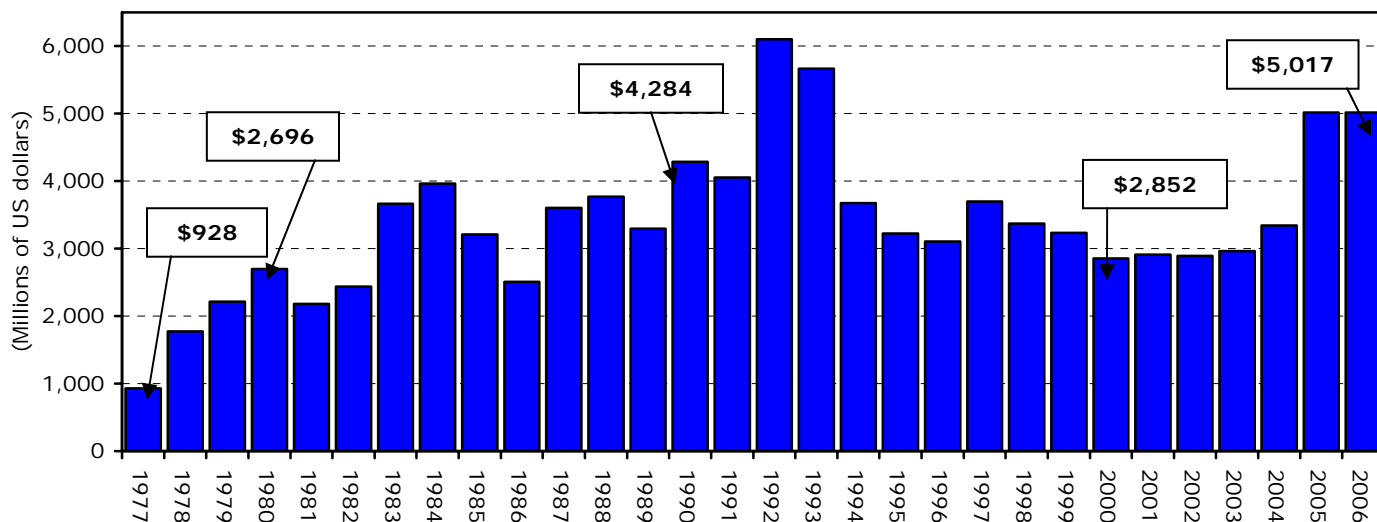
Additional Resources

- Cai, Qian. "Migrant remittances and family ties: a case study in China." *International Journal of Population Geography* 9, no. 6 (Nov. 2003): 471-483.
- Du, Yang, Albert Park, and Sangui Wang. "Migration and rural poverty in China." *Journal of Comparative Economics* 33, no. 4 (December 2005): 688-709.
- Rozelle, Scott, J. Edward Taylor, and Alan de Brauw. "Migration Remittances, and Agricultural Productivity in China." *The American Economic Review* 89, no. 2 (May 1999): 287-291.

Remittances Profile: Arab Republic of Egypt



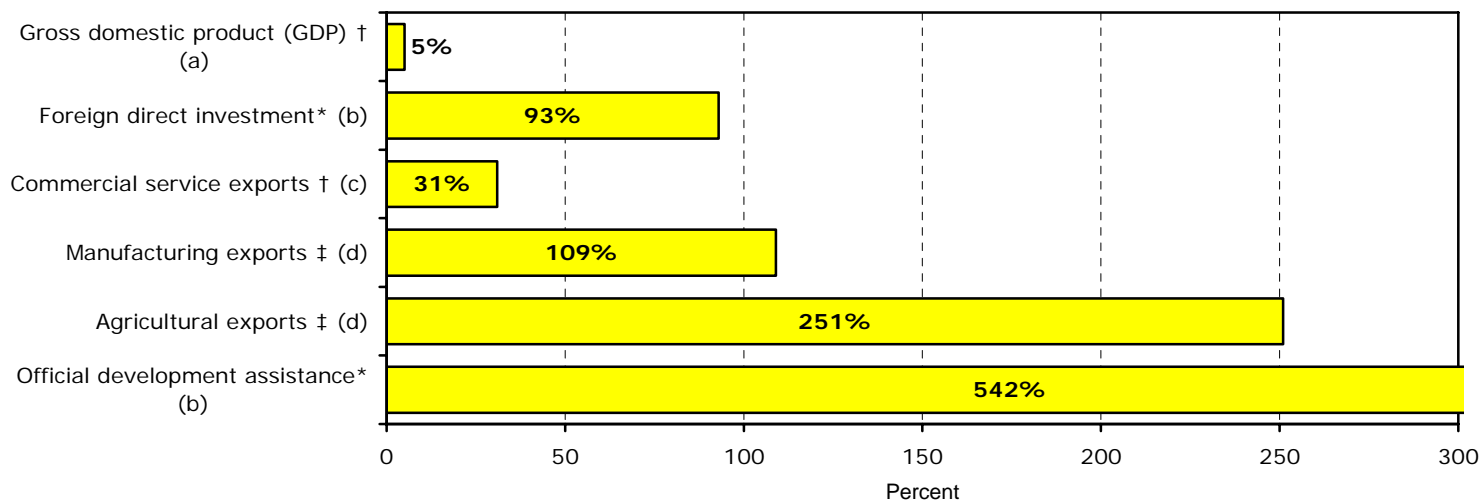
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1977. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



‡ Data for 2004. *Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	166,047
Total emigrants ^b	2,399,251
Total refugees (2006) ^c	88,022
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	4.2%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower

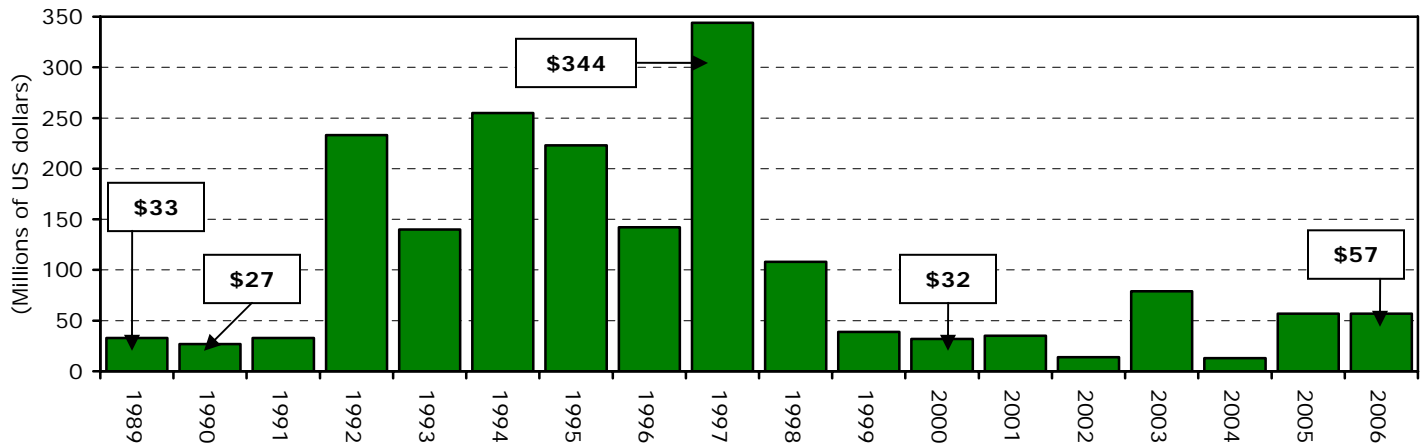
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	80,335,036
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.7%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	71.6 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	29.5
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$4,200
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	6.8%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	100.8
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	33.9

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

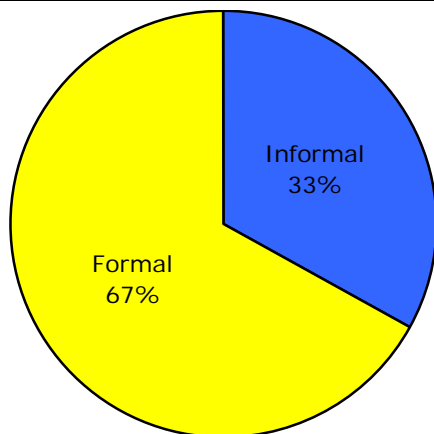
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1989. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: Richard Adams, [The Effects of International Remittances on Poverty, Inequality, and Development in Rural Egypt](#) (Washington, DC: International Food Policy Research Institute, 1991).

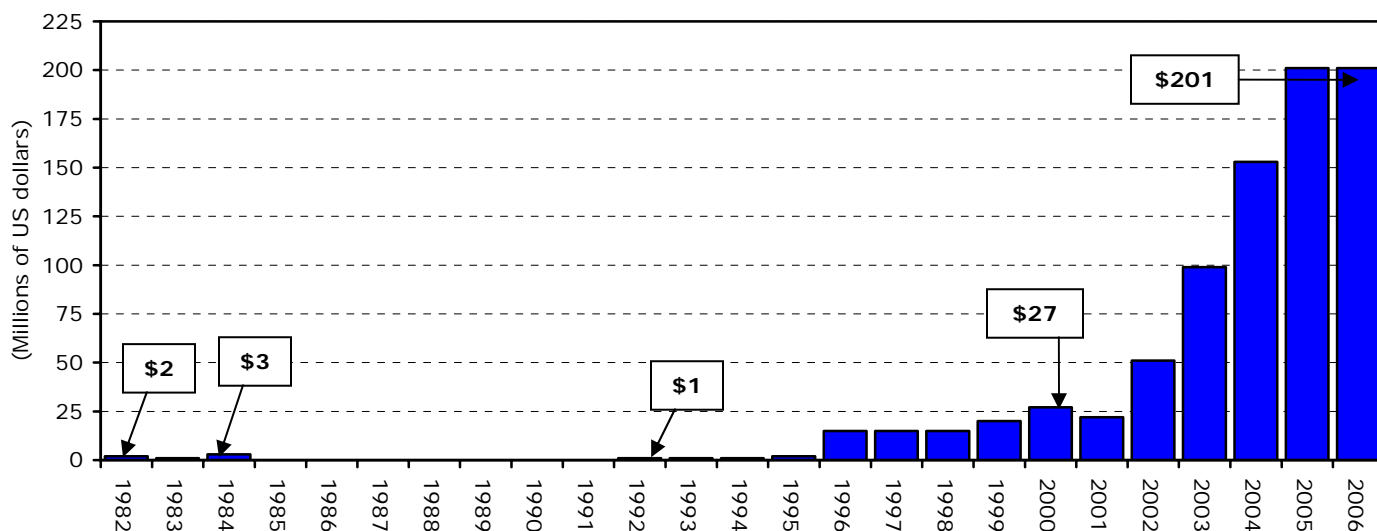
Further Resources

- Adams, Richard. [The Effects of International Remittances on Poverty, Inequality, and Development in Rural Egypt](#). Washington, DC: International Food Policy Research Institute, 1991.
- Bouhga-Hagbe, Jacques. [Altruism and Workers' Remittances: Evidence from Selected Countries in the Middle East and Central Asia](#). IMF Working Paper WP-06-130, 2006.
- McCormick, Barry and Jackline Wahba. [Return International Migration and Geographical Inequality: The Case of Egypt](#). University of Southampton, UK, August 2002.
- Van Dalen, Hendrik P., George Groenewold, and Tineke Fokkema. [Remittances and their Effect on Emigration Intentions in Egypt, Morocco and Turkey](#). Tinbergen Institute Discussion Paper TI 2005-030/1, 2005.

Remittances Profile: Guyana



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

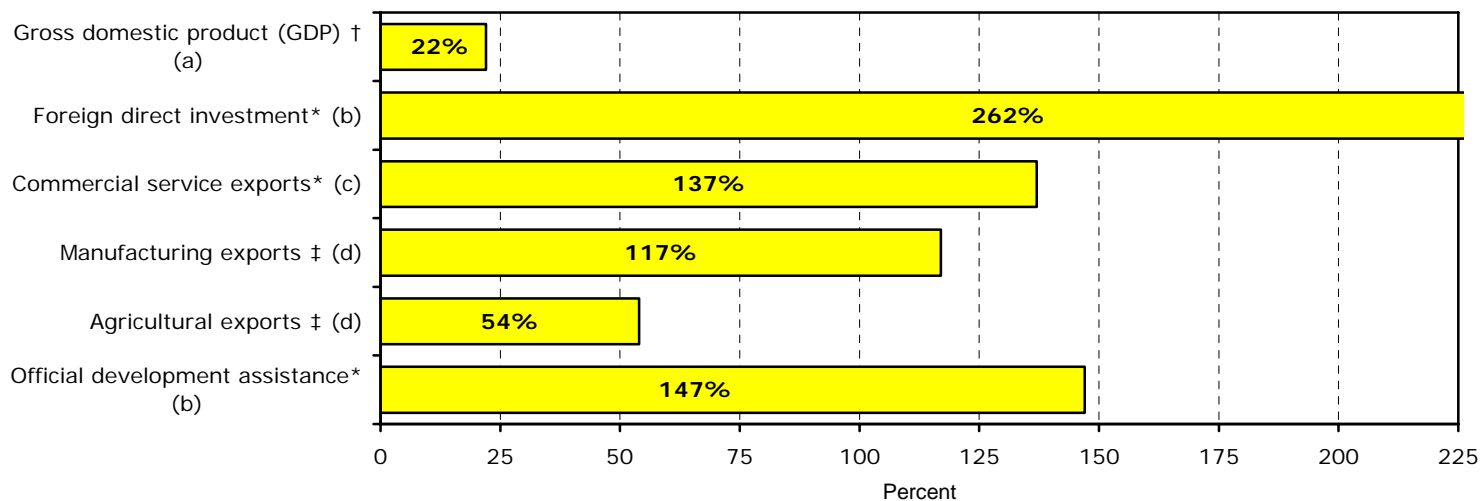


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1982 or from 1985 to 1991. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



‡ Data for 2004. *Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	1,114
Total emigrants ^b	417,469
Total refugees (2006) ^c	Unavailable
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	85.9%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	No intervention
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

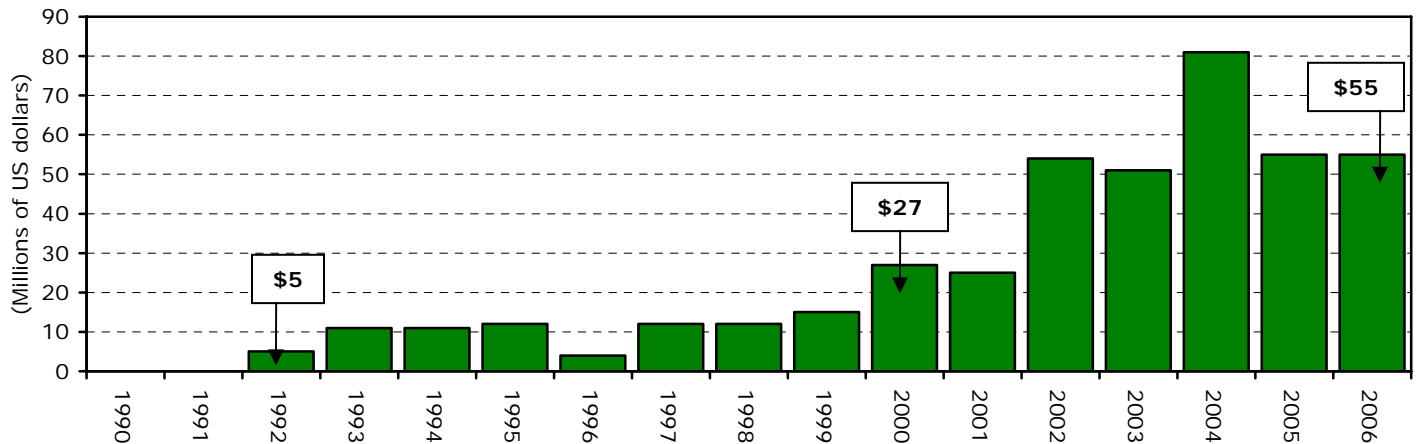
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	769,095
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	0.2%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	66.2 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	31.3
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$4,900
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	4.7%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	132
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	9.9

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

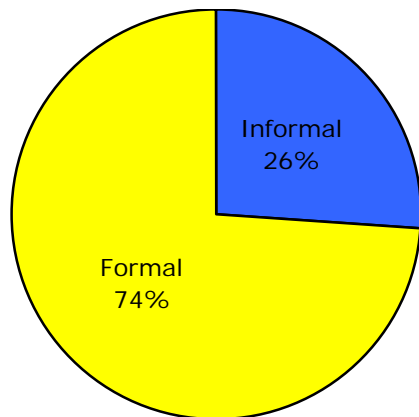
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1992. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: Claremont D. Kirton, [Unlocking the Potential of Remittances in Guyana: Remittances Mobilization through Microfinance Institutions](#) (Washington, DC: Inter-American Development Bank, June 2006).

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Guyana in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

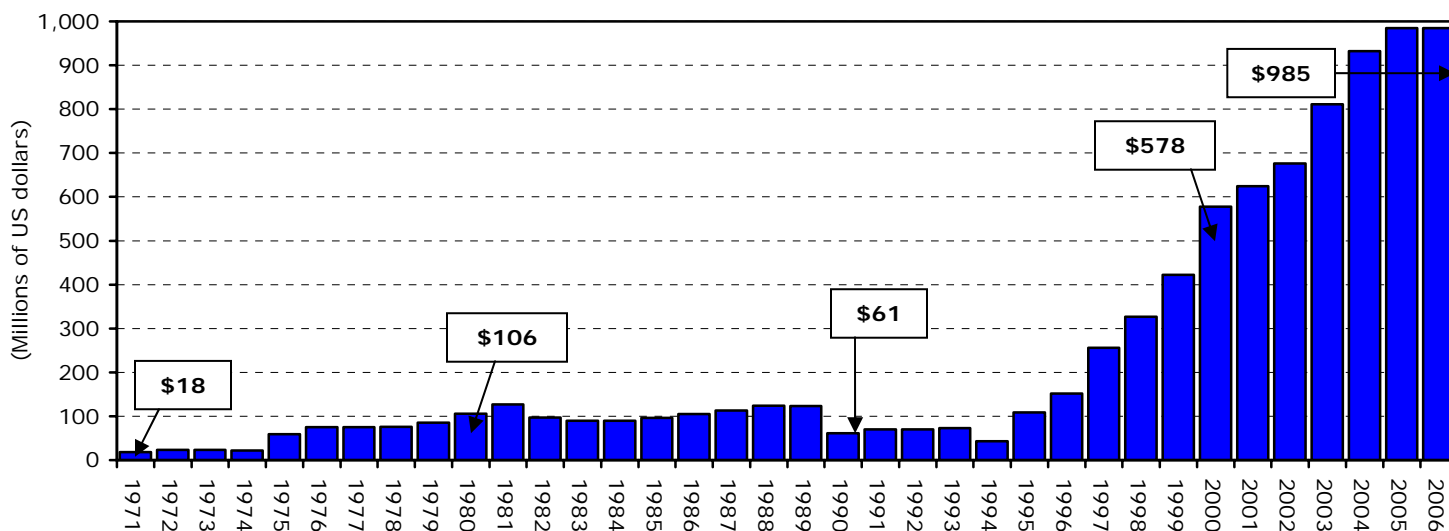
Additional Resources

- Agarwal, R. and A.W. Horowitz. "Are International Remittances Altruism or Insurance? Evidence from Guyana Using Multiple-Migrant Households." *World Development* 30, no. 11 (November 2002): 2033-2044.
- Kirton, Claremont D. "[Unlocking the Potential of Remittances in Guyana: Remittances Mobilization through Microfinance Institutions](#)." Washington, DC: Inter-American Development Bank, June 2006.
- Orozco, Manuel. "[Remitting Back Home and Supporting the Homeland: The Guyanese Community in the U.S.](#)" United States Agency for International Development, Guyana Economic Opportunities, November 2002.
- Roberts, Debra. "[The Development Impact of Remittances on Caribbean Economies: The Case of Guyana](#)." Central Bank of Guyana, n.d.

Remittances Profile: **Haiti**



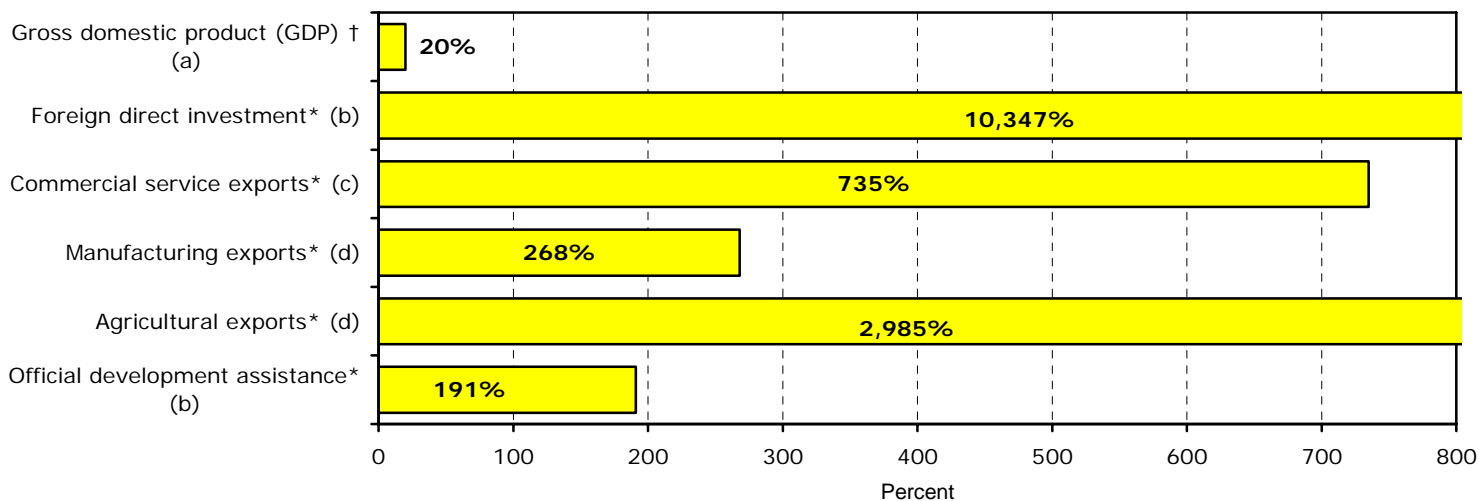
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1971. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007](#); ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	30,054
Total emigrants ^b	834,364
Total refugees (2006) ^c	0
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	81.6%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

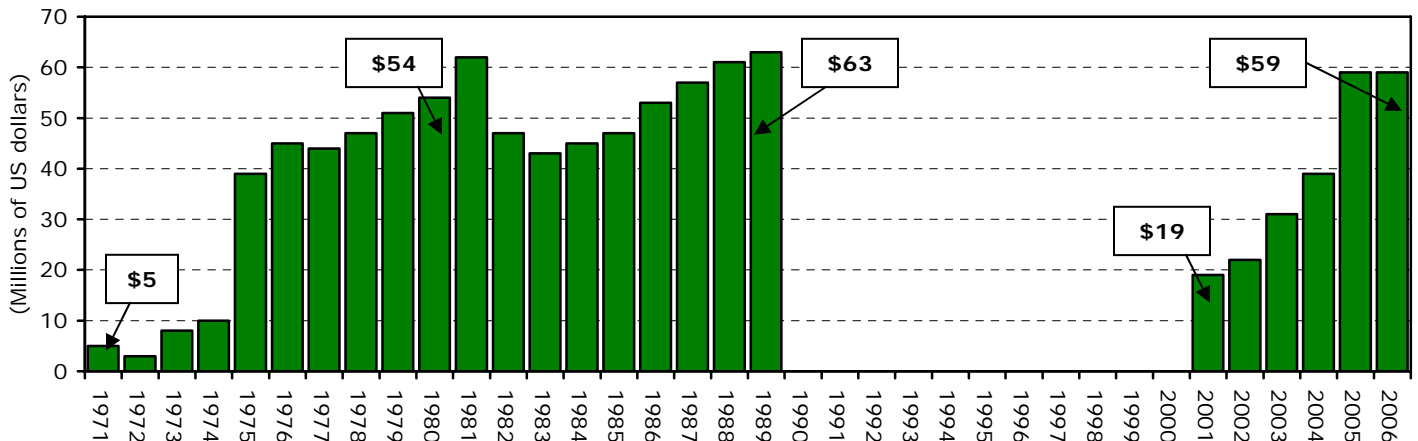
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	8,706,497
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	2.5%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	57.0 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	63.8
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$1,800
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	2.3%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) ^a	Unavailable
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) ^a	Unavailable

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

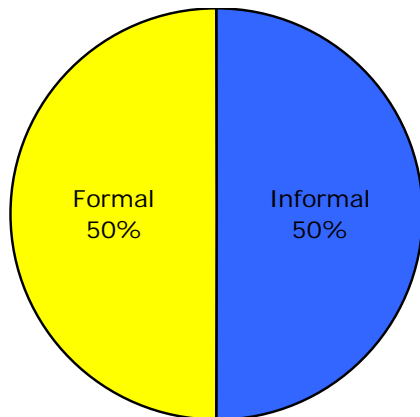
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1971 and for 1990 to 2000. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances*



* For remittances from the Dominican Republic only.

Source: Manuel Orozco, "[Understanding the remittances economy in Haiti](#)," Inter-American Dialogue paper commissioned by the World Bank, 15 March 2006.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Haiti in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

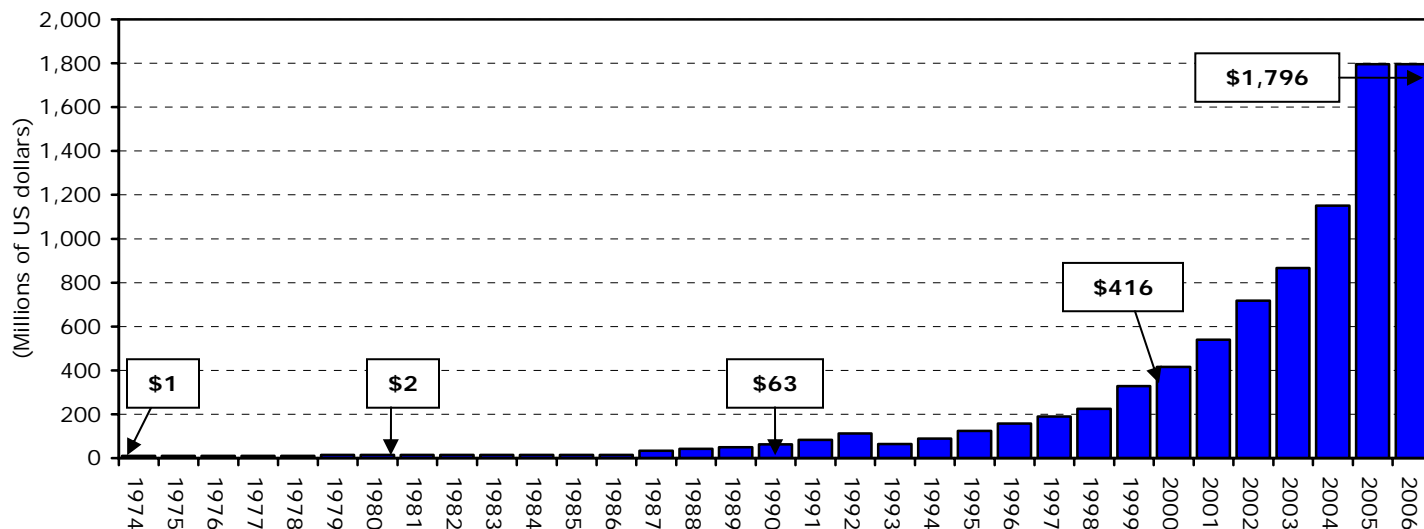
Additional Resources

- Fajnzylber, Pablo and J. Humberto López. [Close to Home: The Development Impact of Remittances in Latin America](#). Washington, DC: The World Bank, 2006.
- Inter-American Development Bank. "[Haiti Remittance Survey](#)." Washington, DC, March 2007.
- Orozco, Manuel. "[Understanding the remittances economy in Haiti](#)." Inter-American Dialogue paper commissioned by the World Bank. 15 March 2006.
- Simmons, Alan, Dwaine Plaza, and Victor Pinché. "[The Remittance Sending Practices of Haitians and Jamaicans in Canada](#)." Expert Group Meeting on International Migration and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean, United Nations Population Division, New York, 14 November 2005.

Remittances Profile: Honduras



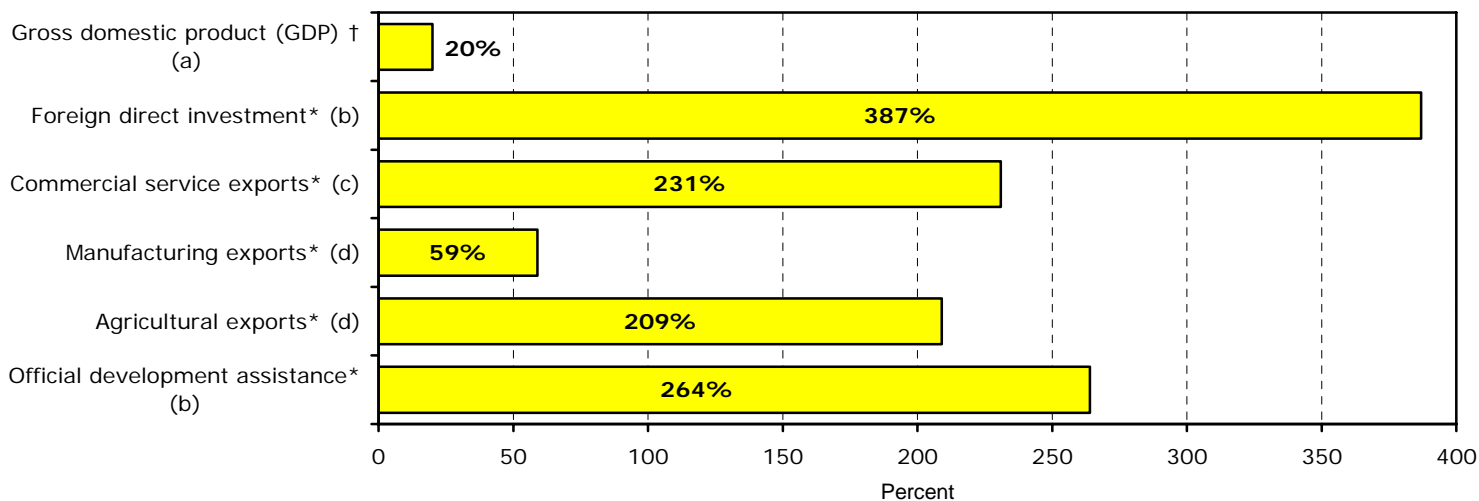
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1974. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	26,333
Total emigrants ^b	414,955
Total refugees (2006) ^c	22
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	21.8%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	No intervention
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

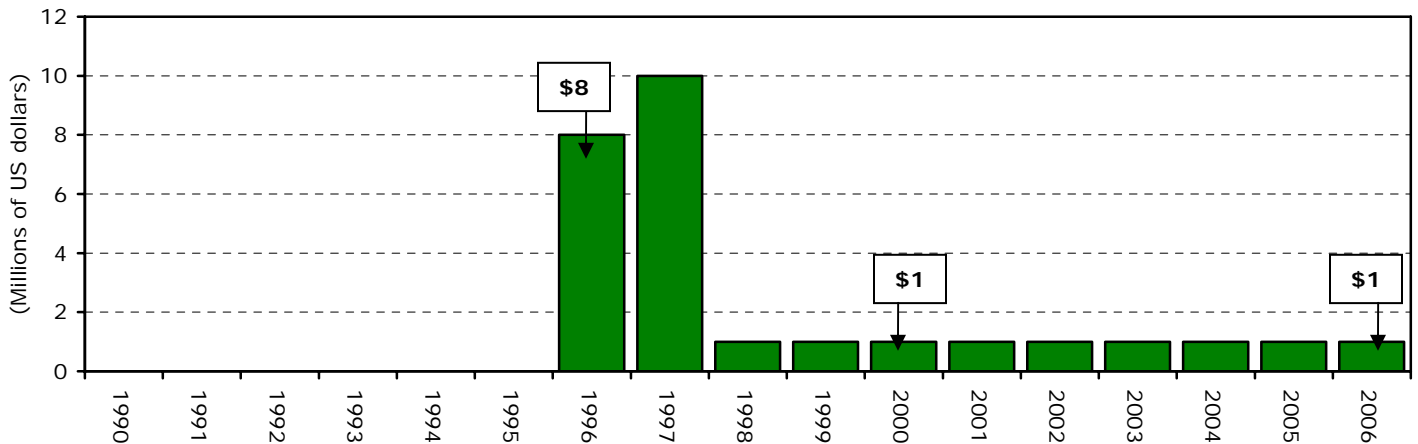
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	7,483,763
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	2.1%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	69.4 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	25.2
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$3,100
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	6%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	113
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2000) ^a	14.3

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

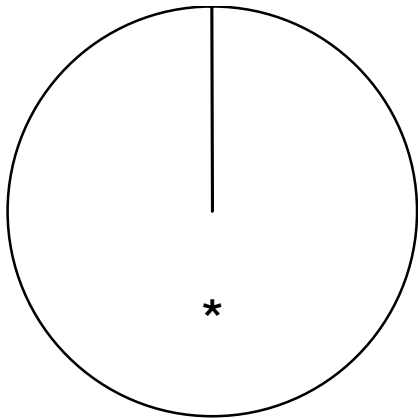
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1996. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



* No estimation found.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Agunias, Dovelyn Rannveig. "[Remittance Trends in Central America](#)." *Migration Information Source*, April 2006.
- Honduras in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

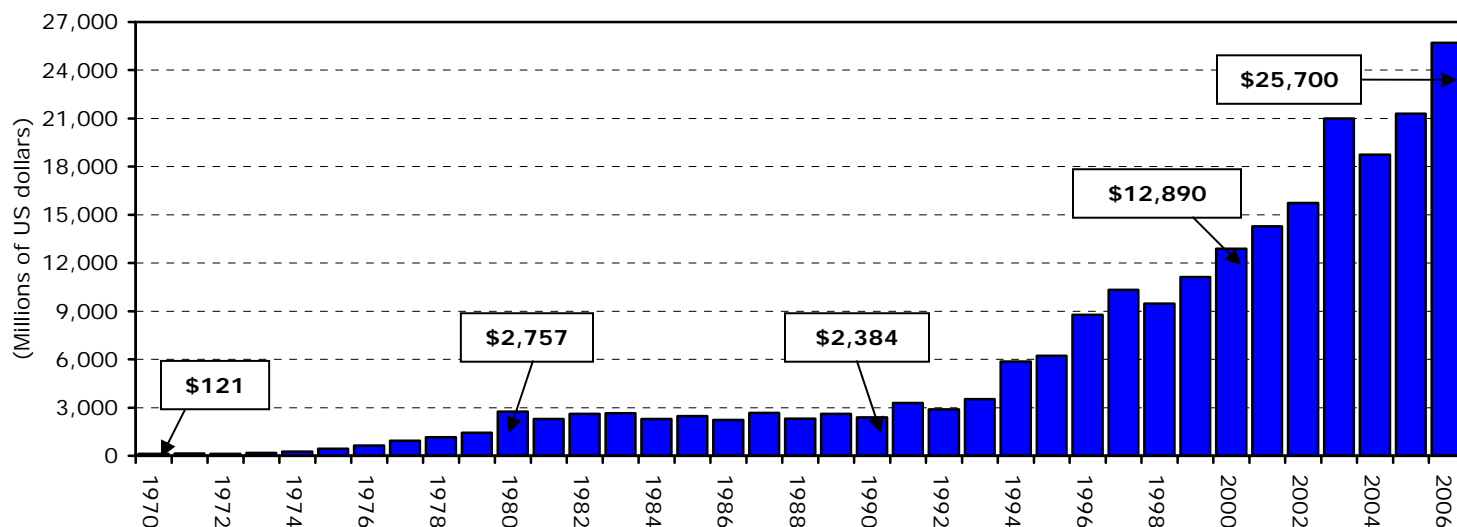
Additional Resources

- Banco Central de Honduras. [Remesas familiares enviadas por hondureños residentes en el exterior y gastos efectuados en el país durante sus visitas](#). Tegucigalpa: Banco Central de Honduras, 2007.
- Fajnzylber, Pablo and J. Humberto López. [Close to Home: The Development Impact of Remittances in Latin America](#). Washington, DC: The World Bank, 2006.
- International Development Research Center. "[The Impact of Migration and Remittances on Local Economic Development in Olancho, Honduras](#)." Project brief and related resources, 2007.
- Orozco, Manuel. "[Remittances to Latin America and the Caribbean: Issues and perspectives on development](#)." Report Commissioned by the Organization of American States, September 2004.



Remittances Profile: India

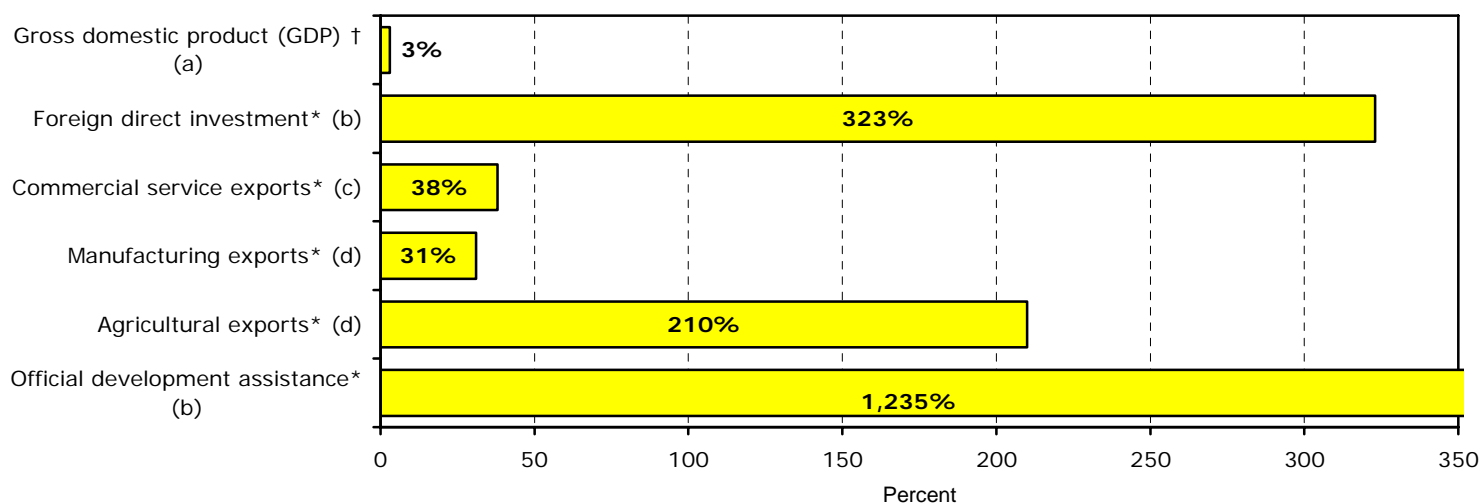
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1970. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	5,700,147
Total emigrants ^b	9,987,129
Total refugees (2006) ^c	158,366
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	14.3%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Raise
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

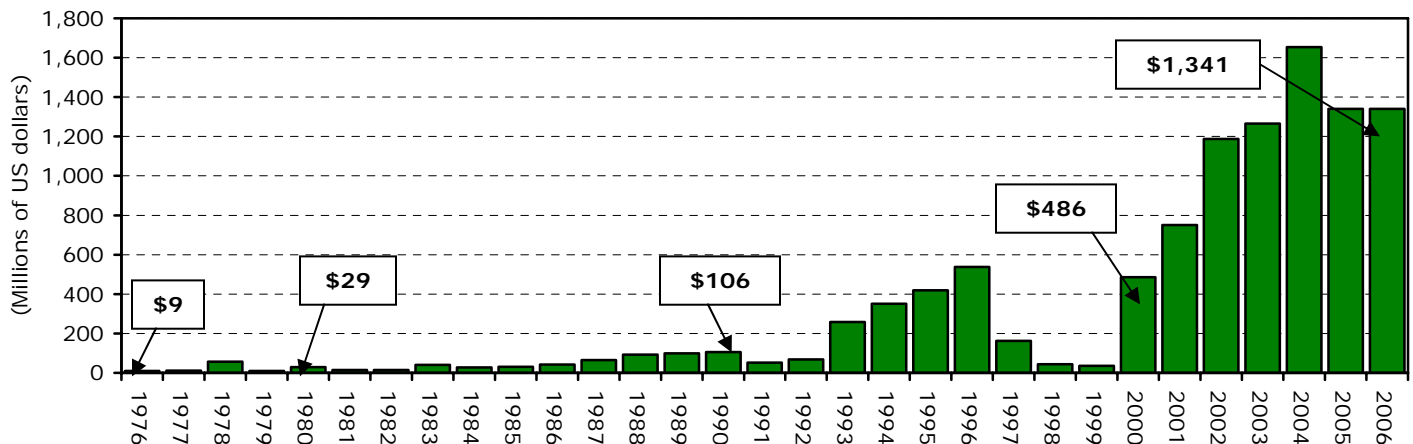
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	1,129,866,154
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.6%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	68.6 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	34.6
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$3,800
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	9.4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	119.2
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	11.4

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

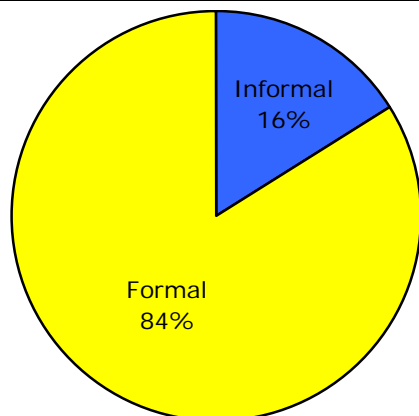
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1976. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Note: Unrecorded remittances 1981 to 2000.

Source: Mohammed El Qorchi, Samuel Munzele Maimbo, and John F. Wilson, "[Informal Funds Transfer Systems: An Analysis of the Informal Hawala System](#)," International Monetary Fund Occasional Paper 25803, March 2003.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Chishti, Muzaffar A. [The Phenomenal Rise in Remittances to India: A Closer Look](#). Migration Policy Institute Policy Brief, May 2007.

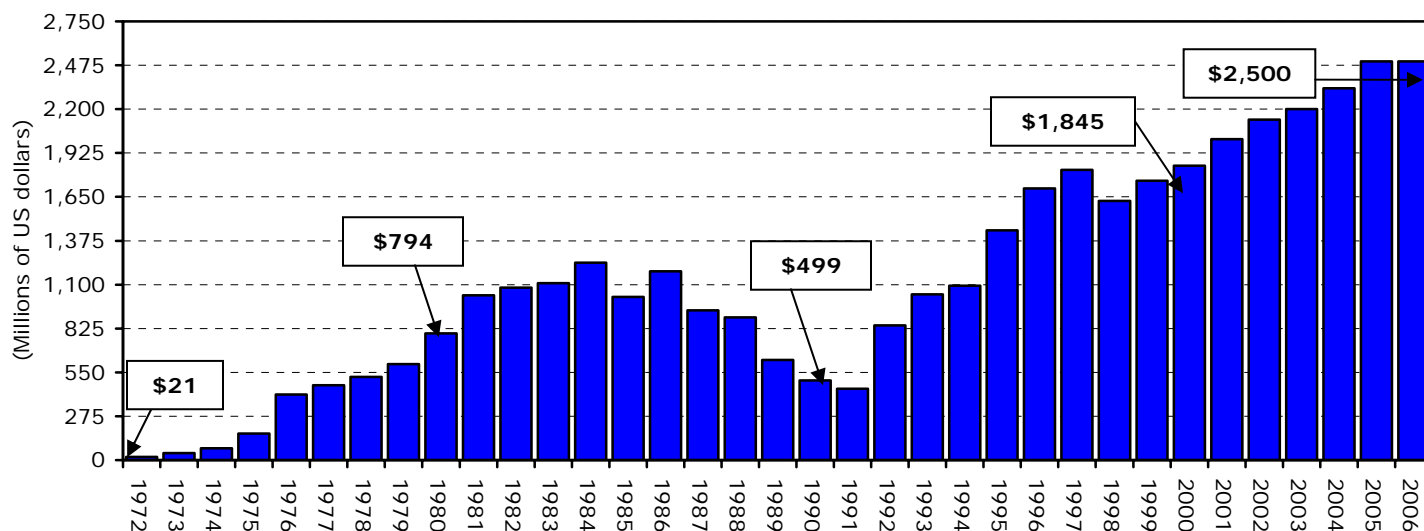
Additional Resources

- Ballard, Roger. "Remittances and Economic Development in India and Pakistan." In *Remittances: Development Impact and Future Prospects* edited by Samuel Munzele Maimbo and Dilip Ratha. Washington, DC: The World Bank, 2005.
- Gupta, Poonam. "[Macroeconomic Determinants of Remittances: Evidence from India](#)." IMF Working Paper No. 05/224, December 2005.
- Kannan, K.P. and K.S. Hari. "[Kerala's Gulf Connection: Emigration, Remittances and their Macroeconomic Impact 1972-2000](#)." Working Paper No. 328, Center for Development Studies, Trivandrum, Kerala, March 2002.
- Seddon, David. "South Asian remittances: implications for development." *Contemporary South Asia* 13, no. 4 (December 2004): 403-420.

Remittances Profile: **Jordan**



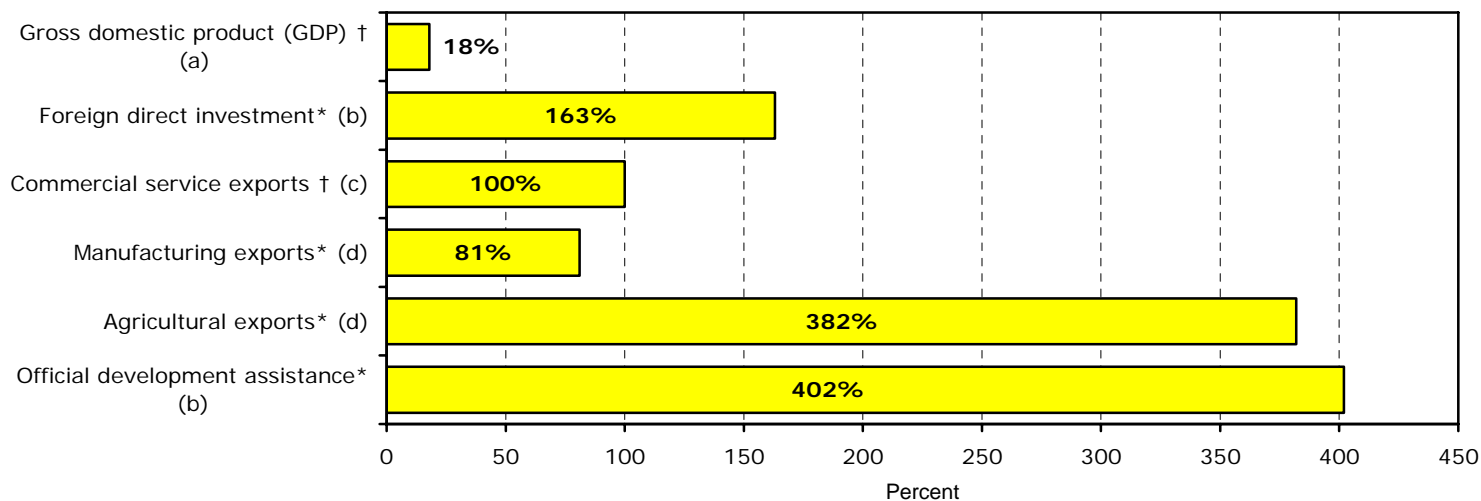
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1972. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007](#); ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	2,224,890
Total emigrants ^b	641,154
Total refugees (2006) ^c	500,229
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	6.4%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Raise
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower

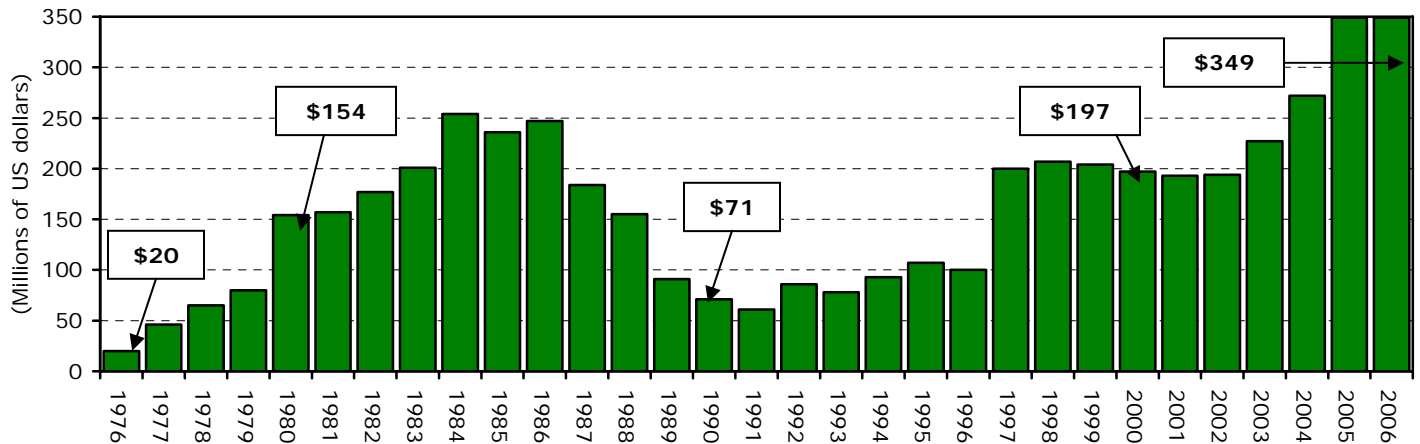
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	6,053,193
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	2.4%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	78.6 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	16.2
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$5,100
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	6.4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	95.8
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	39.2

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

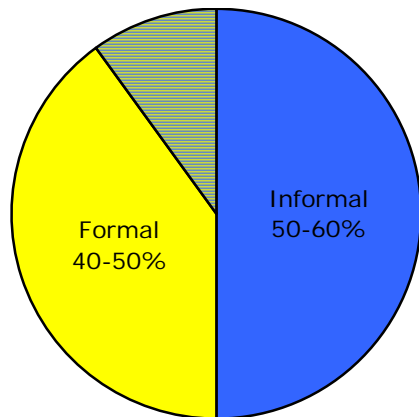
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1976. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: J. Barendse et al., "[Study on improving the efficiency of workers' remittances in Mediterranean countries](#)," European Investment Bank and ECORYs, Macro & Sector Policies, Rotterdam, November 2005.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Jordan [Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.

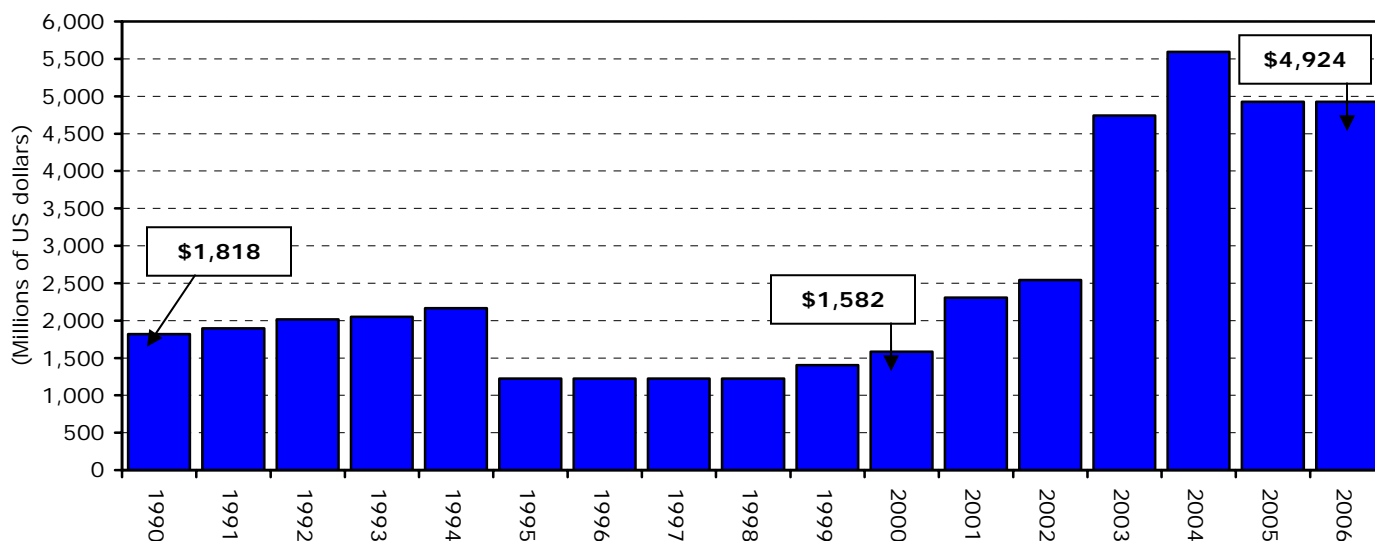
Additional Resources

- Bouhga-Hagbe, Jacques. "[Altruism and Workers' Remittances: Evidence from Selected Countries in the Middle East and Central Asia](#)." IMF Working Paper WP-06-130, 2006.
- El-Sakka, M. I. T. "[Migrant Workers' Remittances and Macroeconomic Policy in Jordan](#)." Department of Economics, Kuwait University, n.d.
- Zaqqa, Nadim. *Economic Development and Export of Human Capital. A Contradiction? The impact of human capital migration on the economy of sending countries, a case study of Jordan*. Kassel: Kassel University Press, 2006.

Remittances Profile: Lebanon



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

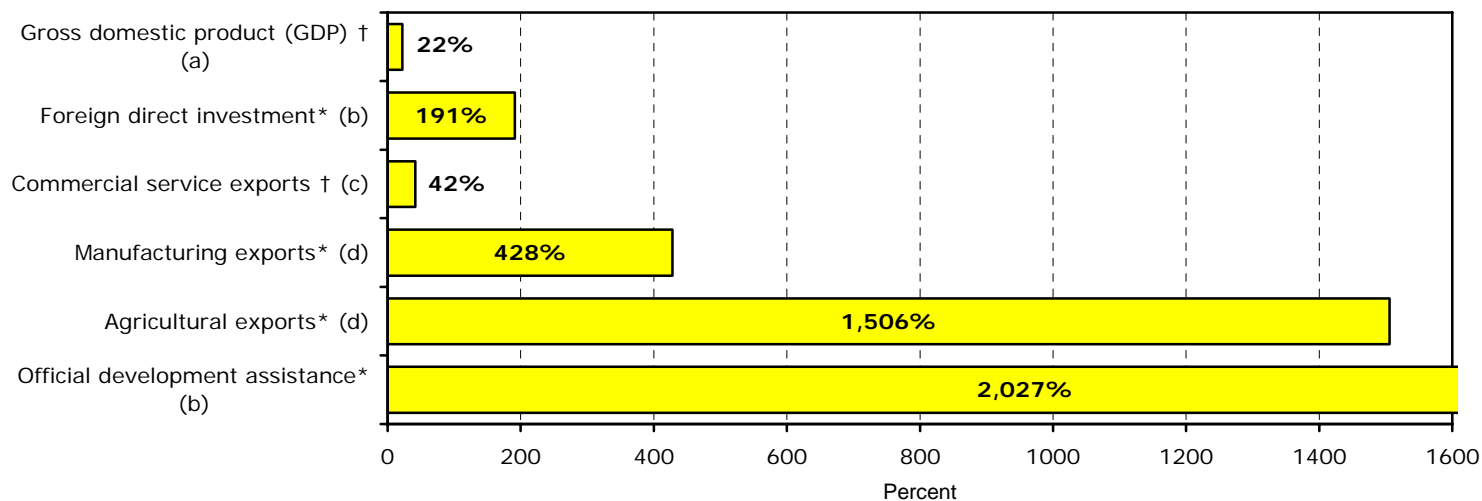


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1990. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	656,727
Total emigrants ^b	621,903
Total refugees (2006) ^c	20,164
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	29.7%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower

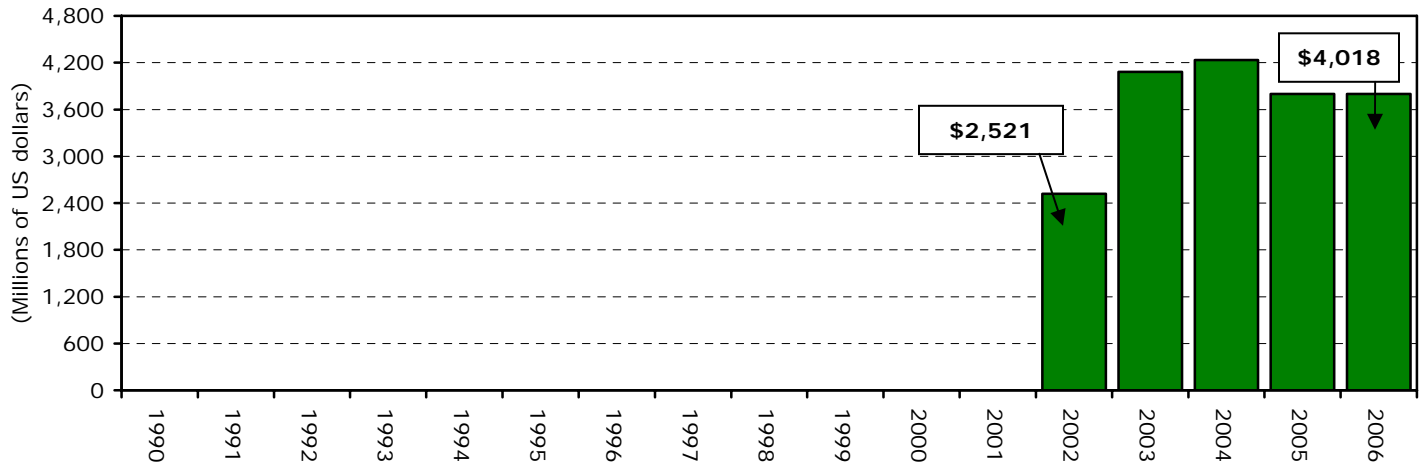
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	3,925,502
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.2%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	73.2 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	23.4
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$5,900
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	-2.8%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	106.3
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	50.7

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

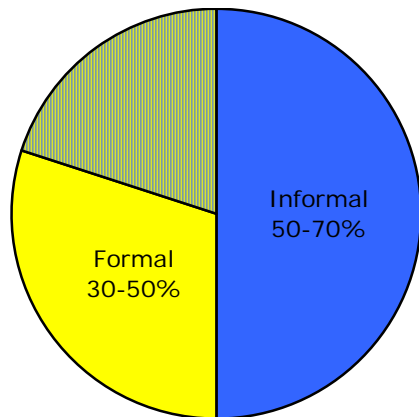
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 2002. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: J. Barendse et al., "[Study on improving the efficiency of workers' remittances in Mediterranean countries](#)," European Investment Bank and ECORYs, Macro & Sector Policies, Rotterdam, November 2005.

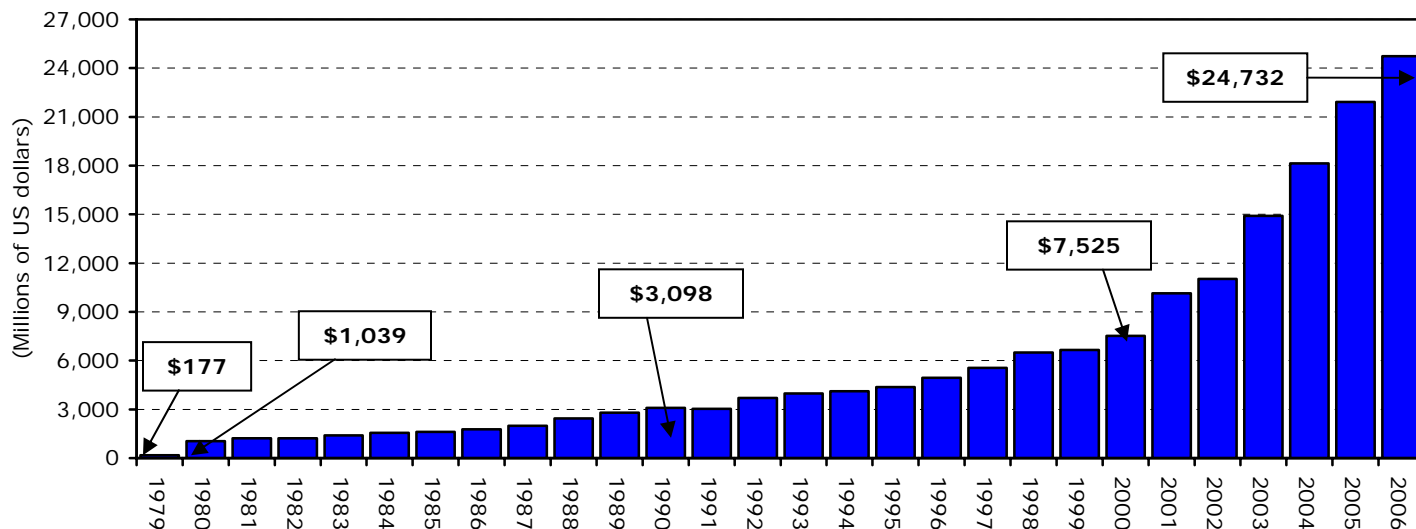
Further Resources

- Barendse, J. et al. "[Study on improving the efficiency of workers' remittances in Mediterranean countries](#)," European Investment Bank and ECORYs, Macro & Sector Policies, Rotterdam, November 2005.
- Bouhga-Hagbe, Jacques. "[Altruism and Workers' Remittances: Evidence from Selected Countries in the Middle East and Central Asia](#)," IMF Working Paper WP-06-130, 2006.

Remittances Profile: Mexico



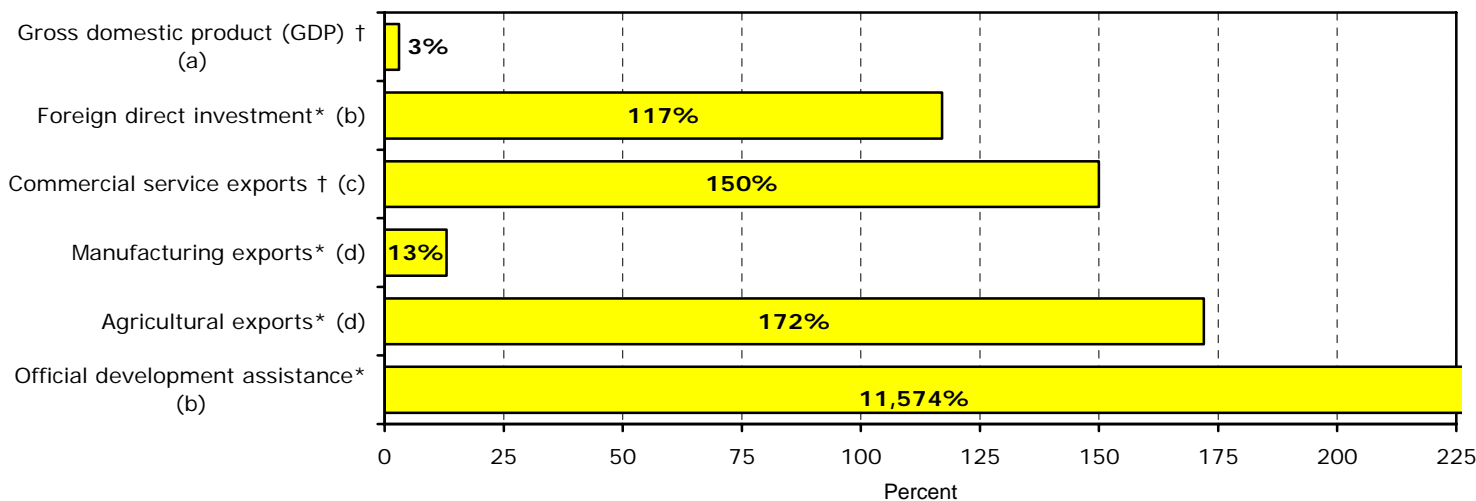
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1979. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007](#); ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	644,361
Total emigrants ^b	11,502,616
Total refugees (2006) ^c	3,319
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	14.3%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

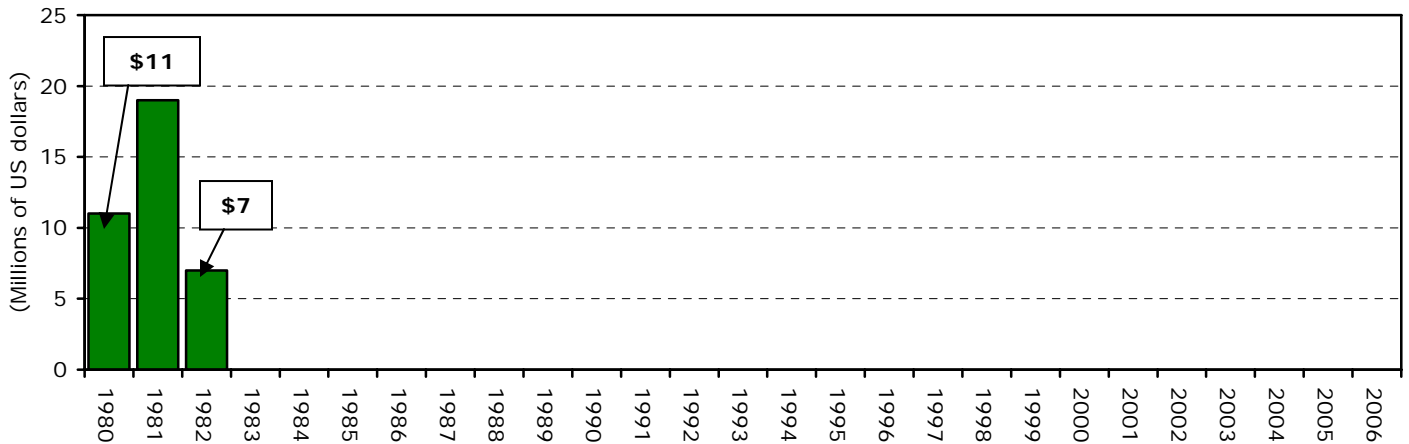
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	108,700,891
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.2%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	75.6 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	19.6
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$10,700
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	4.8%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	109.2
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	24.0

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

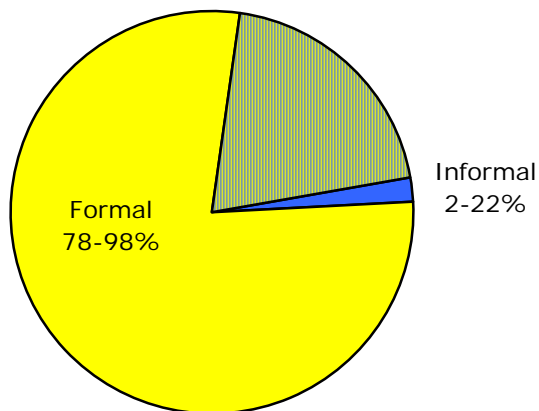
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1980 or for years subsequent to 1982. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Note: Estimates by consular jurisdiction. Varies by corridor.

Source: Raúl Hernández-Coss, [Lessons from the U.S.-Mexico Remittances Corridor on Shifting from Informal to Formal Transfer Systems](#) (Washington, DC: World Bank, 2005).

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- [Mexico Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.
- Mexico in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).
- Terrazas, Aaron Matteo. "[Variable Impacts: State-level Analysis of the Slowdown of the Growth in Remittances to Mexico](#)." Migration Policy Institute Fact Sheet No. 19, September 2007.

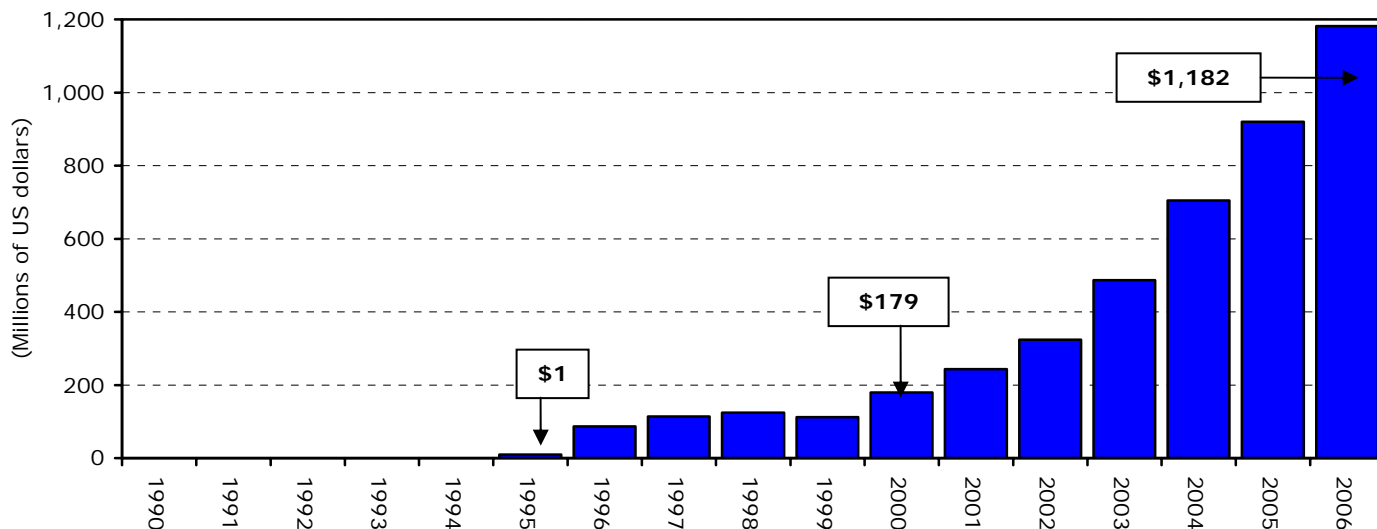
Additional Resources

- [Banco de México](#) (Central Bank of Mexico).
- Fajnzylber, Pablo and J. Humberto López. [Close to Home: The Development Impact of Remittances in Latin America](#). Washington, DC: The World Bank, 2006.
- Hernández-Coss, Raúl. [Lessons from the U.S.-Mexico Remittances Corridor on Shifting from Informal to Formal Transfer Systems](#). Washington, DC: The World Bank, 2005.
- López Córdova, Ernesto. "[Globalization, Migration and Development: The Role of Mexican Migrant Remittances](#)." Inter-American Development Bank working paper, 2004.
- McKenzie, David J. "[Beyond Remittances: The Effects of Migration on Mexican Households](#)." In *International Migration, Remittances and the Brain Drain* edited by Caglar Ozden and Maurice Schiff. Washington, DC: The World Bank, 2006.

Remittances Profile: **Moldova**



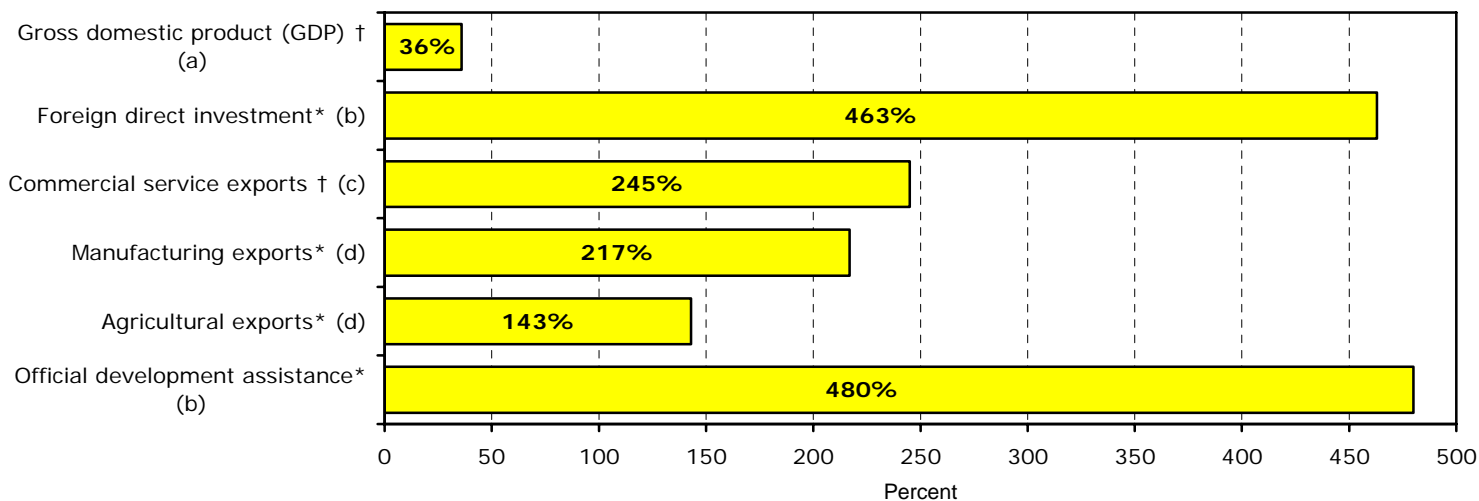
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1995. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[International Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007](#); ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	440,121
Total emigrants ^b	705,533
Total refugees (2006) ^c	161
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	4.2%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	No intervention
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

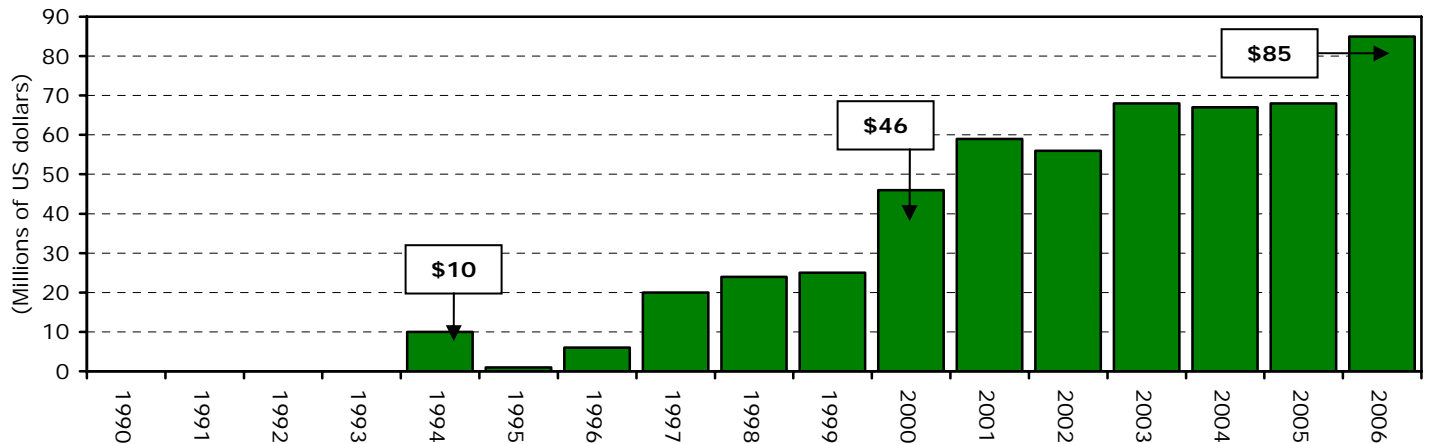
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	4,320,490
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	-0.1%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	70.2 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	13.9
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$2,000
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	92.4
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	33.9

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

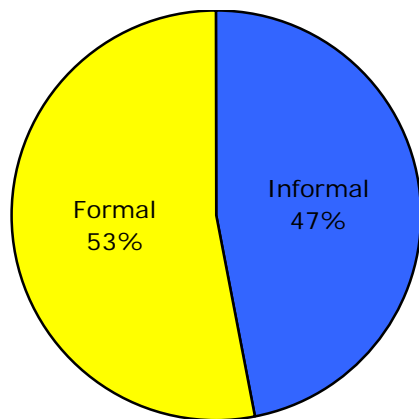
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1994. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: C. Freund and N. Spatafora, "[Remittances: Transaction Costs, Determinants, and Informal Flows](#)," World Bank Policy Research Paper 3704, September 2005.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- [Moldova Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.
- Moldova in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

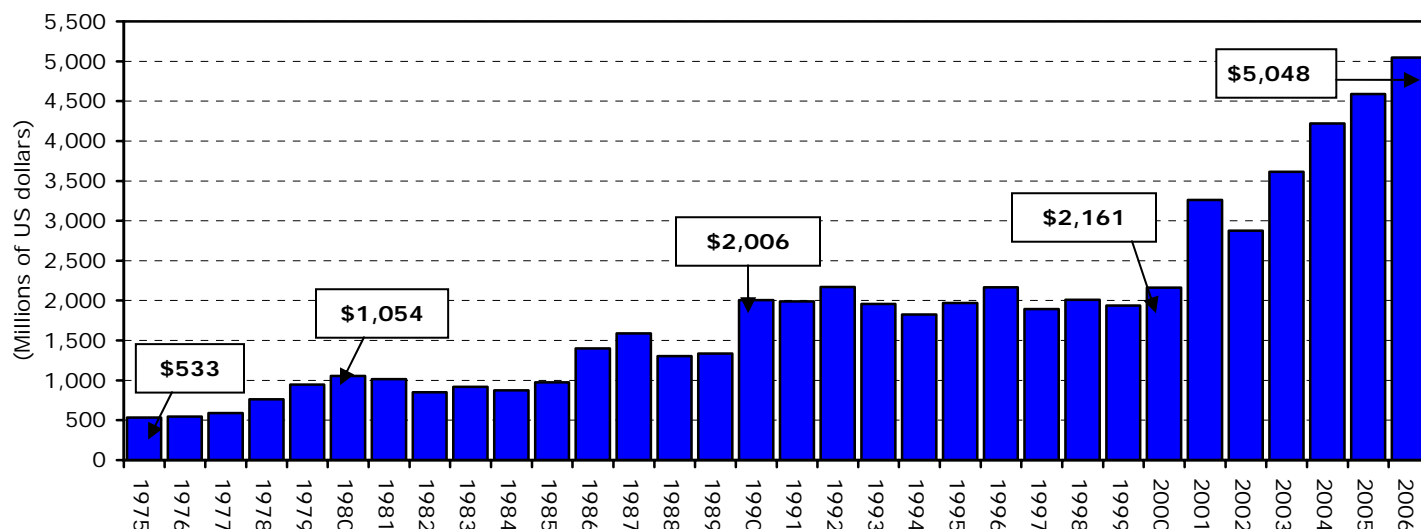
Further Resources

- Cuc, Milan, Erik J. Lundbäck, and Edgardo Ruggiero. *Migration and Remittances in Moldova*. Washington, DC: International Monetary Fund, 2006.
- Ghencea, Boris and Igor Gudumac. "[Labour Migration and Remittances in the Republic of Moldova](#)." Moldova Microfinance Alliance and Soros Foundation Moldova, March 2004.
- Mansour, Ali and Bryce Quillin (eds). *Migration and Remittances in Eastern Europe and the Former Soviet Union*. Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006.
- [National Bank of Moldova](#) (Central Bank of Moldova).
- Pantiru, Maria Cristina, Richard Black, and Rachel Sabates-Wheeler. "[Migration and Poverty Reduction in Moldova](#)." Working Paper C10, Development Research Centre on Migration, Globalisation and Poverty, University of Sussex, February 2007.

Remittances Profile: Morocco



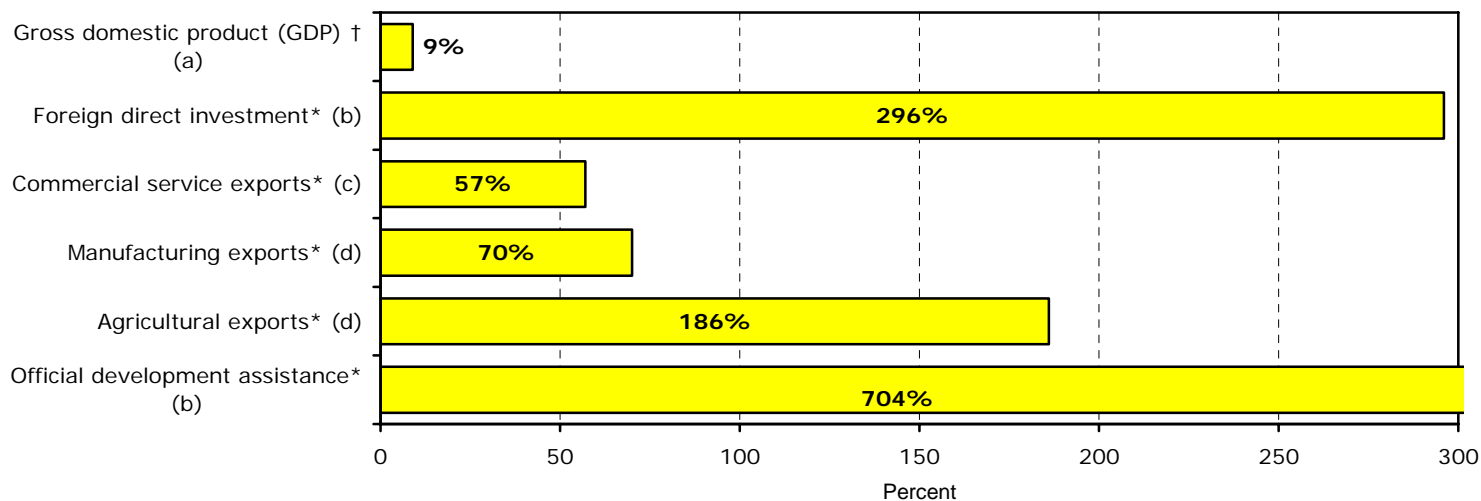
Formal Inward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1975. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).
Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	131,654
Total emigrants ^b	2,718,665
Total refugees (2006) ^c	503
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	10.3%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower

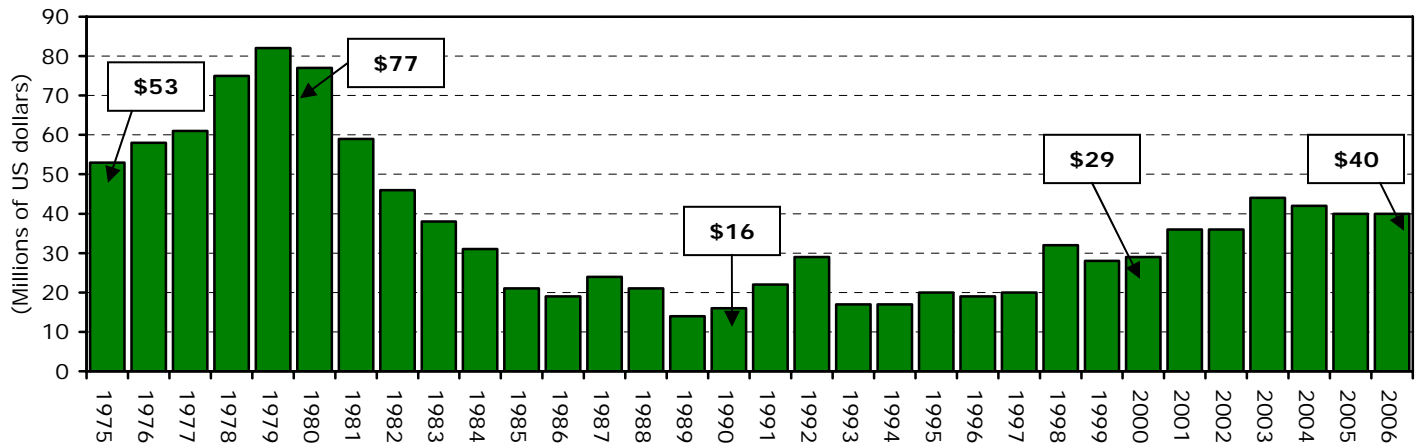
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	33,757,175
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.5%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	71.2 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	38.9
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$4,600
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	9.4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	105.1
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	11.3

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

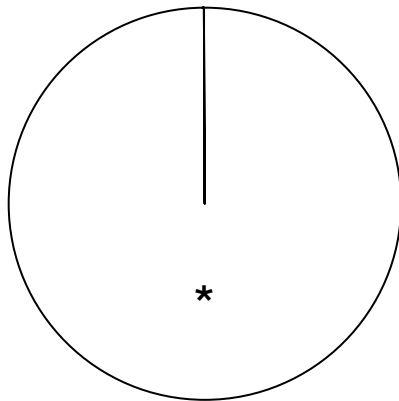
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1975. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



*Although no specific estimation was found, informal remittances to Morocco are likely to be low compared to other countries.

Source: Hein de Haas and Roald Plug, "Cherishing the Goose with the Golden Eggs: Trends in Migrant Remittances from Europe to Morocco 1970-2004," *International Migration Review* 40, no. 3 (Fall 2006): 603-634.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- [Morocco Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.

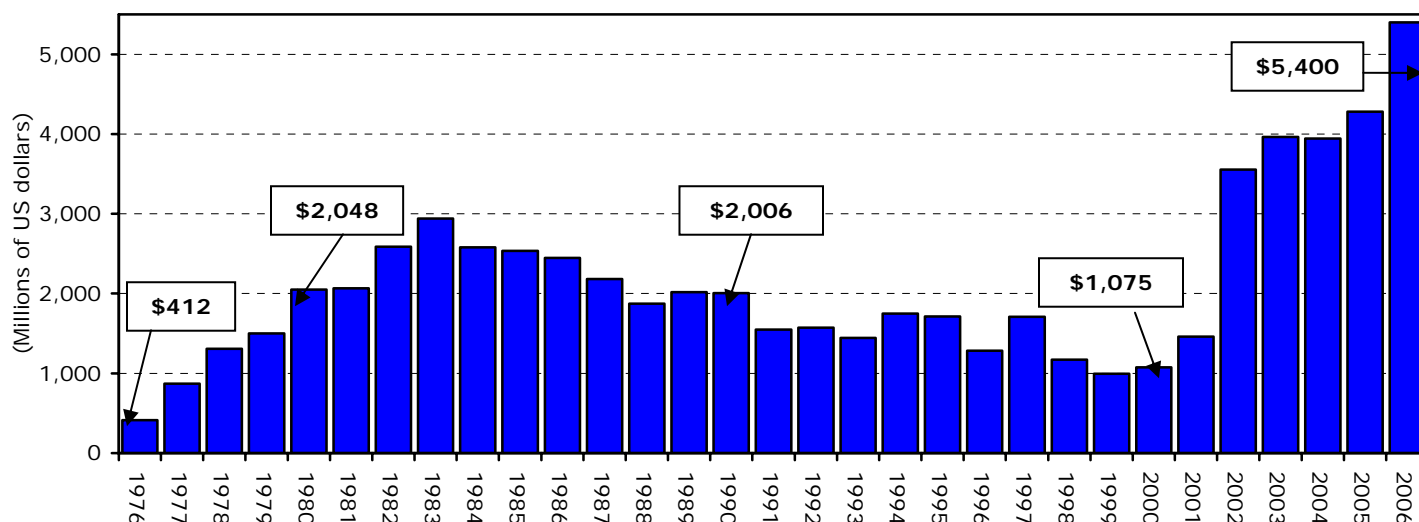
Further Resources

- Bouhga-Hagbe, Jacques. "[A Theory of Workers' Remittances With an Application to Morocco](#)." International Monetary Fund Working Paper WP/04/194, October 2004.
- De Haas, Hein and Roald Plug. "Cherishing the Goose with the Golden Eggs: Trends in Migrant Remittances from Europe to Morocco 1970-2004." *International Migration Review* 40, no. 3 (Fall 2006): 603-634.
- De Haas, Hein. "[The impact of international migration on social and economic development in Moroccan sending regions](#)." Working Paper 3, International Migration Institute, Oxford University, 2007.
- Van Dalen, Hendrik P., George Groenewold, and Tineke Fokkema. "[Remittances and their Effect on Emigration Intentions in Egypt, Morocco and Turkey](#)." Tinbergen Institute Discussion Paper TI 2005-030/1, 2005.

Remittances Profile: Pakistan



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

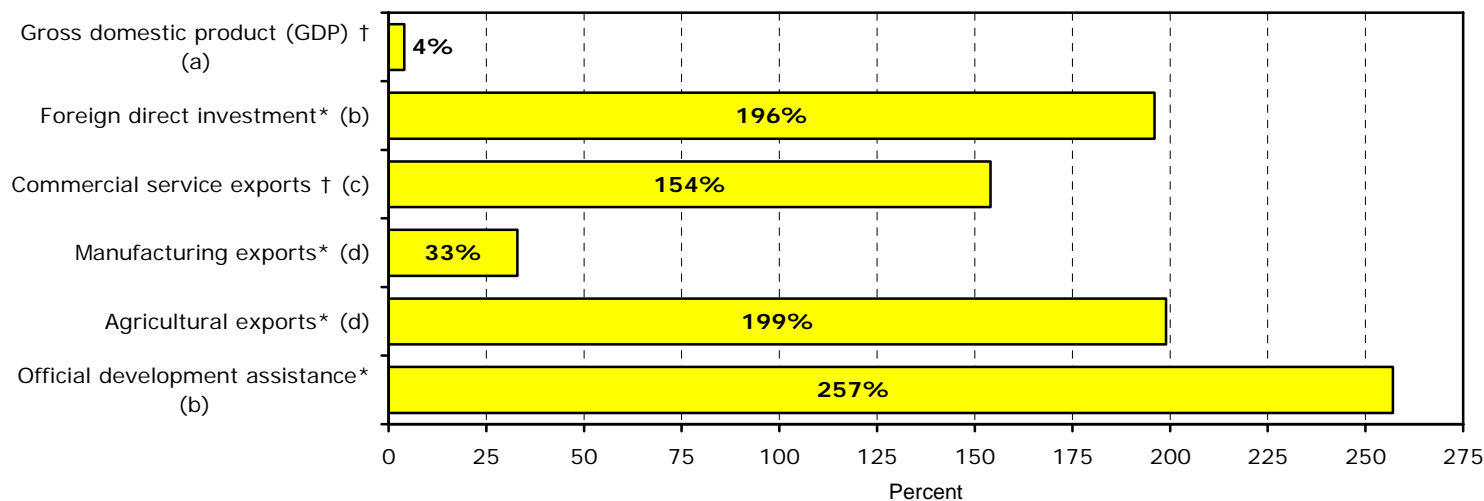


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1976. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	3,254,112
Total emigrants ^b	3,415,952
Total refugees (2006) ^c	1,044,462
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	9.2%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Raise
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Lower

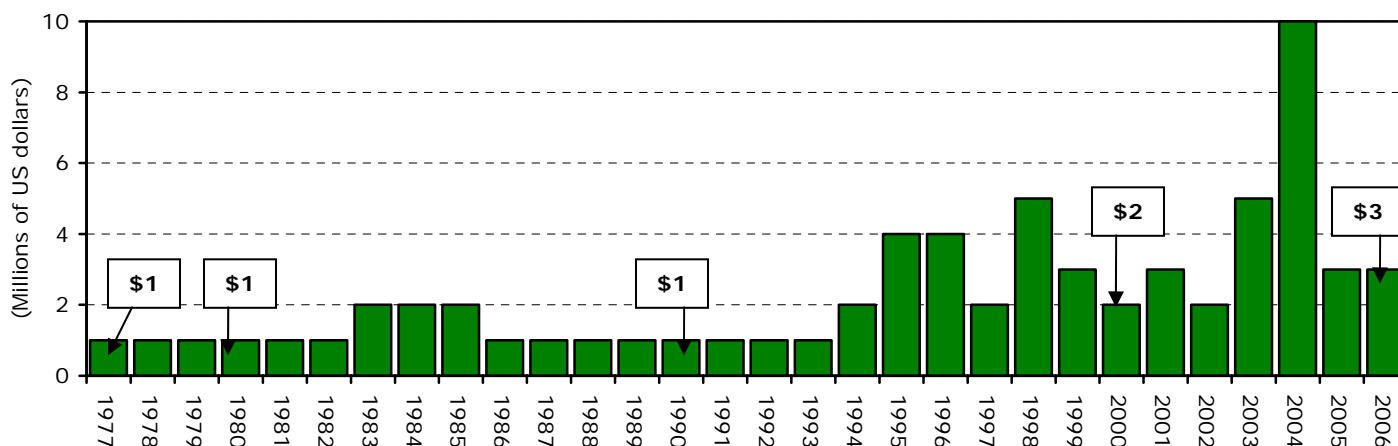
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	164,741,924
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.8%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	63.8 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	68.8
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$2,600
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	6.6%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	87.3
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	4.6

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

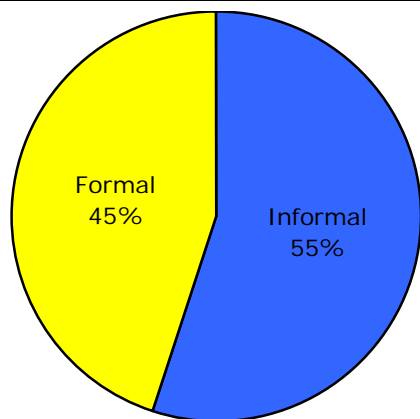
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1977. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: Mohammed El Qorchi, Samuel Munzele Maimbo, and John F. Wilson, "[Informal Funds Transfer Systems: An Analysis of the Informal Hawala System](#)," International Monetary Fund Occasional Paper 25803, March 2003.

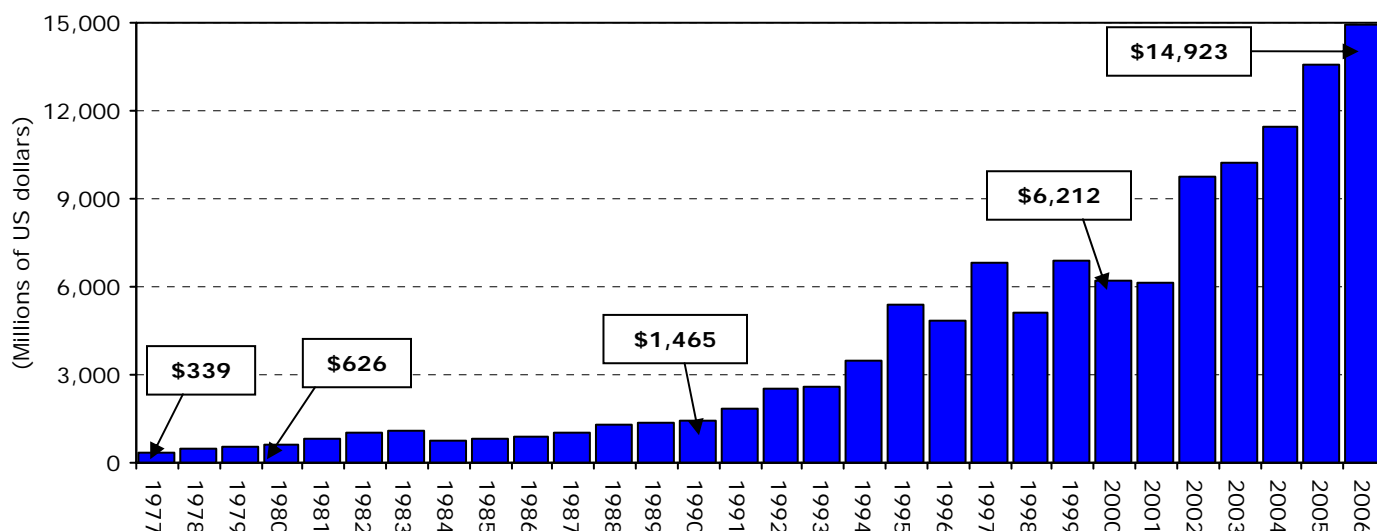
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- Adams, Richard H. *Remittances, inequality and asset accumulation: The case of rural Pakistan*. Paris: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, 1996.
- Ballard, Roger. "Remittances and Economic Development in India and Pakistan." In *Remittances: Development Impact and Future Prospects* edited by Samuel Munzele Maimbo and Dilip Ratha. Washington, DC: The World Bank, 2005.
- Ilahi, N. and S. Jafarey. "Guestworker migration, remittances and the extended family: evidence from Pakistan." *Journal of Development Economics* 58, no. 2 (April 1999): 485-512.
- Mansuri, Ghazala. "[Migration, School Attainment and Child Labor: Evidence from Rural Pakistan](#)." World Bank Policy Research Working Paper 3945, June 2006.
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Remittances Profile: Philippines

Formal Inward Remittance Flows

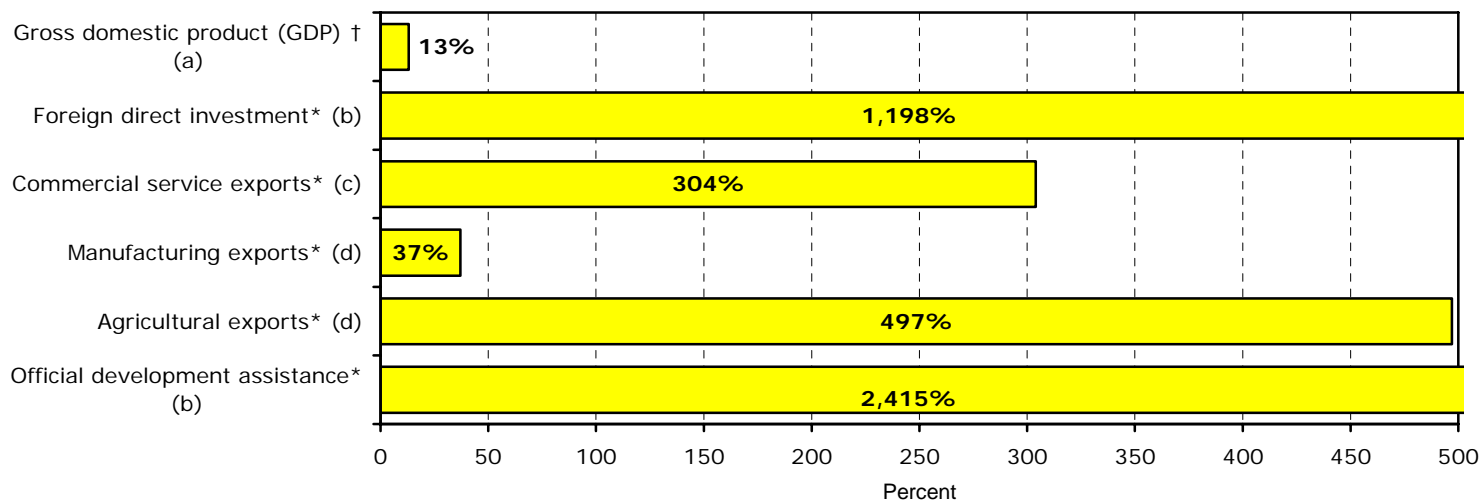


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1977. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	374,458
Total emigrants ^b	3,631,405
Total refugees (2006) ^c	100
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	14.8%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

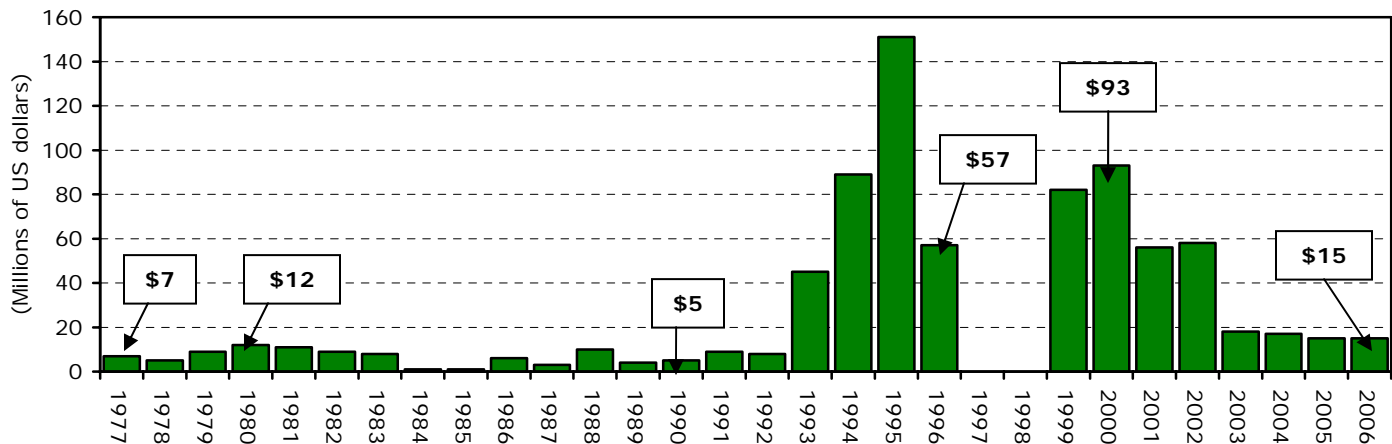
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	91,077,287
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.8%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	70.5 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	22.1
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$5,000
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	5.4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	112.5
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	28.1

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

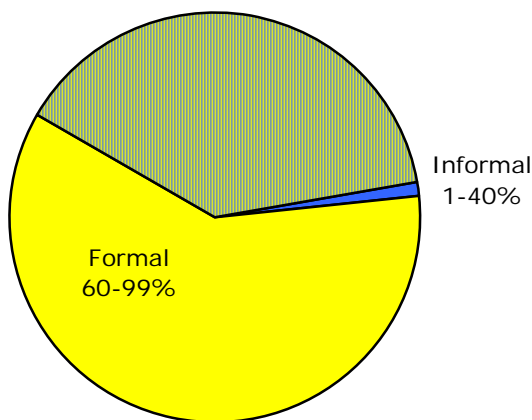
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1977 or for 1997 and 1998. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



Source: C. Freund and N. Spatafora, "[Remittances: Transaction Costs, Determinants, and Informal Flows](#)," World Bank Policy Research Paper 3704, September 2005.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Agunias, Dovelyn Rannveig and Neil G. Ruiz. "[Protecting Overseas Workers: Lessons and Cautions from the Philippines](#)." Migration Policy Institute Insight, September 2006.
- [Philippines Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.
- The Philippines in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

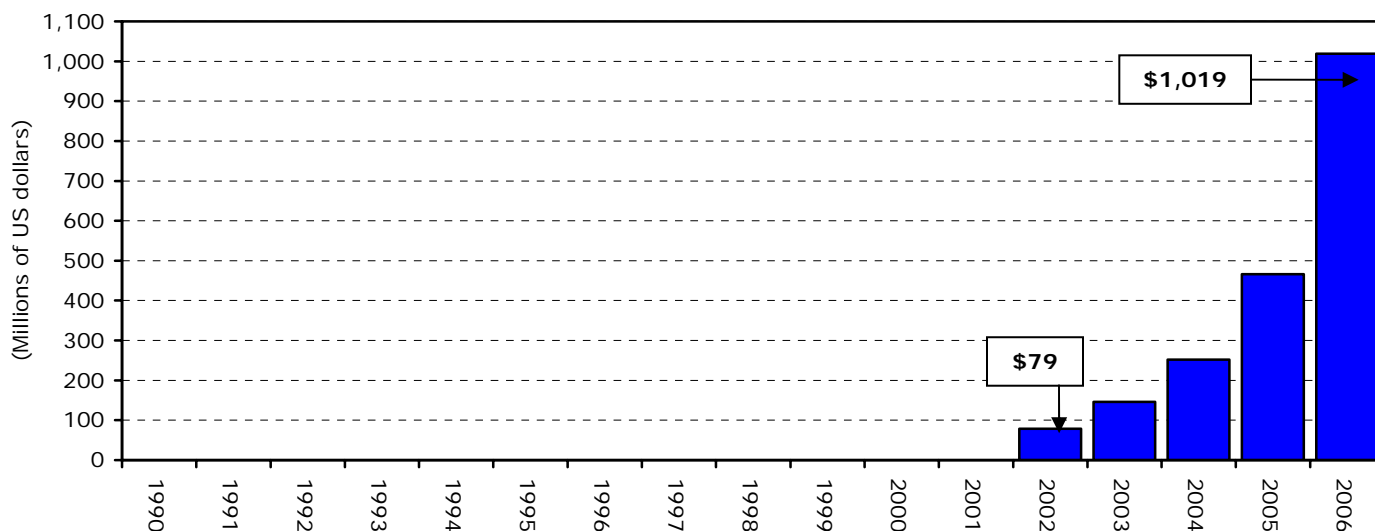
Further Resources

- Asian Development Bank. [Enhancing the Efficiency of Overseas Workers Remittances: Technical Assistance Report](#). Manila, 2004.
- Burgess, Robert and Vikram Haksar. "[Migration and Foreign Remittances in the Philippines](#)." International Monetary Fund Working Paper No. 05/11, June 2005.
- Mellyn, Kevin. "[Worker Remittances as a Development Tool: Opportunity for the Philippines](#)." Asian Development Bank working paper, 2003.
- Yang, Dean. "[International Migration, Human Capital, and Entrepreneurship: Evidence from Philippine Migrants' Exchange Rate Shocks](#)." Gerald R. Ford School of Public Policy, University of Michigan, February 2005.

Remittances Profile: Tajikistan



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

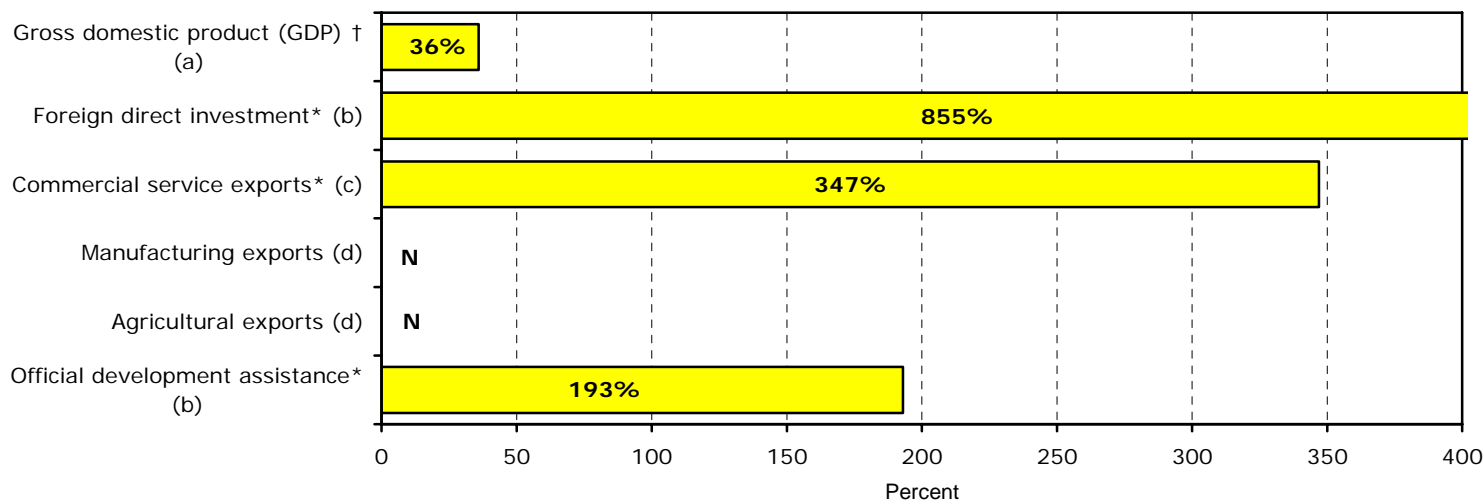


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 2002. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. N = unavailable. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	306,433
Total emigrants ^b	796,593
Total refugees (2006) ^c	929
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated, 2000 ^d	0.7%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	No intervention
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

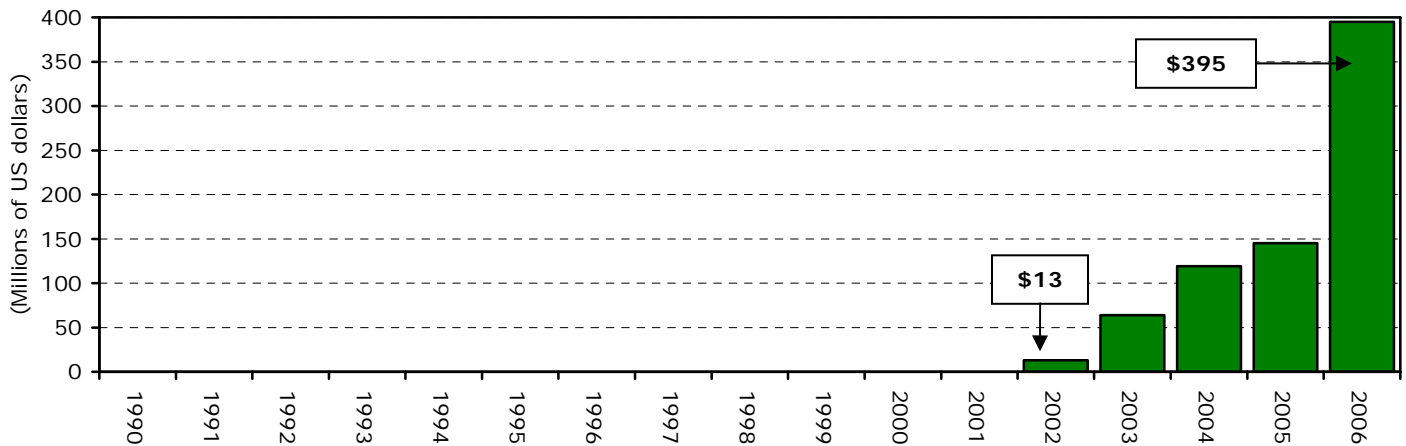
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	7,076,598
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.9%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	64.6 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	43.6
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$1,300
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	7.0%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	101.2
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	17.3

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

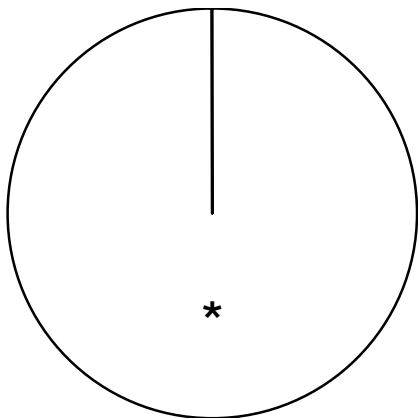
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Note: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 2002. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



* No estimation found.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- [Tajikistan Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.

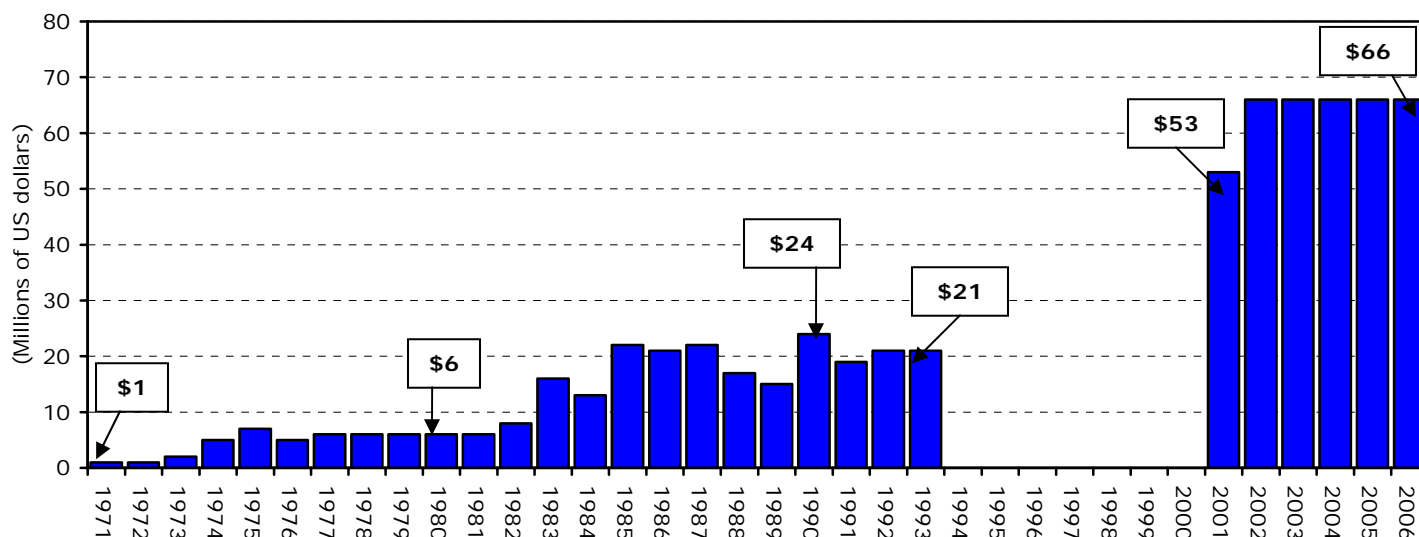
Additional Resources

- Asian Development Bank. [Asian Development Prospects, 2006](#). Manila, 2006.
- Kireyev, Alexei. "The Macroeconomics of Remittances: The Case of Tajikistan." International Monetary Fund Working Paper No. 06/2, January 2006.
- Mansour, Ali and Bryce Quillin (eds). [Migration and Remittances in Eastern Europe and the Former Soviet Union](#). Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006.
- [National Bank of Tajikistan](#) (Central Bank of Tajikistan).
- Schrooten, Mechthild. "Bringing Home the Money: What Determines Worker's Remittances to Transition Countries." Institute of Economic Research, Hitotsubashi University and the German Institute for Economic Research, Discussion Paper Series A, No. 466, September 2005.

Remittances Profile: **Tonga**



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

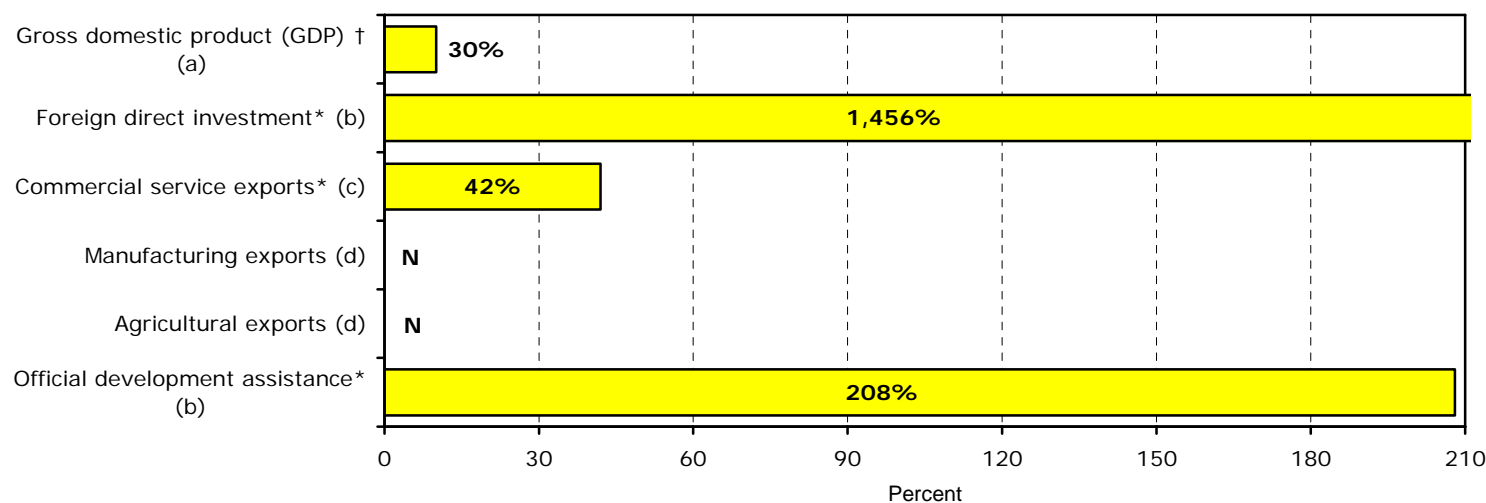


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1971 and from 1994 to 2000. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



*Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. N = unavailable. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#), ^c[Trade Profiles, World Trade Organization, 2006](#). ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	1,163
Total emigrants ^b	51,570
Total refugees (2006) ^c	Unavailable
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated, 2000 ^d	74.2%
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

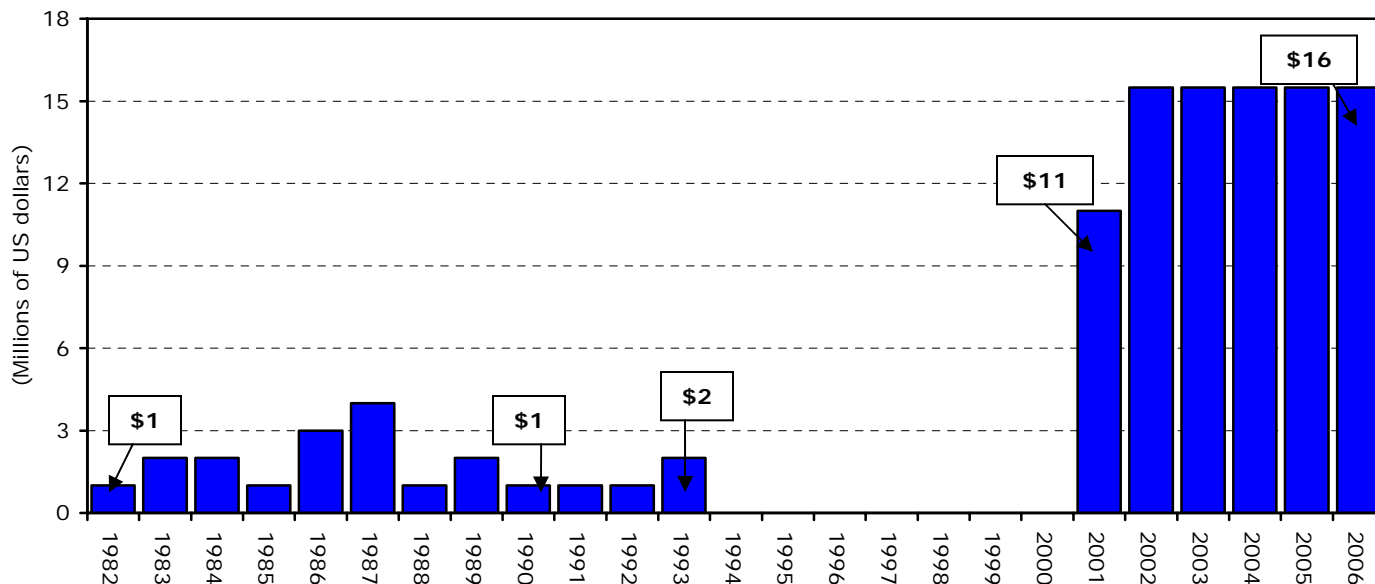
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#), ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	116,921
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.8%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	70.1 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	12.0
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2005 est.)	\$2,200
GDP real growth rate (2005 est.)	2.4%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	114.7
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2000) ^a	4.7

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

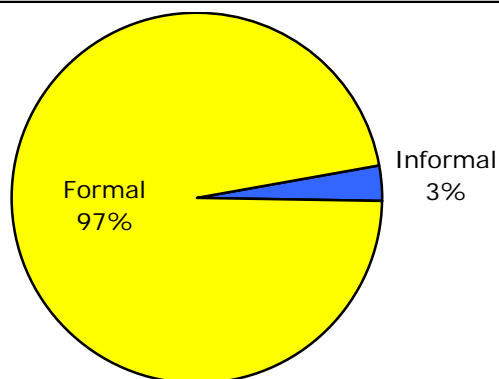
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 1982 and from 1994 to 2000. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances*



* Percentage of households that use informal remittance channels "most frequently."

Source: World Bank, [At Home and Away: Expanding Job Opportunities for Pacific Islanders through Labour Mobility](#) (Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006), 62-63.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- [Tonga Country Page](#) on the *Migration Information Source*.
- Tonga in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

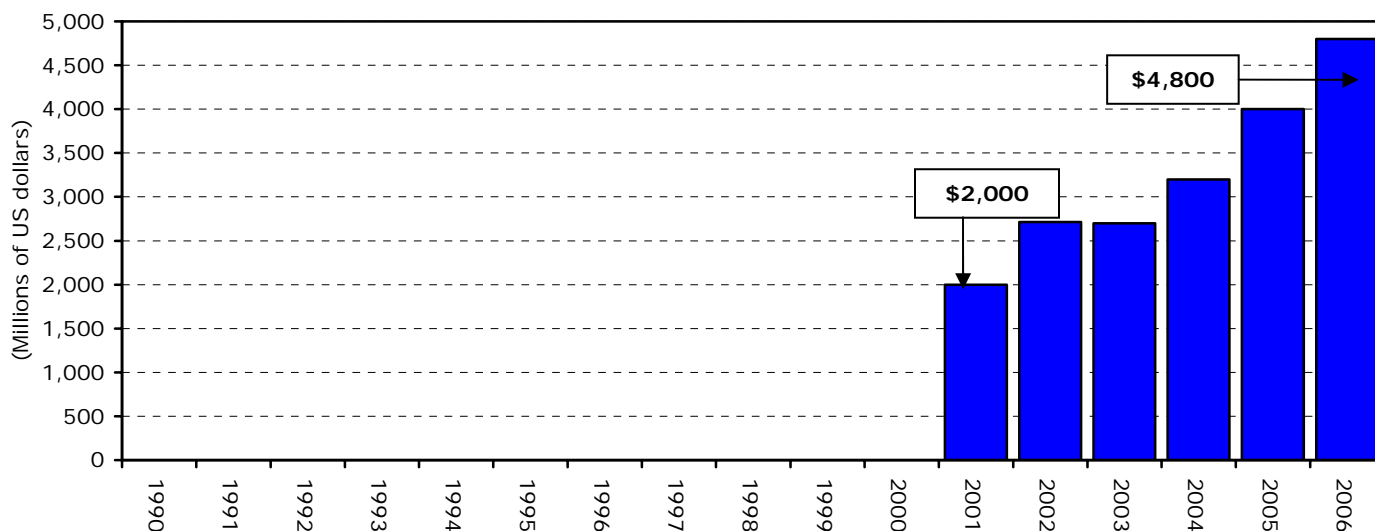
Additional Resources

- Connell, John and Richard P.C. Brown. "[The remittances of migrant Tongan and Samoan nurses from Australia](#)." *Human Resources for Health* 2, no. 2 (2004).
- ———. [Remittances in the Pacific: An Overview](#). Manila: Asian Development Bank, 2005.
- Gibson, John, David J. McKenzie and Halahingano Rohorua. "[How Cost-elastic are Remittances? Estimates from Tongan Migrants in New Zealand](#)," World Bank working paper, 2005.
- World Bank. [At Home and Away: Expanding Job Opportunities for Pacific Islanders through Labour Mobility](#). Washington, DC: World Bank, 2006.

Remittances Profile: Vietnam



Formal Inward Remittance Flows

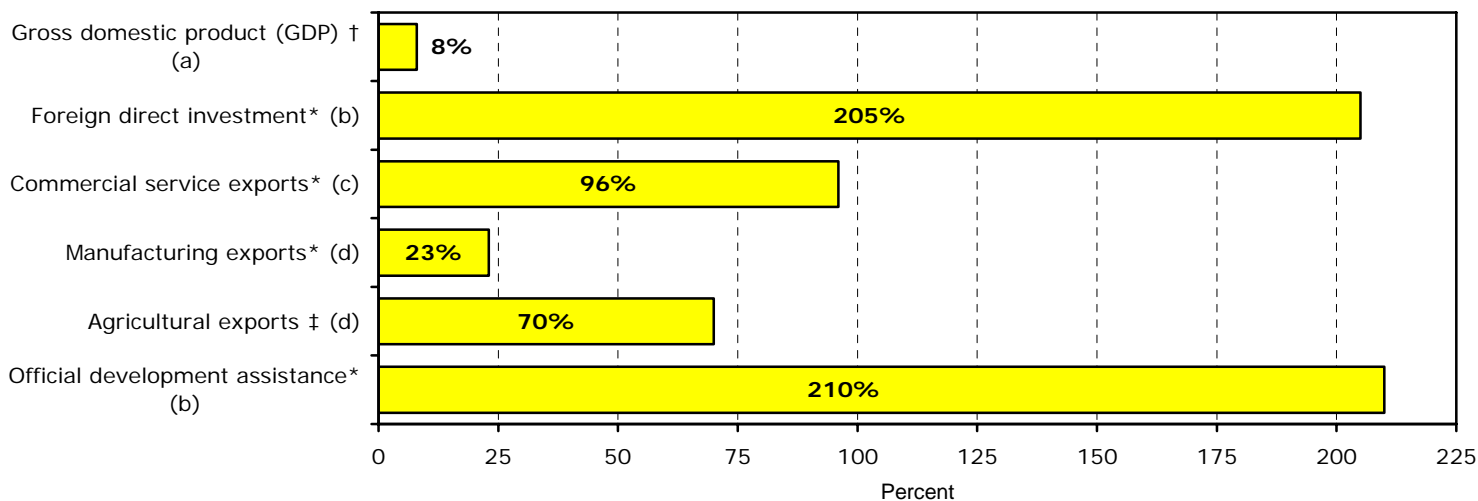


Notes: All available historical data is included above. No data is available for years prior to 2001. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Remittance Inflows as a Share of Selected Financial Flows and GDP (Percent)

Remittance flows constitute an important source of foreign exchange for developing economies. Comparing remittances to other financial inflows displays the extent to which remittances contribute to a country's inflow of foreign exchange.



‡ Data for 2004. *Data for 2005. † Data for 2006. For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Sources: ^a[Migration and Remittances Factbook, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#); ^b[Global Development Finance, World Bank, 2007](#); ^cInternational Monetary Fund, Balance of Payments Statistics, 2007; ^d[International Trade Statistics, World Trade Organization, 2006](#).

International Migration, 2005

Total immigrants ^a	21,105
Total emigrants ^b	2,225,413
Total refugees (2006) ^c	2,357
Skilled emigration rate, tertiary educated (2000) ^d	39%
Emigration policy (overall level) ^e	Raise
Immigration policy (overall level) ^e	Maintain

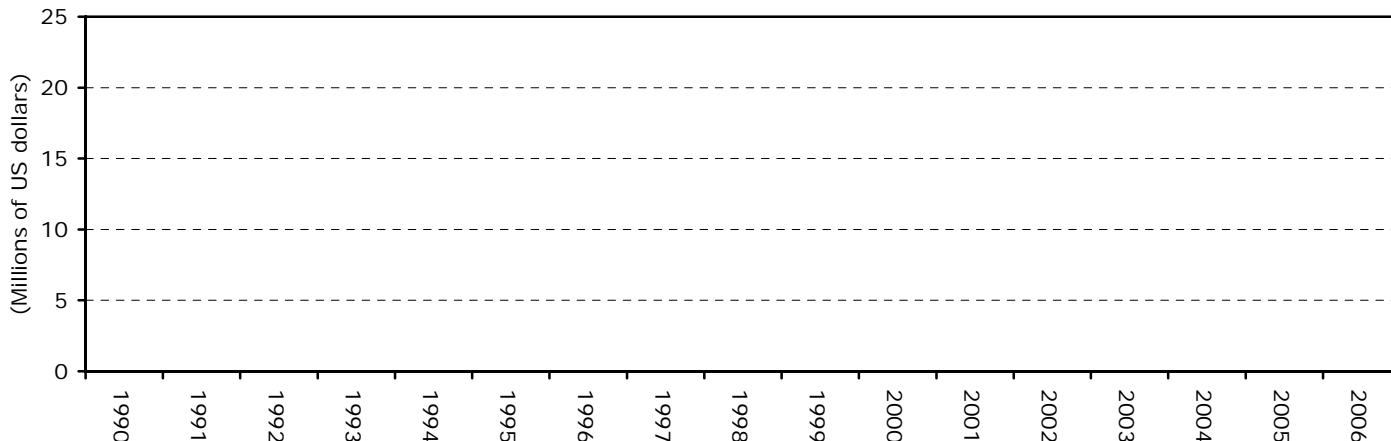
Sources: ^a [UN Population Division](#), ^b [Development Prospects Group](#), ^c [UN High Commissioner for Refugees 2006](#) ^d [Docquier and Marfouk 2004](#), ^e [United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs](#).

Select Socioeconomic Indicators

Total population (2007 est.)	85,262,356
Annual population growth (2007 est.)	1.0%
Life expectancy at birth (2007 est.)	71.1 yrs.
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) (2007)	24.4
GDP per capita (purchasing power parity) (2006 est.)	\$3,100
GDP real growth rate (2006 est.)	8.2%
Primary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	94.5
Tertiary school enrollment (percent of gross) (2005) ^a	16

Sources: [CIA World Factbook 2007](#); ^a [World Development Indicators 2007](#).

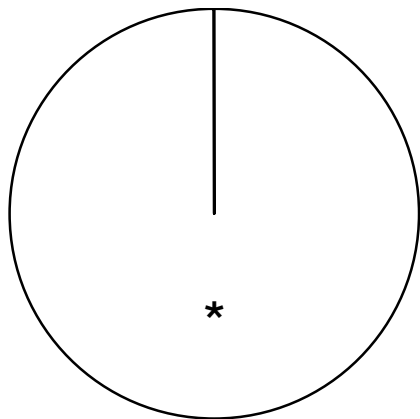
Formal Outward Remittance Flows



Notes: No data is available for outward remittance flows from Vietnam. For data on other countries, see the [World Bank Development Prospects Group](#). For definitions, see [Glossary](#).

Source: [Remittances data, Development Prospects Group, World Bank, 2007](#).

Estimated Share of Informal Remittances



*No estimation found.

Further Resources

Migration Policy Institute Resources

- Vietnam in the MPI Data Hub [World Migration Map](#).

Additional Resources

- Anh, Dang Nguyen. "[Enhancing the Development Impact of Migrant Remittances and Diaspora: The Case of Viet Nam](#)." Regional Seminar on the Social Implications of International Migration, Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, Bangkok, 24-25 August 2005.
- Hernandez-Coss, Raul. *The Canada-Vietnam Remittance Corridor: Lessons on Shifting from Informal to Formal Transfer Systems*. Washington, DC: World Bank, 2005.
- Shinichi, Watanabe. *Dollarization, Remittances and Monetary Policies in Cambodia, Lao PDR and Viet Nam*. Manila: Asian Development Bank Institute, 2006.